



ENGINEERING REPORT

QUEENSLAND RESOURCES COMMON USER FACILITY (QRCUF) AT 109 PENELOPE ROAD, STUART

FOR RPS AAP Consulting Pty Ltd

JOB No: DOC REF:	MJ2506-A MJ2506-A-ENG		

Phone: 07 4725 5550 Fax: 07 4725 5850 Email: mail@nceng.com.au 50 Punari Street Currajong Qld 4812 Milton Messer & Associates Pty Ltd ACN 100 817 356 ABN 34 100 817 356



DOCUMENT CONTROL

Rev	Author	Reviewed	Appr	oved	Date	Issued To:	Purpose
A	Irem Guney	John Single	John Single (RPEQ 24378)		01/02/2024	RPS AAP Consulting Pty Ltd	Draft for review & comment
В	Irem Guney	John Single	John Single (RPEQ 24378)		15/05/2024	RPS AAP Consulting Pty Ltd	Development Application (DA)
С	Irem Guney	John Single	John Single (RPEQ 24378)		28/08/2024	RPS AAP Consulting Pty Ltd	Final – Changes associated with layout amendments
D	Irem Guney	John Single	John Single (RPEQ 24378)	Hingle	18/12/2024	RPS AAP Consulting Pty Ltd	Quality Options and Parking Rates Update



TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION1
1.1	Background1
1.2	Existing Development1
1.3	Proposed Development2
2.0	STORMWATER MANAGEMENT
2.1	Quantity4
2.2	Quality4
2	.2.1 Stormwater Quality Objectives
2	.2.2 MUSIC Modelling
	2.2.2.1 Results
3.0	WATER AND SEWER SERVICES8
3.1	Water Network
3.2	Sewer Network
4.0	TRAFFIC ASSESSMENT9
4.1	Development Parking Facilities9
4.2	Traffic Management10
5.0	FLOODING11
5.1	Finished Floor Levels11
6.0	CONCLUSION12



LIST OF FIGURES

Figure 1-1 Location of the development in context to the surrounding properties	2
Figure 1-2 Proposed Development	3
Figure 2-1 Stormwater management concept – cartridge system (refer Appendix C for original)	4
Figure 2-2 MUSIC "split" pollutant export parameters extracted from MUSIC Modelling Guidelines	
November 2018	6
Figure 2-3 MUSIC recommended rainfall run-off parameters for SEQ	7
Figure 2-4 MUSIC treatment train layout	7
Figure 3-1 Cleveland Bay Industrial Estate Stage 5 - Water Reticulation Plans by Langtree Consulting	
(Extract)	8
Figure 3-2 Cleveland Bay Industrial Estate Stage 4 - Sewer Reticulation Plans by Langtree Consulting	
(Extract)	9
Figure 4-1 Site Traffic Movements	.11

LIST OF TABLES

Table 2-1 MUSIC Source Nodes	5
Table 2-2 MUSIC treatment input parameters	7
Table 2-3 MUSIC treatment train effectiveness	8

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A

B071-D1-01-0001_01 Rev J, prepared by SEDGMAN

APPENDIX B

Turning Path Assessment prepared by NCE

APPENDIX C

Stormwater Management Conceptual Sketch (Prelim Design) by NCE

APPENDIX D

ATLAN Vault, Filter and Spillceptor Technical Data



1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

Northern Consulting Engineers (NCE), have been commissioned by RPS AAP Consulting Pty Ltd to prepare an engineering report for a Queensland Resources Common User Facility (QRCUF) at Cleveland Bay Industrial Estate at 109 Penelope Road, Stuart. The proposed works are on land described as Lot 14 on SP338024.

The following report has been produced to support a development application for Material Change of Use (MCU). The purpose of this report is to demonstrate how the proposed development can be achieved by addressing:

- Stormwater management, both quantity and quality;
- Water and Sewer services planning assessment;
- Low Impact Traffic Impact Assessment;
- Flooding.

The information provided in this report is based on the following layout plan and documents which are provided as appendices to this report;

- Proposed Site Layout Plans, reference B071-D1-01-0001_01 Rev J, prepared by SEDGMAN (Appendix A).
- Turning Path Assessment prepared by NCE (Appendix B).
- Stormwater Management Conceptual Sketch (Prelim Design) by NCE (**Appendix C**)
- ATLAN Vault, Filter and Spillceptor Technical Data (**Appendix D**)

1.2 Existing Development

The site is located at Cleveland Bay Industrial Estate between Bruce Highway and Ron Mclean Drive. Cleveland Bay Industrial Estate is a newly developed industrial subdivision and therefore the site is an unvegetated vacant block. **Figure 1-1** shows the location of the site in context to the surrounding properties, water courses, road reserves and easements, courtesy of Queensland Globe's online mapping tool.







1.3 Proposed Development

The proposed development is a research and technology industry for QRCUF which involves the following;

- Operations Office/Process Buildings
- Reagent Storage Shed
- Fuel areas (bunded)
- Hardstand area
- Internal roads/car park
- Landscaping

The proposed development is illustrated in Figure 1-2 with the original drawing provided in Appendix A.





Figure 1-2 Proposed Development

2.0 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

In accordance with the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM) test in determining the lawful point of discharge (LPOD), the LPOD for the development has been defined as:

- The open drain at the rear (western) of site (Easement P in Lot 26 on SP338024)
- The open drain along the northern boundary (Easement R in Lot 26 on SP338024)

Currently, the site is free draining in a western direction towards the easement along the western boundary and discharging into the existing basin at the rear property (west). There is a 600mm dia (600Ø) reinforced concrete pipe (RCP) located on the western boundary to facilitate discharge to the easement for any future underground network.

The proposed development is expected to maintain the existing stormwater management strategy by draining towards the rear drainage easement being the existing basin. Run-off from the pavement areas will overland sheet flow and be captured via a pit and pipe system in which the first flush volume will be treated at an end of line device prior to discharging via the drainage easement. Roof water will be piped underground directly to the treatment system. Flows greater than the first flush volume within the underground system will by-pass the treatment system whilst the first flush flows will be treated via underground stormwater cartridge filter system that will adequately treat run-off prior to water reaching to LPOD's. Further details on water quality treatment are discussed in **Section 2.2**, while **Figure 2-1** illustrate the conceptual stormwater management describe above.





Figure 2-1 Stormwater management concept – cartridge system (refer Appendix C for original)

2.1 Quantity

The fraction impervious modelling for the site as part of the Cleveland Bay Industrial Precinct subdivision flood modelling was 90%. The increase in peak runoff due to the increased impervious area was addressed in the XP-RAFTS model developed by Venant Solutions during the subdivision design and thus any stormwater quantity issues have already been addressed as the development site will not exceed the 90% fraction impervious. Therefore, no additional quantity mitigation assessment has been completed as part of this report.

2.2 Quality

All stormwater treatment trains have been modelled with the aid of MUSIC 6.4.0. The catchments have been modelled in accordance with the following:

- "MUSIC Modelling Guidelines November 2018 Consultation Draft", Water by Design (2018);
- Townsville Aero, 6 Minute Time Step From 3/03/1953 To 31/03/2010;
- Water by Design MUSIC Modelling Guidelines Source Nodes (Split) utilising modified percent impervious area & pollutant concentration;
- No drainage routing between nodes;
- Water by Design MUSIC Modelling Guidelines Recommended MUSIC Rainfall-Run-off Parameters SEQ for industrial land use.



2.2.1 <u>Stormwater Quality Objectives</u>

The design intent for the system is to meet the current TCC Planning Scheme water quality targets, namely:

- 80% Total Suspended Solids (TSS) Reduction
- 65% Total Phosphorus (TP) Reduction
- 40% Total Nitrogen (TN) Reduction
- 90% Gross Pollutants (GP) Reduction

In the event that the above targets are not achievable, the design intent is to ensure that the post development water quality discharging the site is equal to or better than the pre-development quality. Treatment targets shall be reached before water leaves the lot.

2.2.2 MUSIC Modelling

Pollutant loads for the development have been modelled primarily using "split" land use and references the MUSIC Modelling Guidelines November 2018 for the pollutant parameters for industrial surface types. The pollutant generation parameters adopted are shown in **Figure 2-2** with **Figure 2-3** depicting the rainfall-run-off parameters.

Below is the modelling concept adopted:

- The modelling has been assessed for post development.
- The developed assessment has been considered as only one (1) catchment area. The zone has been assessed as Industrial and based only on the area that shall be developed using a "split" catchment method.
- The MUSIC nodes include runoff from roof area, road/carparking area, ground area, hardstands, and the landscaping. **Table 2-1** depicts the source nodes and their imperviousness adopted in the assessment.

Node Name	Zoning/Surface Type	Surface Area (ha)	Impervious (%)
Sheds/Office/Storage (roof)	Industrial	0.490	100
Roads (breakdown below)	Industrial	2.001	58
Landscaping	Industrial	1.057	0

Table 2-1 MUSIC Source Nodes

- Generally, water will be treated via the combination of proprietary products, i.e., Atlan Stormsacks, Vault and Filter treatment train before leaving the lot and prior to entering the open drain to the west. The proposed cartridge filters can be fitted into a single module vault as shown on drawings provided in Appendix D. Proposed underground cartridge filter system parameters as input into MUSIC are given in Table 2-2. The modelling was carried out by Atlan which were based on:
 - Roof area = 4,895m²
 - \circ Road Area = 20,015m² at 58% impervious as follows:
 - 60% impervious road (stab-gravel) area = 7,515m²
 - 100% impervious driveway/carparks area = 1,700m²
 - 50% impervious gravel hardstand = 10,800m²
 - 100% perv ground area = 10,570m²



- The fuel areas are to be bunded and treated separately via an oil separating system i.e., Atlan Spillceptor or similar, such that run-off (run-off with hydrocarbons) can be captured treated separately prior to discharging clean run-off into the stormwater network and trade waste.
- The MUSIC model setups described above and the proposed indicative treatment train layout is depicted in **Figure 2-4**.

TABLE 3.9 POLLUTANT EXPORT PARAMETERS FOR SPLIT CATCHMENT LAND USE (LOG ¹⁰ VALUES)								
		TSS LOG ¹⁰ V	TSS LOG ¹⁰ VALUES		TP LOG ¹⁰ VALUES		TN LOG ¹⁰ VALUES	
FLOW ITTE	SURFACE ITFE	MEAN	ST. DEV	MEAN	ST. DEV	MEAN	ST. DEV	
		URB	AN RESIDENT	AL				
	Roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Baseflow parameters	Roads	1.00	0.34	-0.97	0.31	0.20	0.20	
	Ground level	1.00	0.34	-0.97	0.31	0.20	0.20	
	Roof	1.30	0.39	-0.89	0.31	0.26	0.23	
Stormflow parameters	Roads	2.43	0.39	-0.30	0.31	0.26	0.23	
-	Ground level	2.18	0.39	-0.47	0.31	0.26	0.23	
			INDUSTRIAL					
	Roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Baseflow parameters	Roads	0.78	0.45	-1.11	0.48	0.14	0.20	
	Ground level	0.78	0.45	-1.11	0.48	0.14	0.20	
	Roof	1.30	0.44	-0.89	0.36	0.25	0.32	
Stormflow parameters	Roads	2.43	0.44	-0.30	0.36	0.25	0.32	
-	Ground level	1.92	0.44	-0.59	0.36	0.25	0.32	
		с	OMMERCIAL					
	Roof	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Baseflow parameters	Roads	0.78	0.39	-0.60	0.50	0.32	0.30	
	Ground level	0.78	0.39	-0.60	0.50	0.32	0.30	
	Roof	1.30	0.38	-0.89	0.34	0.37	0.34	
Stormflow parameters	Roads	2.43	0.38	-0.30	0.34	0.37	0.34	
F	Ground level	2.16	0.38	-0.39	0.34	0.37	0.34	

Figure 2-2 MUSIC "split" pollutant export parameters extracted from MUSIC Modelling Guidelines November 2018



TABLE A1.2 RECOMMENDED MUSIC RAINFALL-RUNOFF PARAMETERS SEQ							
	LAND USE						
PARAMETER	URBAN RESIDENTIAL COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL		RURAL RESIDENTIAL	FORESTED			
RAINFALL THRESHOLD (MM)	1	1	1	1			
SOIL STORAGE CAPACITY (MM)	500*	18	98	120			
INITIAL STORAGE (% CAPACITY)	10	10	10	10			
FIELD CAPACITY (MM)	200	80	80	80			
INFILTRATION CAPACITY COEFFICIENT A	211	243	84	200			
INFILTRATION CAPACITY COEFFICIENT B	5.0	0.6	3.3	1.0			
INITIAL DEPTH (MM)	50	50	50	50			
DAILY RECHARGE RATE (%)	28	0	100	25			
DAILY BASEFLOW RATE (%)	27	31	22	3			
DAILY DEEP SEEPAGE RATE (%)	0	0	0	0			

Figure 2-3 MUSIC recommended rainfall run-off parameters for SEQ







Table 2-2 MUSIC treatment in	nput	parameters
------------------------------	------	------------

Treatment Item	Properties
Atlan Design Proposal	 23x Atlan Stormsacks 32x Atlan Filters housed within 3x Atlan Vaults (Single module vault drawing attached) 1x Atlan Spillceptor P.040.C1.2C (drawing attached)

Refer to Appendix D for Atlan filter, vault and spillceptor drawings.

Table 2-3 summarises the results of the assessment. The data clearly indicate that the water quality leaving the site post-development generally complies with the quality objectives set by TCC, other than being 2.7%



shy of the TSS target. That said, this is a minor reduction to the overall target with the intent of water quality being achieved as each other parameter exceed the reduction targets. Overall, the proposed development can comply with TCC's healthy water policy, ensuring that water quality remains within acceptable limits across all evaluated scenarios.

Table 2-3 MUSIC treatment train effecti	veness
---	--------

		Residual	%	TCC Treatment
Description	Sources	Load	Reduction	%
Flow (ML/yr)	31.2	31.2	0	
Total Suspended Solids (kg/yr)	9190	1840	77.3	80
Total Phosphorus (kg/yr)	16.9	4.21	73	65
Total Nitrogen (kg/yr)	72.4	31.9	54	40
Gross Pollutants (kg/yr)	436	0	100	90

3.0 WATER AND SEWER SERVICES

3.1 Water Network

Considering the location of this development parcel within a newly established industrial zone, it is expected that a comprehensive evaluation of the water network capacity has been conducted to ascertain its sufficiency for accommodating the envisioned development.

In accordance with the Cleveland Bay Industrial Estate Subdivision plans for Lot 14, shown in below **Figure 3-1**, the site is currently serviced via Ø200 UPVC Class 16 water main along the frontage, Penelope Road. It is proposed that connection to Council's system will be via a new water meter tapping into the Ø200 main located at the front of site.



Figure 3-1 Cleveland Bay Industrial Estate Stage 5 - Water Reticulation Plans by Langtree Consulting (Extract)



3.2 Sewer Network

Similar to the adequate capacity of the water network servicing the proposed development lot, it is anticipated that a comprehensive evaluation of the sewer network capacity has been undertaken to ensure its adequacy for accommodating the proposed development.

It is understood that the sewer strategy for the estate is each lot will be serviced by its own private pump station that will discharge to a connection point and sewer pressure main located in the road reserve which will convey waste water to a Council owned centralised pump station. In accordance with the Cleveland Bay Industrial Estate Subdivision plans for Stage 4, there is OD63 PE100 P16 SDR11 pressure main along the frontage of adjacent Lot 15 on SP338023 which terminates 1.5m north of the Lot 14/15 common boundary as shown in below **Figure 3-2**. This will be the connection/discharge point for the developments private pump station.



Figure 3-2 Cleveland Bay Industrial Estate Stage 4 - Sewer Reticulation Plans by Langtree Consulting (Extract)

4.0 TRAFFIC ASSESSMENT

4.1 Development Parking Facilities

The parking arrangement delineated in **Appendix A** by Sedgman was evaluated for adherence to both AS2890.1 and the TCC Planning Scheme.

TCC planning scheme, Schedule 6.10 prescribes a parking rate of one (1) space per 80m² GFA (gross floor area). As the proposed use involves a total GFA of 4,895m², this would prescribe 62 car parking spaces. The proposal provides 24 car parking spaces plus 1 PWD space; accessed directly from Penelope Road; while a further two (2) spaces provided within the processing building compound; giving a total of 26 spaces plus 1



PWD space. While this is less than prescribed within Schedule 6.10; as a specialist facility, those travelling to the QRCUF will either be staff or others having a specific reason to be there, for example, representatives of the proponents for campaigns. Access by members of the general public will not occur, meaning that vehicle demand for parking will be known and can be regulated during site operation.

The GFA of the QRCUF reflects the dimensions of the main processing building which is designed to house large and highly specialised equipment, machinery and associated controls. Operation of this machinery is largely automated, with staff being on site to monitor the equipment and assist in moving material in and out of the facility through the various stages of processing. In practical application, operation assumes an average of 25 persons will be on the site during testing campaigns, allowing for overlapping shifts. As such, the 26 car parking spaces (plus 1 PWD space) proposed are sufficient for the operations of the site and supporting administrative activities, including provision for visitor parking. Notwithstanding this, the site provides sufficient area for overflow parking adjacent to the car parking area and south of the processing building should greater car parking be required for a particular proponent. The proposed car parking rate will thus be sufficient to cater to the demand generated by the development and avoid overflow of car parking on Penelope Road.

In general, the proposed parking bay arrangement ensures adequate width (2.6m) and length (6.0m) in compliance with AS2890.1 Clause 2.4.1 (b) (ii).

4.2 Traffic Management

Figure 4-1 indicates anticipated traffic movement over the site. NCE have conducted a swept path analysis for the internal roads and access to the site utilising a 25.0m B-double. Furthermore, car park vehicle movements have been assessed to demonstrate vehicles can enter and exit the car parks safely. This analysis shows that the access and internal roads can cater for the largest design vehicle. Refer to the **Appendix B** which shows the vehicle swept paths completed by NCE.

An assessment of the current development footprint was completed against the Department of Transport and Main Roads Guideline "Treatment options to improve safety of pedestrians, bicycle riders and other path users at driveways February 2021".

The "Access Sight Line Layout" provided in **Appendix B** evidences sufficient sight distance is provided to pedestrian/bicycle users of a typical pathway constructed in accordance with TCC Standard drawings. A control gate is proposed to be installed at the exit location of the internal road that will limit vehicle speeds prior to entering the verge/road corridor, therefore; speed humps are not required at this location. No control gate is currently proposed for the car park entry/exit, however as there is no pedestrian facilities proposed or currently in place; the site being located within a cul-de-sac and the provision for on-site parking; the likelihood of pedestrian and cyclist traffic within the verge/road corridor is very low. Subsequently, no speed controls are proposed for the car park entry exit location.



Figure 4-1 Site Traffic Movements

5.0 FLOODING

Flooding has been addressed by the flood report completed by Venant Solutions (Ref. MJ: L.M00260.02.07.docx) which addresses the flood impacts for the Cleveland Bay Industrial Precinct development stages. In accordance with this assessment the 1% AEP (defined flood event) for the site varies along the western boundary from 5.36m AHD at the common boundary of Lot14/15 to 5.30m AHD at the north-western corner. Based on the above, the site is predominately immune from the 1% AEP flood event.

5.1 Finished Floor Levels

There is some uncertainty on the triggers that constitute a structure being used for the manufacture or storage of hazardous materials and as such it's unclear as to whether the proposed warehouse needs to be designed to prevent the intrusion of flood waters up to at least 0.2% AEP flood event, refer Council's flood hazard overlay code, PO9. To gain an appreciation of the potential impact that the difference in design flood events has on the finished floor level (FFL) of the structures, advice relating to the 0.2% AEP and probable maximum flood (PMF) level were sought from Council. Based on the advice received, the following is noted:

- The increase in PMF level from the 1% AEP flood ranges from 0.19m to 0.28m, therefore is recommended to adopt 0.3m for design purposes (note this increase is based on baseline, i.e. no estate development).
- The increase from the 1% AEP flood level to the 0.2% AEP flood level is ~0.15m (note this increase is based on baseline, i.e. no estate development).



From the above, it is recommended to adopt a minimum FFL for buildings of 5.76m AHD, which will provide ~100mm freeboard to the expected PMF level, however subject to the end users desires, this FFL could be reduced to 5.50m AHD which is estimated to equal the 0.2% AEP event. The natural surface levels (NSL) over the warehouse footprint range from 6.0m to 5.60m, therefore the adoption of 5.76m is anticipated to achieve a suitable balance between compliance with flood criteria and NSL's.

6.0 CONCLUSION

NCE have undertaken an engineering investigation associated with the Queensland Resources Common User Facility (QRCUF) development at 109 Penelope Road, Stuart (Lot 14 on SP338024). The findings of this assessment are summarised below:

- The development site does not exceed the fraction impervious previously addressed as part of the Cleveland Bay Industrial Precinct subdivision design and thus no additional mitigation is required for the stormwater quantity.
- The stormwater quality assessment was undertaken via MUSIC and shows that the quality objectives have been met via a treatment train of cartridge system and oil separator.
- The existing water and sewer infrastructure is anticipated to have sufficient capacity to service the proposed development and is located appropriately to service the proposed lots from the frontage.
- The development proposes to provide 27 parking spaces, less that the provision 62 spaces in accordance with Council planning scheme parking rate, however due to the assumption that the facility will have an average of 25 staff (allowing for overlapping shifts); strict compliance with the planning scheme parking rates would significantly exceed the parking demand generated by proposed staffing and is considered excessive and unnecessary. Therefore, the current proposal of 27 spaces is considered to adequate service the development.
- In general, the proposed parking bay arrangement ensures adequate width and length in compliance with AS2890.1 Clause 2.4.1 (b) (ii).
- NCE have completed swept path modelling of a 25.0m B-double indicates the access and internal roads adequately cater for the largest design vehicle.
- The site is predominately immune from the 1% AEP flood event, however there is some uncertainty surrounding the minimum finished floor level (FFL) of structures. Subsequently a recommendation of a minimum FFL of 5.76m AHD has been provided in order to provide immunity to the probable maximum flood (PMF).



APPENDIX A

B071-D1-01-0001_01 Rev J, prepared by SEDGMAN



(C) THIS DRAWING IS COPYRIGHT. NO PART OF THIS DRAWING MAY IN ANY FORM OR BY ANY MEANS BE REPRODUCED, STORED IN A RETRIEVAL SYSTEM OR TRANSMITTED

"UNCONTROLLED DRAWING WHEN PRINTED"

	TKE RWE RWE TKE	TKE RWE RWE TKE	Р J0 Р J0 ТКЕ	02.08.24 03.07.24 07.06.24 15.03.24		CLIENT	QUEENSLAND TREASUR	Y	DRAWN CHECKED DESIGNED LEAD ENG	TKE TKE TKE TKF	05.09.24 05.09.24 02.09.24 02.09.24	SEI	DGMAN	PROJE TITLE MIN
	TKE TKE	TKE TKE	 TKE	07.02.24					APPROVED					
SIONS	BY	DRG CHK	ENG CHK	DATE	APPROVED	CLIENT DR	RAWING NO		SCALE	1:500 DO NOT	OR AS SHOWN SCALE A1	PRI	ELIMINARY OT FOR CONSTRUCTION	PROJE B07
			4				5			6				7

	7			8		
						A
					-	
						В
~						
					F	
						C
					F	
		DARY				
		FE BOUN				
		5				D
					-	
						E
		-				
			0 5	15 25r	n –	
			SCALE 1:50) AT ORIGINAL SIZE		
		NOTE: 1. INTERNAL	- BUILDING EQUI		S	
	PROJECT QLD	RESOURCE	S COMMON	USER FACIL	ITY	F
MAN	MINERALS		NG FACILIT	Y		
na w i	AREA 01 - SITE PLAI 	- SITE N				
	PROJECT NO B071-P01	DRAWING NO	71-D1-01-00	01_01	REVISION	
	7	·		8	<u>_</u>	



<u>APPENDIX B</u>

Turning Path Assessment prepared by NCE



LEGEND









	PROJECT QLD	RESOL	JRCES COMMON USER FACILI	ΤΥ						
MAN	MINFRALS	PROC	ESSING FACILITY							
Ciril Structural Forensic Traffic Flood Modeling Network at government of the series and the series Series and and the series series of the series of the series of the series to voorwegeneties	AREA 01 - VEHICLE N LAYOUT F	AREA 01 - SITE VEHICLE MOVEMENT I AYOUT PI AN								
INARY struction	PROJECT NO B071-P01	DRAWING	NO B071-D3-01-1050_01	REVISION						
-	7		8							



APPENDIX C

Stormwater Management Conceptual Sketch (Prelim Design) by NCE



LEGEND	 Overland stormwater system. Roof stormwater system. RP boundary. Existing minor contour. Existing major contour. Design minor contour. Design major contour. Change of grade. Top of batter. 	A
STORMWATE 1. All stormwater dr 2. All pipes to be Bl 3. Laying of pipe to 4. All junction pits a approved alternat 5. All pit lids are to	R NOTES: rainage to be in accordance with AS/NZS 3500.3 U.N.O. ackMAX U.N.O. Approved alternative rubber ring jointed PVC. be in accordance with AS/NZS 3500.3. re to be 900x900 concrete manholes. Proprietary product e subject to compliance with design vehicle loads. be minimum class D.	В
		c
Class 'D' grated- inlet cover. at 150 cts.	900 N12 LL Surface Level 900	D
900x900 CONC	900x900 1200x1200 RETE STORMWATER PIT	E
ONLAIN PROJECT Q. ONLAIN TITLE ONLAIN MINERA Onder Fromer MINERA Onder Fromer STORM Contraction LAYOU NARY B071-P01	D RESOURCES COMMON USER FACILITY LS PROCESSING FACILITY WATER CONCEPT T PLAN OPTION 1 DRAWING NO B071-D3-01-1020 01 F	F



APPENDIX D

ATLAN Vault, Filter and Spillceptor Technical Data



DRAWING INDEX

DRAWING TITLE

COVER SHEET AND DRAWING INDEX

GENERAL NOTES

GENERAL ARRANGEMENT

PERMISSIBLE PENETRATIONS. SHEETS 1,2 & 3

D

C

B

TANK LID PENETRATION OPTIONS

GENERAL LIFTING ARRANGEMENT

							SV.5023-14				
	PROJECT :										
er	TITLE COVER SHEET AND DRAWING INDEX 14.88 KL SPEL PRECAST CONCRETE TANK SV.5023-1464										
	SCALE N.T.S	SIZE A3		SHEET 1		REV 2					
l	CUSTOMER CODI	E: DWG No.	SP	21-CT193	370-C						
				1			_				









CUSTOM TANKS

IMPORTANT NOTE:

THESE PENETRATIONS CANNOT BE PERFORMED TO A STANDARD TANK.

THEY ARE REQUIRED TO BE ARRANGED WITH SPEL, PRIOR TO POURING THE TANK SO ADDITIONAL REINFORCEMENT CAN BE INCLUDED. D

С

 \blacksquare

В

FOR STANDARD PERMISSIBLE PENETRATION REFER DRAWING SP21-CT19400-C SHEET 1 FOR ADDITIONAL PENETRATION COMBINATIONS CONTACT SPEL FOR DESIGN / ENGINEERING ASSISTANCE.

						SV.5023-1			
	PROJECT :								
er	TITLE PERMISSIBLE PENETRATIONS 14.88 KL SPEL PRECAST CONCRETE TANK SV.5023-1464- CUSTOM TANK								
1	SCALE N.T.S	SIZ	^Æ A3	SHEET 3		REV 1			
	CUSTOMER COD	E :	DWG No. S	P21-CT1	19400-C	-			
					1		-		











			1			1		
	REVI	SION HI	STORY					
		DESI	GNER	12/00	ATE		ED BY	
	LEASE	I*I.I*I.		15/09/	2015	J.L.		
								D
								U
À								
1		ノ						
	T							
1					>			
		Th		0				
		///		11 K				
					Ø			С
					T,			
					h			
								+
	_							
	Ī	SOMETI	RIC VIE	W				
			APPI	ROVE	D			
			NAM	F				
				E		•••••		B
			SIGN	ED				D
			DAT		/			
		-	<u> </u>		· · · · ·			
			Site L	evel C	onfirma	tion		
		Fit	Access	Cover	evel (FSL)	KL:	mm	
				COVEL	THERITESS		11111	
		-	Acces	Inlet In	vert Level	RL:		_
			0	Inlet In utlet In	vert Level vert Level	RL: RL:		_
		Compai	O ny:	Inlet In utlet In	vert Level vert Level	RL: RL:		_
		Compai Nan	O ny: ne:	Inlet In utlet In	vert Level vert Level	RL: RL:		_
\mathbb{V}	AL	Compai Nan Da	Ony: ne: te:	Inlet In utlet In	vert Level vert Level	RL: RL:		-
√∕∕		Compai Nan Da	Ony: ne: te:	Inlet In utlet In	vert Level vert Level	RL: RL:		-
)∨/	TITLE	Compai Nan Da	O ny: ne: te:	Inlet In utlet In	vert Level vert Level	RL: RL:		-
	TITLE	Compar Nan Da SPEL P.044	O ny: ne: te: PURACI	EPTOR A.300	vert Level	RL: RL:		
	TITLE	Compai Nan Da SPEL P.040 GEN	Ony: ne: te: PURACI 0.C1.2C. ERAL AF	Inlet In utlet In EPTOR A.300 RRANGE	vert Level vert Level	RL: RL:		A
	TITLE	Compai Nan Da SPEL P.040 GEN	O ny: ne: te: . PURACI 0.C1.2C. ERAL AF	Inlet In utlet In EPTOR A.300 RRANGE	Vert Level Vert Level	RL: RL:	REV	A
	TITLE	Compai Nan Da SPEL P.04(GEN	O ny: ne: te: . PURACI 0.C1.2C. ERAL AF	Inlet In utlet In EPTOR A.300 RRANGE	EMENT SHEET 1	RL: RL:	REV	_ A
V/ NS 28	TITLE CODE 50 SCALE	Compar Nan Da SPEL P.040 GEN	O ny: te: PURACI 0.C1.2C. ERAL AF	EPTOR A.300 RRANGE	MENT	RL: RL:	REV	A
	TITLE	Compai Nan Da SPEL P.044 GEN 00060	O ny: ne: te: DURACI 0.C1.2C. ERAL AF	EPTOR A.300 RRANGE	EMENT SHEET 1 1560-S	RL: RL:	REV	A