

# APPENDIX C.3 LOT 19 COMPOSTING FACILITY



### APPENDIX C.3.1 LOT 19 PLANNING ASSESSMENT





















SCENIC RIM
AGRICULTURAL
INDUSTRIAL
PRECINCT



# **Development Assessment Report – Lot 19**

Material Change of Use for High Impact Industry (SRAIP Composting) and Environmentally Relevant Activity 53b - organic material processing by composting organic material

Scenic Rim Agricultural Industrial Precinct Kalbar, Queensland BA220050.01 4 December 2023





### **DOCUMENT CONTROL**

Revision	Revision date	Revision details	Author	Editorial review	Technical review	Approver
Α	23/10/2023	Draft for Internal Review	A Bird	S Redman	S Redman	
1	30/11/2023	Final for Issue	A Bird	M Elliott	S Redman	S Redman

#### **DISTRIBUTION**

Revision	Revision date	Issued to
A	23/10/2023	Draft for Client Review
0	24/10/2023	Draft issued to Kalfresh and ADGE for review
1	4/12/2023	Final issued to OCG for submission

#### **DOCUMENT INFORMATION**

Printed:	1 December 2023
Last saved: 1 December 2023 01:29 PM	
File name:	Lot 19 Compost Facility - Planning Assessment Report
Author:	Aimee Bird
Project manager:	Samuel Redman
Client:	Kalfresh
Document title:	Development Assessment Report – Lot 19
Project number:	BA220050.01









# **CONTENTS**

1	PRC	POSAL SUMMARY	2
2	SITE	DETAILS	4
3	PRC	PPOSAL DETAILS	7
	3.1	Composting methodology	8
4	PLA	NNING ASSESSMENT	10
	4.1	Planning Context	10
	4.2	SRAIP Development Plan (Variation Approval)	10
5	CON	NCLUSION	12
LIS	ST OF	FIGURES	
FIC	GURE 1	L. PROPOSED COMPOSTING ACTIVITY (LOT 19) AND OVERALL SRAIP CONCEPT PLAN	2
FIC	SURE 2	2. PROPOSED SRAIP LOCATION	4
FIC	GURE 3	3. PROPOSED COMPOSTING ACTIVITY ON LOT 19	5
FIC	GURE 4	I. PROPOSED COMPOSTING FACILITY ON LOT 19	7
FIC	SURE 5	5. FLOW PROCESS – WINDROW COMPOSTING	9
FIC	SURE 6	5. SRAIP PRECINCTS	10
LIS	ST OF	TABLES	
TA	BLE 1.	SITE DETAILS	6
TA	BLE 2.	DEVELOPMENT PARTICULARS	7
TA	BLE 3.	ANTICIPATED COMPOSTING FEEDSTOCK INPUTS	8
TA	BLE 4.	PLANNING CONTEXT	10
TA	BLE 5.	RELEVANT SRAIP PROVISIONS	11
LIS	ST OF	APPENDICES	
ΑP	PEND	IX A SRAIP CODE RESPONSES	13
ΔΡ	PEND	IX B SCENIC RIM PLANNING SCHEME CODE RESPONSES	14



#### 1 PROPOSAL SUMMARY

This development application seeks development approval pursuant to section 51 of the *Planning Act 2016* for the following aspects of the Scenic Rim Agricultural Industrial Precinct (SRAIP):

- Development Permit, MCU for a Material Change of Use for High Impact Industry (SRAIP Composting)
- Development Permit, MCU for ERA 53a Organic material processing (by composting the organic material)

The SRAIP Development Plan varies the effect of the Scenic Rim Planning Scheme 2020, that is in effect at the time a Development Application is made (effective 30 June 2023), to accommodate a range of industrial activities located in a specialised industrial hub with an agricultural connection (agri-focus).

The planned SRAIP incorporates a composting facility with an annual capacity of 50,000 tonnes, aiming to decrease the project's waste output. This initiative seeks to transform organic waste into a high-quality soil conditioner, benefiting crop production for both Kalfresh and local independent producers. The proposed composting facility on Lot 19 is shown in **Figure 1**. The composting facility is situated within the Rural Precinct of the SRAIP Development Plan.

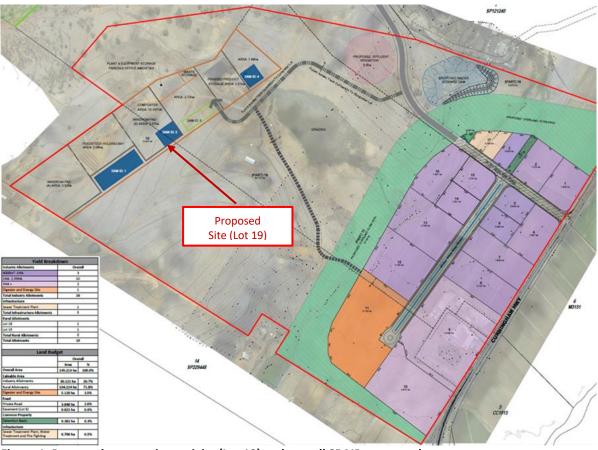


Figure 1. Proposed composting activity (Lot 19) and overall SRAIP concept plan



This assessment is supported by the following documentation:

- Appendix A SRAIP Development Plan Code Responses
- Appendix B Scenic Rim Planning Scheme Code Responses

In considering this application, the assessment manager should have regard to the Revised Draft Impact Assessment Report (RDIAR) for the Scenic Rim Agricultural Industrial Precinct project, dated 27 September 2023. Relevant RDIAR appendices specific to this application (predominantly, consideration of ERA 53a) are contained within:

- C.3.2 Proposal Plan and Lot Layout
- C.3.3 ERA 53(a) Composting Environmental Assessment Report
- C.3.4 Site Based Management Plan Compost
- C.3.5 Odour Potential of Solid Digestate Risk Rating assessment

In deciding this development application, the assessment managers must also consider the findings of any Coordinator-General's Evaluation Report released for the project. Under Part 4 of the State Development and Public Works Organisation Act 1971 (SDPWO Act), the Coordinated Project evaluation process replaces any referral and public notification stages otherwise applicable to development applications under the Planning Act 2016. Additionally, any 'Stated Conditions' contained in the Coordinator-General's evaluation must be incorporated in the assessment managers' decision notice to approve this development application. The Coordinator-General's involvement in this process does not preclude Council requesting further information or advice from the Proponent prior to issuing a decision notice or adding additional conditions that are not inconsistent with the Coordinator-General's stated conditions.



#### 2 SITE DETAILS

The SRAIP is located at 6200-6206 Cunningham Highway, Kalbar QLD 4309, which is the current location and surrounds of Kalfresh's existing operation. Prior to reconfiguration, the site is properly described as Lot 1 on RP216694, Lots 2-4 on SP192221, Lot 2 on RP20974, and Lot 2 on RP44024. The SRAIP subject site is a large and consolidated landholding of approximately 250 hectares (**Figure 2**).

The composting facility is proposed to be constructed within the SRAIP over proposed Lot 19, created as part of the Phase 2 Stage 1 subdivision. It will be accessed via the internal private access roads within the SRAIP community title subdivision. The proposal is situated within the Rural Precinct of the SRAIP Development Plan area as show in **Figure 3.** 



Figure 2. Proposed SRAIP Location



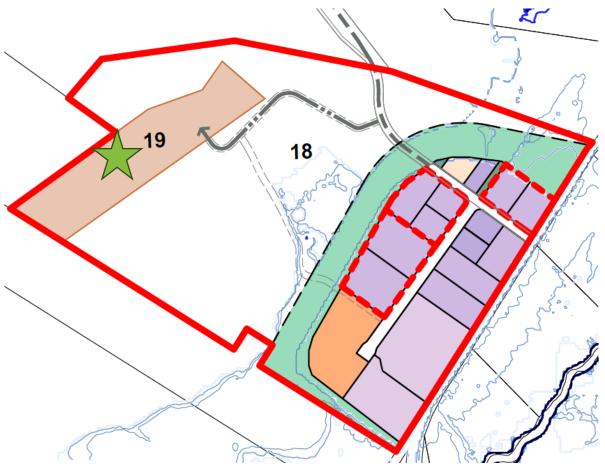


Figure 3. Proposed composting activity on Lot 19



Additional site details and particulars are outlined in **Table 1**.

#### **Table 1. Site Details**

Real Property Description:	Following Phase 2 Stage 1 reconfiguration – Lot 19 as shown in <b>Figure 3.</b>
Total Site Area:	15.337 Ha
Land Owner:	Kallium Pty Ltd (A.C.N. 100 406 157)
Encumbrances / Easements:	None
Existing Use:	The existing use of the land, subject to this application (Lot 19), is used for rural grazing purposes. A portion of Lot 19 is currently used for existing small scale composting activities which service Kalfresh's cropping lands.
Contaminated Land Register:	Lot 19 is not contained on the Contaminated Land / Environmental Management Register.
Topography:	Lot 19 is situated on sloped terrain, approximately 90 AHD in the northeast to 125 AHD to the southwest.
Vegetation:	Refer to Appendix E.1 Ecology Assessment Report in the RDIAR. Historic clearing for rural activities occurred on the land resulting in no trees being located within Lot 19.
Waterways:	Stormwater and leachate is proposed to be collected and managed on site in accordance with the environmental authority provided at Appendix C.3.3 of the RDIAR
Road Frontage:	Not applicable – Access to Lot 19 via private access easements via the SRAIP industry precinct.
Services:	The site will be adequately serviced for the requirements of the facility, albeit offgrid. Power will be provided by way of generators, solar power or the like. Drinking water will be provided by rainwater tanks.  Toilets associated on the premises would be treated via a septic waste management system.  Compost watering will occur by the use liquid digestate produced from the SRAIP Biodigester, also known as the Anaerobic Digestion facility (AD Facility), and/or the reuse of leachate and or stormwater runoff collected from lot 19.



#### 3 PROPOSAL DETAILS

An application seeking a Material Change of Use (MCU) for High Impact Industry (SRAIP composting) and for Environmentally Relevant Activity (ERA) 53a – Organic Material processing (by composting the organic matter) is outlined in this report.

**Table 2** outlines the development particulars for the proposed composting facility.

**Table 2. Development Particulars** 

Development Extent	<ul> <li>Area for windrow pad (A) – 3.92 hectares</li> <li>Area for windrow pad (B) – 2.57 hectares</li> <li>Area for feedstock holding bay – 2.08 hectares</li> <li>Area for plant and equipment storage, parking, office amenities, waste storage and dam – 2.72 hectares</li> <li>Area for finished product storage – 1.5 hectares</li> <li>Area for unspecified activities – 1.66 hectares</li> </ul>
Access	Total development extent = 14.45 hectares  The SRAIP has an internal road network as part of the SRAIP approval. A future 22m-wide access track connection (as shown on the Proposal Plans) will provide safe and efficient truck access to Lot 19.
On-site dam features	A total of four (4) dams are proposed to be located within proposed Lot 19. Three dams are leachate ponds /stormwater collection dams. Details are provided in the ERA53a report provided at Appendix C.3.3 of the RDIAR.

The proposed site plan is presented in Figure 4.

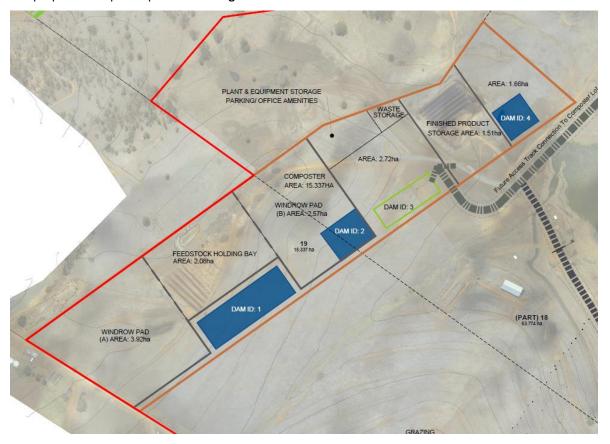


Figure 4. Proposed Composting Facility on Lot 19



High Impact Industry is defined within the SRAIP Development Plan and subject to code assessment within the SRAIP Development plan if involving high impact industry with an agri-focus use or a high impact industry with high impact agriculture industries use.

Under the SRAIP Development Plan, SRAIP Composting means the use of premises for composting and related activities as defined in the Environmental Protection Regulation 2019 on Lot 19 regulated in accordance with ERA 53(a).

The incorporation of the 50,000-tonne capacity composting facility within the SRAIP is a key initiative being employed to ensure the proposal protects the environment by reducing waste output and transforming organic waste into a valuable product.

#### 3.1 Composting methodology

The activity will utilise typical open windrow composting methods from feedstocks, including liquid and solid digestate from the SRAIP Biodigester, green waste, wood chip, vegetable waste from processing facilities on site and used mushroom substrate. Details of the Anticipated Composting Feedstock Inputs are shown in **Table 3**.

**Table 3. Anticipated Composting Feedstock Inputs** 

Feedstock	Approx. quantity (tpa)	Primary source	Category – potential environmental impact
Green waste	Up to 46,000	Municipal green waste – tub ground Wood chip – local tree loppers	Low
Digestate solid fraction	Up to 25,000	SRAIP anaerobic digestor	Low
Vegetable food waste	Up to 9,000	SRAIP processing facilities	Medium
Mushroom substrate	Up to 5,500	Local producers	Low

All material that requires shredding or sorting to be suitable for composting shall be imported in pre-processed forms negating the need for onsite shredding or sorting. Details of the proposed management of feedstock is provided in the detailed Environmental Assessment Report which is held at Appendix C.3.3 of the RDIAR.

The 50,000 tonnes of produced (finished) compost per annum will provide high quality soil conditioner for existing crop production within the immediate region including cropping undertaken by Kalfresh and independent local producers in the local area. At peak capacity the activity will produce 4-5 batches of  $10,000 \ t-12,500 \ t$  per annum based on a typical 12-week composting period per batch.

The composting flow process is illustrated in **Figure 5**. Complete proposal plans can be found in Appendix C.3.2 Proposal Plan and Lot Layout in the RDIAR. Further context of the proposed compost facility is held in the RDIAR.



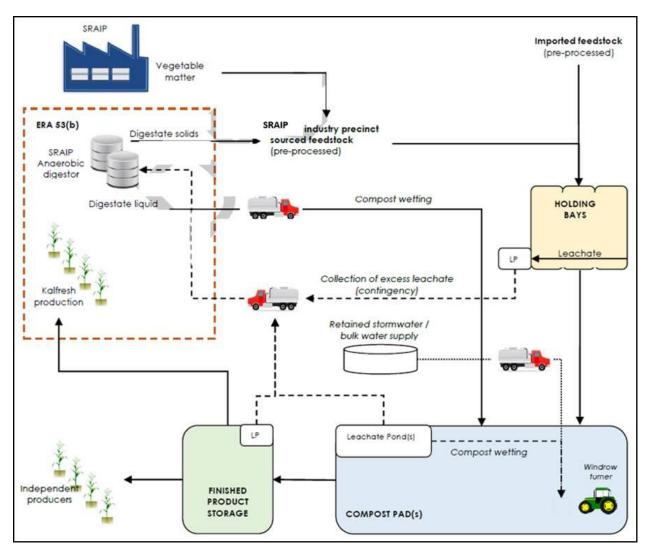


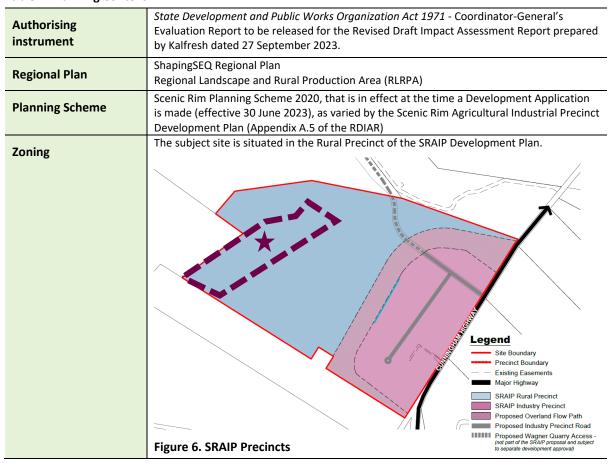
Figure 5. Flow Process – Windrow Composting



#### 4 PLANNING ASSESSMENT

#### 4.1 Planning Context

**Table 4. Planning Context** 



#### 4.2 SRAIP Development Plan (Variation Approval)

The SRAIP Development Plan (Appendix A.5 of the RDIAR) is the proposed Variation Approval to the Scenic Rim Planning Scheme 2020. If endorsed, the SRAIP Development Plan will have the effect of varying the planning scheme on the land and establishes a new assessment framework (level of assessment and assessment benchmarks) to enable the SRAIP to occur. Proposed Lot 19 is designated within the SRAIP Rural Precinct.

The purpose of the SRAIP Development Plan conveys that the SRAIP is to be established to accommodate a specialised industrial precinct incorporating:

- a. The processing or value-adding of agricultural or farm products (including fibre) to produce food (human or animal), beverages or other products;
- b. agriculture-related research, innovation and technologies to support the farming and agriculture industry;
- c. intensive horticulture;
- d. industries or activities necessary to support the hub such as warehousing and distribution activities;
- e. a circular economy through reuse of waste and decarbonisation in industrial processes, production of bio- fertiliser and waste composting, and renewable energy production by anerobic digestion (SRAIP biodigester).



The Rural Precinct Purpose and Overall Outcomes are presented in Section 4.2.3 of the SRAIP Development Plan (Appendix A.5 of the RDIAR). In general terms, development proposed in the Rural Precinct should:

- Comprise of primarily open-air activities including low impact rural activities with limited buildings,
   and maintain the capacity of the land and surrounding land for agricultural production
- Locate, design and manage intensive horticulture and High Impact Industry (SRAIP composting) to avoid adverse impacts on the amenity and landscape character of the locality
- Not constrain the extraction, processing and transportation of extractive resources from the adjacent and potential extractive industry activities
- Support the industry precinct infrastructure needs
- Avoid uses incompatible with SRAIP uses
- Support the preservation of environmental values, rural character and flood mitigation capacity and provide a buffer between the SRAIP industry precinct and sensitive receivers
- Be appropriately serviced by road infrastructure and not obtain direct access to the Cunningham Highway
- Ensure built form is limited and small scale, low rise and setback from property boundaries.

The proposal on Lot 19 is entirely consistent with the strategic intent of the SRAIP Rural Precinct as it provides a facility for composting to support the SRAIP renewable energy facility, which is explicitly stated in the strategic intent. All structures and buildings are of a low-scale and mass in reflection of rural character. As described above and in the Code Assessment in **Appendix A**, the proposed composting facility on Lot 19 is consistent with the purpose and overall outcomes for the Rural Precinct.

**Table** 5 outlines the relevant provisions of the SRAIP Development Plan in relation to the proposed composting facility on proposed Lot 19.

**Table 5. Relevant SRAIP Provisions** 

SRAIP Development Plan	The proposed composter on Lot 19 is located within the SRAIP Rural Precinct.
SRAIP Code	The SRAIP Code applies to the SRAIP Industry Precinct and SRAIP Rural Precinct.  Development requires assessment against the SRAIP Development Plan by way of the Codes and SRAIP Tables of Assessment.
	Amongst other things, the SRAIP Plan intends for:  a variety of industrial uses associated with agriculture and farming within the SRAIP Industrial Precinct; and  other uses and activities within the SRAIP Industrial Precinct that: (i) support industry activities; and (ii) do not compromise the future use of the SRAIP for agricultural industrial uses.
	a variety of supporting rural and infrastructure uses/activities within the SRAIP Rural Precinct.
Level of Assessment:	An assessment against the SRAIP Code is held at <b>Appendix A</b> .  An application seeking Development Permit for Material Change of Use and EA for ERA
Level of Assessment.	53a – organic material processing under the SRAIP is subject to Code Assessment against the following codes:  • SRAIP Development Code
	Earthworks, Construction and Water Quality Code
	General Development Provisions Code     Parking and Access Code
	Landscaping Code.
	The relevant SRAIP Development Codes are addressed within the code response tables at <b>Appendix A</b> .
	The applicable Scenic Rim Planning Scheme codes required to be assessed as per the SRAIP Development Plan are addressed within the code response tables at <b>Appendix B.</b>



#### **5 CONCLUSION**

This application seeks approval for establishing the Kalfresh composting facility on proposed Lot 19. The compost facility is a key element of the SRAIP proposal and has been subject to detailed design and preparation of all required management plans to facilitate assessment of the proposed use.

This development application is sought in conjunction with the larger SRAIP approval in its entirety and needs to be assessed in the context of the broader findings of the RDIAR and any Coordinator-General's Evaluation Report prepared for the project. It is recommended that approval be granted subject to reasonable and relevant conditions.



# APPENDIX A SRAIP CODE RESPONSES



#### 1 SRAIP DEVELOPMENT CODE

Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes		Solution	Comments
Land Uses					
PO1		AO1.1		N/A	Not Applicable
Deve	elopment for industrial activities is	Industr	ial activities supported in the Industry Precinct includes:		The subject site is not located
limit	ed to agri- focus uses to support:	i.	High impact industry where involving High impact		in the Industry Precinct.
(a)	management of impacts		agriculture industries;		
	including impacts to sensitive	ii.	Low impact industry where involving Low impact		
	receivers;		agriculture industries;		
(b)	the location of infrastructure	iii.	Medium impact industry, where involving Medium		
	investment and infrastructure		impact agriculture industries use;		
	reticulation available to service	iv.	Research and technology industry with an Agri-focus		
	the industry uses, including		use;		
	opportunities for shared	v.	Transport depot (where not located in the Rural		
	infrastructure; and		Precinct);		
(c)	synergies and shared services	vi.	Warehouse with an Agri-focus use.		
	between industry uses.				
		A01.2		Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
		Industr	ial activities in the Rural Precinct are limited to:		Outcome
		i.	High impact industry (SRAIP composting);		



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	ii. Transport depot (where not located in the Industry		The industry activities on lot 19
	Precinct).		will be limited to SRAIP
			composting involving the
			producing up to 50,000 tonnes
			of finished / product comport
			per annum.
	AO1.3	N/A	Not Applicable
	Infrastructure activities in the Industrial Precinct is limited to:		The Renewable energy facility is
	i. Renewable energy facility (SRAIP biodigestion).		proposed to be located on lot
			11.
PO2	AO2.1	N/A	Not Applicable
Development for industrial activities	Development involving Low impact industry is limited to Low		The subject site is not
are limited to Agri-focus industries,	impact agriculture industries uses.		considered low impact
involving:	<b>Note</b> - The use of the premises for other Low impact industry		industry.
(a) the processing and	activities (i.e. where not Low impact agriculture industries) is not		
manufacturing of agricultural or	supported.		
farm products (including fibre) to	AO2.2	N/A	Not Applicable
produce food, beverages or other	Development involving Medium impact industry is limited to		The subject site is not
products;	Medium impact agriculture industries uses.		considered medium impact
			industry.



Perf	ormance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
(b)	agriculture related research,	<b>Note</b> - The use of the premises for other Medium impact industry		
	innovation and technologies to	activities (i.e. where not Medium impact agriculture industries) is		
	support the farming and	not supported.		
	agriculture industry;	AO2.3	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
(c)	storage or logistics Warehouse	Development involving High impact industry is limited to High		Outcome
	use servicing SRAIP uses.	impact agriculture industries uses.		The development of the
		<b>Note</b> - The use of the premises for other High impact industry		composting facility will be
		activities (i.e. where not High impact agriculture industries) is not		limited to high impact ag
		supported.		industry uses in that it
				proposes processing of up to
				50,000 tonnes or compost per
				annum.
		AO2.4	N/A	Not Applicable
		Development involving Research and technology industry only		The subject site does not
		involves advancing research, innovation and technologies that		involve any research and
		have an Agri-focus.		technology industry.
		<b>Note</b> - The use of the premises for other Research and technology		
		industry activities (i.e. where not Research and technology		
		industry involving an Agri-focus use) is not supported.		



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	AO2.5	N/A	Not Applicable
	Development involving a Warehouse and Transport depot in the		The subject site does not
	Industry Precinct only involves the storing or distributing of		involve the development of a
	goods that have an Agri-focus.		warehouse or Transport depot
	Note - The use of the premises for other Warehouse activities (i.e.		for storing or distributing
	where not Warehouse with an Agri-focus, such as self-storage		goods.
	facility, storage yard for vehicles) is not supported.		
	AO2.6	N/A	Not Applicable
	For all other development involving industrial activities, no		Development is for SRAIP
	Acceptable Outcome is prescribed.		Composting on lot 19.



Perfo	rmance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
РОЗ		AO3.1	Performance Outcome	Complies with Performance
Devel	lopment for non-industrial	No Acceptable Outcome is prescribed		Outcome
activi	ties:			Development involves small
(a)	do not compromise the ongoing			scale ancillary retail / office
	viability of the <i>Plan area</i> for <i>Agri</i> -			activities associated with the
	focus industries now and in the			selling of produced compost
	future;			manufactured on site. The
(b)	have a direct nexus to Agri-focus			proposal is agri-focus in
	industries;			nature, remains small scale
(c)	remain small-scale and ancillary			and ancillary to the SRAIP uses
	to the SRAIP uses; and			and does not comprise the
(d)	serve the <i>Plan area</i> employees'			ongoing viability of the <i>Plan</i>
	day-to-day needs.			area for Agri-focus industries
				now and into the future.
PO4		AO4.1	NA	Not Applicable
A Foo	od and drink outlet, either as a	Development involving a Food and drink outlet, including where		
prima	ary or ancillary use:	it is ancillary to another use:		Development does not involve
(a)	is a size that services <i>Plan area</i>	(a) does not exceed 200m <sup>2</sup> GFA for any individual tenancy;		a food or drink outlet.
	employees day to day needs;	and		
(b)	contains a maximum of two food	(b) does not exceed a combined total of 400m <sup>2</sup> GFA in the		
	and drink outlets in total (where	Plan area; and		



Perf	ormance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	one may be ancillary and	(c) does not involve a drive through facility.		
	included on a site with a Service			
	station);			
(c)	does not involve a drive through			
	facility.			
PO5		AO5.1	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
Anc	llary uses for SRAIP uses:	Ancillary uses do not exceed 20% of the total GFA and are		Outcome
(a)	remain small scale and ancillary to	conducted within a building or structure.		
1	:he SRAIP use; and			Ancillary uses will not exceed
(b)	are for the retail, administrative,			20% of the total gross floor
1	inancial, management or			area of the lot.
	secretarial functions to support the	AO5.2	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
	core functioning of the primary use.	Uses involving ancillary retail components must only sell		Outcome
		products manufactured on site.		
				The ancillary retail component
				of the project only sells
				products manufactured on the
				site being organic compost.
		AO5.3	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
		Uses involving ancillary office space only involves the		Outcome
		administrative, financial, management or secretarial functions to		
		support the core functioning of those uses.		



Perfo	ormance Outcomes	Acce	ptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
					The ancillary office component
					only involves administrative,
					financial and management of
					secretarial functions to support
					the retailing and manufacture
					of compost products on lot 19.
PO6		A06.	.1	N/A	Not Applicable
A Ser	rvice station:	A Sei	rvice station:		
(a)	is limited to 1 Service station in	(a)	is limited to 1 Service station located in the Industry		No service station is associated
	the Industry Precinct;		Precinct;		with the development of the
(b)	contains facilities for the use of	(b)	has a maximum of 8 bowsers (16 vehicle refuelling spaces)		composting facility on lot 19.
	biogas and/or other biofuels,		of which a maximum of 6 bowsers (12 vehicle refuelling		
	petrol, diesel and LPG;		spaces) are used for petrol, diesel and LPG; and		
(c)	is of a size and layout that	(c)	contains refuelling options including biogas and/or other		
	primarily services the needs of		biofuels, petrol, diesel and LPG.		
	the SRAIP Industry Precinct;	A06.	.2	N/A	Not Applicable
(d)	involving an ancillary Food and	A Se	rvice station is not located on proposed Lots 1, 4, 7, 8, 9 or		
	drink outlet is of a size that	10 o	n Map 2.		No service station is associated
	services the needs of the SRAIP				with the development of the
					composting facility on lot 19.



Perfo	ormance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	Industry Precinct, and does not	AO6.3	N/A	Not Applicable
	include a drive through facility;	Development involving a Food and drink outlet, including where		No service station is associated
(e)	does not detrimentally impact	it is ancillary to a Service Station:		with the development of the
	the existing Service station	(a) does not exceed 200m² GFA for any individual tenancy;		composting facility on lot 19.
	facilities in local townships or	and		
	centres; and	(b) does not exceed a combined total of 400m² GFA in the		
(f)	does not involve a drive through	SRAIP <i>Plan area</i> ; and		
	for a Food and drink outlet or for	(c) does not involve a drive through facility.		
	beverages or food otherwise.	AO6.4	N/A	Not Applicable
		A Service station does not obtain direct access from the		
		Cunningham Highway.		No service station is associated
				with the development of the
				composting facility on lot 19.
PO7		A07.1	N/A	Not Applicable
A Tra	nsport depot:	A Transport depot;		
(a)	is of a size that services the	(a) is limited to a single Transport depot in the SRAIP <i>Plan area</i> ;		No transport depot is
	needs of the SRAIP Plan area;	(b) has a maximum capacity of 40 heavy vehicles; and		associated with the
(b)	is limited to one <i>Transport depot</i>	(c) where involving ancillary uses does not exceed 300m2 GFA.		development of the
	within the SRAIP <i>Plan area</i> ;			compositing facility on lot 19.
(c)	where involving ancillary uses			
	(for example, cleaning, repairing			



Perfo	ormance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	or servicing of vehicles, driver			
	reviver facilities) is of a size that			
	services the needs of the SRAIP			
	Industry Precinct; and			
(d)	does not undermine the viability			
	of nearby facilities in local			
	townships or centres.			
PO8		A08.1	NA	Not Applicable
A R	enewable energy facility (SRAIP	No Acceptable Outcome is prescribed.		The renewable energy facility
biodi	gestion):			(biodigester) is not located on
(a)	is designed, operated and			lot 19.
	managed to maintain public			
	safety;			
(b)	avoids detrimental impacts on			
	the surrounding rural land and			
	nearby sensitive receivers;			
(c)	does not create environmental			
	nuisance; and			
(d)	is located on proposed Lot 11 on			
	Map 2			



Perf	ormance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
PO9		AO9.1	Performance Outcome	Complies with Performance
Deve	elopment involving High impact	No Acceptable Outcome is prescribed.		Outcome
indu	stry (SRAIP composting):			The composting facility will be
(a)	is designed, operated and			designed and operated to
	managed to maintain public			ensure public safety and will
	safety;			avoid having detrimental
(b)	avoids detrimental impacts on			impacts on the surrounding
	the surrounding rural land and			area including any nearby
	nearby sensitive receivers;			sensitive receivers. Appendix
(c)	does not create environmental			C.3.3 ERA53(a) Composting
	nuisance; and			Environmental Assessment
(d)	is located on proposed Lot 19 on			Report depicts how the
	Map 2.			composting facility will avoid
				and minimise creating any
				environmental nuisance (noise
				air and odour).
PO1	0	AO10.1	NA	Not Applicable
Deve	elopment involving rural activities:	Rural industry does not exceed 500m <sup>2</sup> GFA.		The development of the
(a)	is low impact;			composting facility does not
(b)	is compatible with and able to			constitute Rural Industry but
	operate near industrial activities;			rather SRAIP Composting.



Perfo	ormance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
(c)	involves activities that support	AO10.2	NA	Not Applicable
	the operation and functioning of	For development excluding Rural industry, no Acceptable		The development of the
	the SRAIP Industry Precinct; and	Outcome is prescribed.		composting facility does not
(d)	minimises the potential for land			constitute Rural Industry.
	use conflict with adjacent rural			
	and industrial land.			
PO11		AO11.1	NA	Not Applicable
Deve	lopment involving Intensive	No Acceptable Outcome is prescribed.		The development of the
horti	culture and Rural industry:	Note – Screen landscaping shall be designed and constructed in		composting facility does not
(a)	is located, designed and	accordance with <b>Planning Scheme Policy 2 – Landscape Design.</b>		involve intensive horticulture
	managed to avoid adverse			and rural activities.
	impacts on the amenity and			
	landscape character of the			
	locality;			
(b)	is appropriately serviced by			
	necessary road infrastructure;			
	and			
(c)	large buildings or structures are			
	sited or provided with screen			
	landscaping to minimise their			
	bulk and visibility from roads,			



Perf	ormance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	public places or sensitive land			
	uses.			
PO1	2	AO12.1	Performance Outcome	Complies with Performance
Deve	elopment:	No Acceptable Outcome is prescribed.		Outcome
(a)	avoids the release of harmful			Development involved with the
	pollutants;			composting facility will avoid
(b)	protects the health and safety of			the release of harmful
	sensitive uses; and			pollutants and protect the
(c)	avoids detrimental impacts on			health and safety of sensitive
	SRAIP uses.			uses. Appendix C.3.3 ERA53(a)
				Composting Environmental
				Assessment Report and C.3.4
				Site Based Management Plan
				detail how the SRAIP will
				manage potentially harmful
				pollutants associated with the
				operation of the composting
				facility.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
PO13	AO13.1	Performance Outcome	Complies with Performance
Development mitigates air, odour and	No Acceptable Outcome is prescribed.		Outcome
noise emissions and vibration or other			The development of the
impacts to acceptable environmental			composting facility will
standards which avoid detrimental			efficiently mitigate air, noise
amenity or health impacts to sensitive			and all other relevant
receivers.			environmental impacts in
			relation to all relevant
			environmental standards.
			In conjunction with the
			environmental assessment
			reports at Appendix C.3 of the
			RDIAR, Appendix E.2 (Noise
			Impact Assessment) and
			Appendix E.3 (Air Quality
			Assessment) provides an
			assessment of key emitting
			sources in the precinct. With
			proposed mitigations, the
			project avoids detrimental



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes		Solution	Comments
				amenity and health impacts to
				sensitive receivers. The
				assessment will be updated
				during detailed design to
				confirm assumptions of the
				report.
Setbacks				
PO14	AO14.1		Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
Development is of a bulk and scale that	Building and structures are setback as	follows:		Outcome
is consistent with the intended form		Minimum Distances		The composting activity occurs
and character of the area having regard	Setback	Measured in Metres		within the Rural precinct and
to:		(m)		achieves consistency with the
(a) the visual dominance of buildings	Front	6m where building		intended form and character of
and structures when viewed		height is less than		the rural area having regard to
from the Cunningham Highway;		15m;		the visual dominance of
(b) the visual dominance of buildings		Otherwise 10m		buildings and structures when
and structures when viewed	Side and rear boundaries for	4m where building		viewed from the Cunningham
from adjoining premises; and	buildings/structures with a height	height is less than		Highway and adjoining
(c) landscaping buffers along street	greater than 15m	15m;		premises. Landscaping and the
frontages and Cunningham		Otherwise 6m		built form of the SRAIP itself,
Highway.				are anticipated to reduce the



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	cceptable Outcomes S		Comments
	Side and rear boundaries for lots	6m where building		visibility of the composting
	adjacent to Cunningham highway	height is less than		activity from key viewpoints.
		15m, otherwise 10m		
				Buildings associated with the
				use are proposed to be less
				than 15 m. Setbacks can
				comply with AO14.1 (6m and 4
				m respectively). Aesthetic
				landscaping is proposed within
				Lot 19 to further reduce the
				visual dominance of the
				activity.
PO15	AO15.1		Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
Development has a building	The height of development does not ex	cceed:		Outcome
height which is consistent with the	(a) 35m where located on lots 12 or 1	3 and involving a		Development will be low rise
streetscape, local context and intent for	Warehouse (cold storage facility a	nd/or distribution centre)		with the height of the
the SRAIP <i>Plan area</i> and each Precinct	with an <i>Agri-focus</i> only;			composting facility not
having regard to:	(b) 20m where located on proposed lo	ot 11 and involving a		exceeding 15 m. Maximum
(a) the amenity of an adjoining	Renewable energy facility (SRAIP b	niodigestion).		building height will be dictated
premises in a non-industrial zone	(c) 15m in all other instances.			by sheds required for the
or precinct; and				storage of machinery such as



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
(b) the building bulk and scale when			windrow turners and trackers –
viewed from Cunningham			to be confirmed during
Highway.			detailed design.
Built form and urban design			
PO16	AO16.1	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
Development maintains and protects	Development:		Outcome
the high scenic amenity from the	(a) protects the views from public places of significant		Development of the
Cunningham Highway including	landscapes features;		composting facility will be low
important views to significant	(b) avoids building on a ridgeline.		rise and ensure the protection
landscape features, such as ridgelines			of any views from public places
and mountain ranges and peaks			of significant landscape
			features.
			Development avoids siting on a
			prominent ridgeline and will
			not obstruct views from key
			viewpoints along the
			Cunningham Highway. The
			activity is rural in nature and
			represents expansion of the



Performance Outcomes		Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
				existing composting activities
				carried out at this location.
PO1	,	AO17.1	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
Deve	lopment ensures buildings:	Buildings are designed to address the street and emphasises		Outcome
(a)	address the internal street and	building entry points through pedestrian access, landscaping and		
(b)	address views from the	building design such as building articulation or features (awnings,		Development of the
	Cunningham Highway;	building form or the like).		composting facility on lot 19
(c)	are visually interesting through			will ensure it addresses views
	variation to the external			from the Cunningham Highway
	appearance, such as dividing			and integrate landscape
	facades into a series of varied			elements to reduce visual
	elements; and			impacts.
(d)	use variation in materials,			
	colour, architectural elements			A varied use of materials will
	and building shape to reduce			be considered in the
	bulk and scale;			development including colours,
(e)	integrate landscape elements to			architectural elements and
,	reduce visual impacts.			building materials. Overall
				landscaping elements will be
				introduced to lot 19 to reduce
				any associated visual impacts.



Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
AO17.2	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
Visual interest is achieved through variation in colour, patterns,		Outcome
textures or building materials.		
		A varied use of materials will
		be considered in the
		development including colours
		patterns and textures and
		other architectural elements to
		enhance visual interest.
		Landscaping elements will be
		introduced to lot 19 to reduce
		any associated visual impacts
AO17.3	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
Buildings above 8.5m in height:		Outcome
(a) provide variation in roof form; and		Development is proposed to be
(b) use variation in colour, patterns, textures or building		low rise and not exceed 8.5 m
materials that differs with each elevation		in height.
AO17.4	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
Landscaped areas, including setback area, contain appropriate		Outcome
planting to soften built form and reduce visual impacts and		
address views from external viewpoints.		
	AO17.2  Visual interest is achieved through variation in colour, patterns, textures or building materials.  AO17.3  Buildings above 8.5m in height:  (a) provide variation in roof form; and  (b) use variation in colour, patterns, textures or building materials that differs with each elevation  AO17.4  Landscaped areas, including setback area, contain appropriate planting to soften built form and reduce visual impacts and	AO17.2 Visual interest is achieved through variation in colour, patterns, textures or building materials.  AO17.3 Buildings above 8.5m in height: (a) provide variation in roof form; and (b) use variation in colour, patterns, textures or building materials that differs with each elevation  AO17.4 Landscaped areas, including setback area, contain appropriate planting to soften built form and reduce visual impacts and



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
			Development on lot 19 will
			ensure it addresses views from
			the Cunningham Highway and
			integrate landscape elements
			to reduce visual impacts.
			A varied use of materials will
			be considered in the
			development including colours
			architectural elements and
			building materials. Overall
			landscaping elements will be
			introduced to lot 19 to reduce
			any associated visual impacts
PO18	AO18.1	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
Development ensures	Building colours use muted tones and detailing.		Outcome
buildings complement the surrounding			Where possible, all building
rural and natural land and public places			colours used for the
by:			composting facility will be
			muted tones.



Perf	ormance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
(a) (b)	using colours that are compatible with the tones of the surrounding natural and rural landscape; minimising glare and reflection to surrounding rural areas and public places; and concealing rooftop plant and equipment from view from surrounding rural areas and public places.	AO18.2  External finishes have a low reflectivity.  AO18.3  Rooftop plant and equipment is visually screened from external public vantage points.	Acceptable Outcome  Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  All external finishes on the composting facility will have low reflectivity.  Complies with Acceptable Outcome  With the exception of solar panels, any rooftop plant and equipment will be visually screened from external public vantage points.
PO19  Development is designed and located to provide easy and safe access to buildings by pedestrians.		AO19.1  The building entry is:  (a) connected directly with the public access street and car parking areas;  (b) easily identifiable and visible from the street; and  (c) directly accessible by pedestrians from car park areas, streets and public spaces via a sealed surface.	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  Located in the Rural Precinct, building entry will be accessible by a publicly accessible access road



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	AO19.2		(easement) and car parking
	Pedestrian paths are clearly delineated and provide safe		area.
	movement through carparks to the building entry.		
			External pedestrian street
			access to lot 19 is not
			proposed. The lot will only be
			accessed by vehicles from the
			SRAIP Industry Precinct via
			constructed access roads
			(easements) through the SRAIF
			Rural Precinct.
			Within Lot 19, the
			development will be designed
			and located to provide easy
			and safe access to buildings
			from car parking areas.
			Pedestrian paths will clearly
			delineated and provide safe
			movement to the building
			entry.
Access			



Perf	ormance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
PO20 Deve (a)	elopment: is configured to not obtain direct access to/from the Cunningham Highway; and provide safe and efficient access to the SRAIP internal road network for vehicles and pedestrians.	AO20.1  Development is designed to:  (a) prevent driveway access to/from Cunningham Highway; and  (b) allow driveway access and crossovers to be constructed in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 1 – Infrastructure Design of the planning scheme.	Performance Outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome Although development of the composting facility does not adjoin the Cunningham Highway, the development will provide safe and efficient access to the SRAIP internal road network for vehicles and pedestrians.
Land	dscaping			
PO2: Land (a) (b)	dscaping is provided to: enhance the streetscape character; soften the appearance of the industrial buildings, outdoor storage areas and car parking	AO21.1  Screen landscaping is provided along boundaries identified as the SRAIP Industry Precinct periphery as shown in Map 2  (a) with a minimum width of 3m; and  (b) is designed and constructed in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design of the planning scheme.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  Landscaping is proposed as per the Landscape Design Plan prepared attached to Appendix B.1 – Development Application



areas when viewed from the street or a public space; and  (c) reduce the bulk and visibility of large-scale buildings or structures.  (b) has a minimum width of 1m along parts of the side and rear boundaries that adjoin outdoor storage or car parking areas; and  (c) it desired and executated in accordance with Planning.  (d) it desired and executated in accordance with Planning.  (e) it desired and executated in accordance with Planning.  (f) it desired and executated in accordance with Planning.
Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design of the planning scheme.  Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design of the planning scheme.  Scenic Rim Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design Specific to this development application, this includes aesthetic landscaping whice



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
Signage			
PO22	AO22.1	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
Signage is only used for the displaying	Development does not involve a third party billboard sign.		Outcome
of information relating to the use/s			
being conducted on site or within the			Development of the
SRAIP <i>Plan area</i> .			composting facility on lot 19
			does not involve a third party
			billboard.
PO23	AO23.1	Acceptable Outcome	Complies with Acceptable
Signage displaying to the Cunningham	For signage displaying to the Cunningham Highway:		Outcome
Highway is limited to 1 sign per site and	(a) no more than 1 sign per site displays towards the		
does not:	highway;		Signage associated with the
(a) adversely impact on the visual	(b) signs are affixed to a wall of a building;		composting facility on lot 19
amenity of the locality;	(C) is located a maximum of 15m above ground level;		will adhere to the standards
(b) dominate the landscape setting;	(d) does not exceed a face area of 8m²;		outlined in AO23.1.
and	(e) does not move, spin or rotate;		
(c) create a hazard or distraction to	(f) does not involve a beacon of light, or a revolving or		
drivers of vehicles on the	flashing light; and		
transport network.	(g) does not project beyond the boundary of the site.		
Note - use of nationally recognised			
standards will be considered necessary			



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
in assessing compliance with this			
outcome.			
Reconfiguration of a Lot – boundary rea	alignment only		
PO24	AO24.1	NA	Not Applicable
The arrangement, size and frontages of	The Allotment layout is consistent with the Plan of Development		
lots approved within the SRAIP are of	in Map 2.		The development of the
an appropriate size, dimension and			composting facility does not
configuration to accommodate land			involve reconfiguration of a lot
uses consistent with the purpose and			or boundary realignment.
overall outcomes of the precinct, and			
consistent with the SRAIP intensity and			
lot and road layout.			
PO25	AO25.1	NA	Not Applicable
Lots adjacent to the Cunningham	Lots are configured to:		
Highway:	(a) prevent driveway access to/from the Cunningham Highway;		The development of the
(a) are configured to not obtain direct	and		composting facility does not
access to/from the highway; and	(b) allow driveway access and crossovers to be constructed in		involve reconfiguration of a lot
(b) provide safe and efficient access to	accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 1 - Infrastructure		or boundary realignment
the SRAIP internal road network for	<b>Design</b> of the planning scheme		
vehicles and pedestrians.	(c) Provide easement access where not providing public road		
	frontage.		



Perf	ormance Outcomes	comes Acceptable Outcomes		Solution	Comments
PO26		AO26.1		NA	Not Applicable
Reconfiguring a lot in all precincts,		A bo	undary realignment:		The development of the
which involves the realignment of a		(a)	results in lots that have a usable shape that comply with		composting facility does not
bour	boundary, provides for:		the minimum lot size for the precinct in Table 8 - Minimum		involve reconfiguration of a lot
(a)	an improved lot configuration		Lot Size and Design for SRAIP Development;		or boundary realignment
	that better meets the intended	(b)	results in lots with a regular shape and boundaries where		
	outcomes of the precinct; or		practicable;		
(b)	the correction of a boundary	(c)	allows for the uses intended in the precinct;		
	encroachment by existing	(d)	does not detrimentally impact on infrastructure and		
	development;		essential services;		
(c)	safe and efficient access to the	(e)	provides for all activities associated with the use on the lot		
	road for vehicles and		to be located wholly within the lot; and		
	pedestrians; and;	(f)	provides for all lots to have a legal, practical access to a		
			constructed road.		



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
(d) all lots are provided with	AO26.2	NA	Not Applicable
essential services and public	Infrastructure:		The development of the
utilities, including sewerage,	(a) ensures buildings, structures and waste disposal areas are		composting facility does not
water, electricity and	not located across a boundary;		involve reconfiguration of a lot
communication services	(b) does not result in an adverse drainage impact on upstream		or boundary realignment
	and downstream properties;		
	(c) results in existing buildings and structures complying with		
	minimum setback requirements;		
	(d) is consistent with any existing approvals attached to the		
	land;		
	(e) ensures all lots are serviced by infrastructure expected in		
	the precinct; and		
	(f) does not restrict the lawful use of a lot.		
Reconfiguring a Lot involving the Creati	on of an Easement Only		
PO27	AO27.1	NA	Not Applicable
Development which involves the	Access easements are positioned to allow any associated		The development of the
creation of an easement:	driveway access and crossover to be constructed in accordance		composting facility does not
(a) does not result in existing	does not result in existing with Planning Scheme Policy 1 - Infrastructure Design of the		involve reconfiguration of a lot
development contravening the	planning scheme.		or Creation of an Easement
Planning Scheme;	AO27.2		



Perfo	ormance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
(b)	does not impact on	Access easements are designed and located to avoid existing		
	infrastructure and essential	infrastructure and essential services, including sewerage, water,		
	services;	electricity and communication services.		
(c)	does not impact upon any	oes not impact upon any AO27.3		
	existing approvals attached to	Access easements do not:		
	the land;	(a) contravene any development approval applying to the		
(d)	enables access to infrastructure;	site; and		
	and	(b) result in existing development contravening the Planning		
(e)	provides for a safe and efficient	Scheme.		
	access point for vehicles and	AO27.4		
	pedestrians.	Minimum widths for access easements are in accordance with		
		Table 8 - Minimum Lot Size and Design for SRAIP Development.		
PO28	3	AO28.1	NA	Not Applicable
Infra	structure easements	Easements accommodate infrastructure networks across the		The development of the
acco	mmodate infrastructure.	SRAIP Plan area, including infrastructure defined as minor Utility		composting facility does not
		installation infrastructure.		involve reconfiguration of a lot
				or Creation of an Easement



## 2 MINIMUM LOT SIZE AND DESIGN FOR SRAIP DEVELOPMENT

Precinct		Width of Access	Frontage (Metres) to a	Minimum Width of Access for Rear Lots (Metres)
SRAIP Industry Precinct	6,000m <sup>2</sup>	8	50	Not permitted
SRAIP Rural Precinct	15ha	10	-	10



## APPENDIX B SCENIC RIM PLANNING SCHEME CODE RESPONSES



## 1 GENERAL DEVELOPMENT PROVISIONS CODE

Development is located, designed, constructed and operated to ensure that noise emissions do not cause environmental harm or environmental nuisance to sensitive receivers. (1)	A <b>O1</b> 1) Development in	·											
PO1 Development is located, designed, constructed and operated to ensure that noise emissions do not cause environmental harm or environmental nuisance to sensitive receivers.	1) Development in	nuoluos astivitios											
Development is located, designed, constructed and operated to ensure that noise emissions do not cause environmental harm or environmental nuisance to sensitive receivers.	1) Development in	wolvos astivitios		Acoustic Amenity and Noise									
outcome also applies to noise emissions generated by sensitive land uses, from sources such as communal areas, service areas, plant and equipment.  7: (s (li 10 7: (u ot sp	cause noise relation environmental in environmental in environmental in environmental in environmental in environmental in exceed the following areas:  7:00am- 10:00pm- 7:00am (living areas) 10:00pm- 7:00am (living areas) 10:00pm- 7:00am (unless otherwise specified)	nt sensitive receive ted environment nuisance sensitive f noise from the p	tal harm or	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The development is for a high impact industry in relation to a composting facility. Development will ensure that no environmental harm or nuisance to adjacent sensitive receivers will occur, including at night. This will be achieved through the implementation of appropriate controls and management measures during the detailed design phase of the Project. Further information can be found within Appendix E.2.1 and E.2.2 (in the RDIAR).  Noise emissions from the composting activity will be managed under ERA 53(a) (Appendix C.3.3 in the RDIAR) and the site-based management plan provided at Appendix C.3.4 in the RDIAR. The facility is expected to achieve all relevant EPP Noise thresholds at the locations of sensitive receivers.  The predicated project wide noise emissions can be found within Appendix E.2.1 and E.2.2 in the RDIAR.								
	Note - (1) Levels are measured as the adjusted maximum sound pressure level as defined in the Noise												



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	Measurement Manual (Environmental Protection Agency, 2000).  (2) Noise generated from vehicle movements on the site, including noise from entering or exiting the vehicle, shall not be considered when assessing the Acceptable Outcome AO1.  (3) Background=LA90.		
	OR;  (3) Development achieves the Acoustic Quality Objectives for Sensitive Receptors listed within the Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 2008.  Note - where the adjacent sensitive land use is not listed in the Environmental Protection (Noise) Policy 2008, the development will achieve the noise levels specified in AO1 (2)		
PO2 Air conditioning units, refrigeration units and any other form of mechanical ventilation or extraction systems do not adversely impact on the acoustic amenity of surrounding sensitive receivers.	Roof-top mounted plant and equipment is located away from surrounding sensitive land uses and is acoustically shielded to maintain the background noise levels (L90) at the nearest sensitive receiver.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Plants and equipment will not be located on the roof. Development is not in proximity to sensitive land uses.
PO3  Development does not involve activities that would cause vibration related	AO3  No Acceptable Outcome is prescribed.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome The proposal does not involve activities that would cause vibration related environmental harm or environmental nuisance to a sensitive



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
environmental harm or	Editor's note - the proponent may need to obtain a		receiver. Earthworks proposed for the lot will
environmental nuisance to a	vibration impact assessment or alternatively included		require compaction and will create vibration on
sensitive receiver.	vibration within an environmental impact report for		site. This however will be buffered on site and is
	the site which demonstrates that the acceptable		not predicted to cause environmental harm to any
	outcomes come be achieved.		sensitive receptors.
Air Emissions - Dust, Particulat	es and Odour		
PO4	AO4	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome
Development (excluding	No Acceptable Outcome is prescribed.		The key odour emissions associated with the
Intensive animal industry) is			proposed development include raw material
sited, designed and operated	<b>Note</b> - An applicant is likely to be required to provide		stockpiles (green waste, solid digestate and
to avoid the generation of	an Assessment Report prepared by a suitably qualified		mushroom substrate), composting windrows and
odour emissions of a level	person in relation to odour impacts. The assessment is		leachate management ponds. Relevant
that have the potential to	to be prepared in accordance with the Guideline -		information regarding odour emissions for the
cause environmental harm to	Odour Impact Assessment for Developments -		composting facility can be found in Appendix E.3.1
a sensitive receiver.	Department of Environment and Heritage Protection,		<ul> <li>Addendum Air Quality Impact Assessment and</li> </ul>
	for modelled odour concentrations.		Appendix E.3.2 – Air Quality Assessment in the
Editor's note - The Intensive			RDIAR.
Animal Industry Code contains			
the assessment benchmarks			Dust, particulates and odour emissions from the
for Air Emissions - Dust,			composting activity will be managed under ERA
Particulates and Odour			53(a) (Appendix C.3.3 in the RDIAR) and the site-
applicable to Intensive animal			based management plan provided at Appendix
industries.			C.3.4 in the RDIAR.
			These assessments outline that with appropriate
			odour mitigation measures the composting
			operations will comply with the relevant odour
			amenity guidelines and not cause any
			environmental harm.
PO5	AO5	Assentable sutes :	Complies with Acceptable Outcome
Development (excluding	Development (excluding Intensive animal industry)	Acceptable outcome	The completed development for the composting
Intensive animal industry)	does not involve activities that would cause dust		facility will not involve activities creating or





Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	<ul> <li>(2) areas within the site that are frequently used for vehicular purposes are imperviously sealed or treated to reduce dust emissions; and</li> <li>(3) activities undertaken on site that create dust are performed in an enclosed structure with suitable dust extraction and filtration systems.</li> </ul>		
PO6 Air emission vents or stacks are sited to ensure that surrounding land uses are not exposed to concentrated levels of air contaminants.	AO6 Exhaust stacks are located the maximum practical distance away from the boundary of the development site.	N/A	Not Applicable Exhaust stacks are not proposed for the composting facility.
Outdoor Lighting and Glare			
PO7 Development does not impact on the amenity of nearby sensitive receivers as a result of light spill.	AO7.1  Development: (1) provides no outdoor lighting as part of the development; or (2) provides only minor external lighting devices, located, designed and installed to: (a) be consistent with and appropriate to the surrounding character and amenity; and (b) minimise the impact of direct and indirect light spillage on surrounding sensitive land uses; or  Note - Effective methods to comply with outcome AO7.1 (2) include: (a) providing covers or shading around lights that prevent direct light spillage on neighbouring premises or roadways; or	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The proposed composting facility will have minimal outdoor lighting as part of its development given the facility will only operate during daytime hours. This lighting will only provide minor external lighting (for security) and will be consistent with the surrounding character and amenity.  Any external lighting used will also aim to adhere to all relevant standards associated with Australian Standard AS4282-1997 Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	(b) directing lights downwards to prevent direct		
	light spillage on neighbouring premises or road		
	ways; and		
	(c) positioning and/or directing lights away from		
	sensitive land uses; and		
	(d) enabling the brightness of lights to be adjusted		
	to lower output levels where appropriate; and		
	(e) use of motion sensor lights or electronic controls to switch off lights when not required.		
	controls to switch off lights when not required.		
	(3) provides external lighting which is compliant with		
	the technical parameters, design, installation,		
	operation and maintenance standards of the		
	following as applicable:		
	(a) outdoor lighting complies with the		
	requirements of Australian Standard AS4282-		
	1997 Control of the Obtrusive Effects of		
	Outdoor Lighting; and		
	(b) sporting fields and sporting courts, comply		
	with the requirements of Australian Standard AS4282-1997 – Control of the Obtrusive Effects		
	of Outdoor Lighting and a compliance		
	statement by a lighting designer has been		
	provided in accordance with the Australian		
	Standard (Section 4).		
	Note - An applicant may be required to provide a		
	lighting proposal and impact assessment		
	(environmental and amenity) as part of the application		
	to demonstrate that the lighting will not create		
	nuisance issues for surrounding sensitive land uses.		



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	AO7.2  Development operating at night;  (1) provides that the alignment of streets, driveways and parking areas avoid light from vehicle headlights falling directly upon any window or outdoor recreational area of adjacent residential dwellings; or  (2) provides a solid screen fence prevents light from vehicle headlights falling directly upon any window or outdoor recreational area of adjacent residential dwellings.	N/A	Not Applicable The proposed composting activity is not proposed to operate at night.
PO8  Development does not impact on the amenity of the surrounding area or cause nuisance as a result of glare or reflection.	AO8  No Acceptable Outcome is prescribed.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome The proposed development does not impact on the amenity of the surrounding area including causing nuisance as a result of glare or reflection. Prominent views of the composting facility will be generally shielded from the construction of proposed buildings within the SRAIP precinct (refer to LVIA Appendix A.3) for prominent viewsheds from the highway to the SRAIP precinct.
Waste Management			
PO9 Development provides: (1) sufficient area for the storage of waste and recyclables; and	AO9.1 All waste produced on site is stored in approved containers of a sufficient capacity to receive all waste generated by the development.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Sufficient area for storage will be provided to receive all waste generated by the development.
(2) for the separation of wastes to maximise alternatives to disposal.	AO9.2 Waste and recyclables are managed in accordance with the Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The SRAIP itself will contain a suite of measures to reduce waste generation and landfill disposal through reusing, recycling, and treating waste generated on site, in accordance with the relevant



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
			Act. The SRAIP as a whole will divert ~250,450 tonnes of waste per annum from landfills. The composting facility will aid in reducing waste across the site by diverting ~3,200 tonnes of waste per annum from landfills. Kalfresh have strongly adopted the Act across the site which is largely evident in the composting facility.
	Waste and recyclables produced on site are managed in accordance with the waste and resource management hierarchy specified in the Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011.  Editor's note - The waste and resource management hierarchy is the following precepts, listed in the preferred order in which waste and resource management options should be considered—  (a) AVOID unnecessary resource consumption; (b) REDUCE waste generation and disposal; (c) RE-USE waste resources without further manufacturing; (d) RECYCLE waste resources to make the same or different products; (e) RECOVER waste resources, including the recovery of energy; (f) TREAT waste before disposal, including reducing the hazardous nature of waste; (g) DISPOSE of waste only if there is no viable alternative.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The waste and recyclables produced on site will be managed in accordance with the resource management hierarchy. All waste on site will aim to be avoided and reduced and where this cannot occur will aim to be reused, recycled, or treated ensuring the SRAIP development remains a circular economy as much as possible. The SRAIP as a whole will divert ~250,450 tonnes of waste per annum from landfills. The composting facility will aid in reducing waste across the site by diverting ~3,200 tonnes of waste per annum from landfills. Kalfresh have strongly adopted the waste management hierarchy across the site which is largely evident in the composting facility.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
PO10 Development is designed to ensure that waste storage and collection can be undertaken in a safe and convenient manner.	AO10.1  Development:  (1) has a street frontage (exclusive of driveways) of 1 metre per 240L wheeled bin service required; or  (2) provides waste container/s which are able to be accessed on site by collection vehicles being able to enter and leave the premises in forward gear, or sufficient and accessible road frontage exists to allow the containers to be placed kerbside for collection; or  (3) provides an alternate storage and collection method for adequate storage capacity and safe collection of waste in accordance with the Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The subject site and proposal are part of the SRAIP. The composting development provides an alternate storage and collection method to ensure waste storage and collection will be undertaken in a safe and convenient manner.
	AO10.2  Development provides unobstructed access to the container for removal of the waste by the local government or waste collection entity.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable outcome The composting development will ensure waste removal can be undertaken in a safe and convenient manner by a waste collection entity.
	AO10.3  Development, which includes the provision of roads including private or public roads, designs and constructs such roads to provide access by waste collection vehicles to each tenancy or the container storage area/s.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable outcome The composting activity will involve construction and maintaining Private access roads to ensure safe access for waste collection vehicles including grade.
PO11 Development ensures the placement of waste containers does not create a health or amenity nuisance.	AO11  Development provides: (1) a dedicated area for refuse storage that is screened or otherwise located to avoid visual impacts on streetscapes, public spaces and adjoining properties; and	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome The development will ensure the placement of waste and containers does not create a health or amenity nuisance. Composting windrows and receival areas will be imperviously constructed with stormwater and leachate collections systems



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	<ul> <li>(2) an:</li> <li>(a) elevated stand for holding all waste containers at the premises; or</li> <li>(b) imperviously paved and drained area, upon which can be stood all waste containers at the premises; and</li> <li>(c) a hose cock and hose in the vicinity of the stand or paved area.</li> </ul>		installed. Hoses and water supply will be provided.
PO12 Putrescible waste generated as a result of the development does not cause odour nuisance issues for surrounding land uses.	AO12 Development stores all putrescibles waste in a manner that prevents odour nuisance and fly breeding and is disposed of at intervals not exceeding seven (7) days.  Note - Examples of acceptable outcomes may, either permanently or as required, include:  (a) storing putrescible waste at low temperatures; and/or  (b) increased frequency of collection to avoid the generation of odours.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome Any putrescible waste generated by the development will be handled with in a way that does not cause odour nuisance issues for surrounding land uses and the rest of the SRAIP. The operation of the facility will be in accordance with the condition of the ERA 53(a) and the site based management plan at Appendix C.3.4 in the RDIAR.
PO13  Development involving: (1) reconfiguring of a lot creating 4 or more new lots; (2) the construction or demolition of buildings over 400m² GFA; (3) Multiple dwellings being 4 or more dwellings; (4) Intensive animal industry;	AO13  Development provides and implements a Waste Management Plan (WMP) for pre-construction, construction and post-construction stages addressing:  (1) the management of waste and recyclables in accordance with the Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011;  (2) waste and recyclables produced on site is managed in accordance with the waste and resource management hierarchy specified in the Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011;  (3) optimisation of resource recovery;	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome A Waste Management Plan (WMP) will be implemented for the full SRAIP site for preconstruction and construction phases. This WMP will address the management of waste and recyclables on site through the relevant Waste Reduction and Recycling Act 2011. Through this the WMP will ensure the appropriate management of all waste on site including during both its construction and operation.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
(5) regulated waste; manages waste and recycling from the development to ensure optimum resource recovery and waste minimisation.	<ul> <li>(4) waste minimisation and disposal procedures;</li> <li>(5) management of: <ul> <li>(a) construction and demolition waste;</li> <li>(b) organic waste including vegetation clearing;</li> <li>(c) hazardous waste;</li> </ul> </li> <li>(6) ongoing waste and resource recovery measures to be provided once the development is operational;</li> <li>(7) access and infrastructure required to enable waste and recycling services to be effectively provided; and</li> <li>(8) review process for the WMP to allow for ongoing flexibility, adaptability and new innovation.</li> </ul>		All waste infrastructure will be accessible for waste collection services which will be ensured during the design process of the Project. After the initial implementation of the WMP it will undergo regular review processes to ensure it remains up to date with ongoing site changes.
General Amenity			
PO14 The use of vehicles associated with the development does not impact on the safe or	AO14.1 Loading or unloading activities are undertaken within the site.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Loading and unloading activities are undertaken within the site boundaries.
convenient use of the road network.	AO14.2  Development provides that all vehicles associated with the use can be parked on the site.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The composting activity will require a small number of carparks which will be located on site.
	AO14.3  Development has access to the road network is via a constructed road.  Note - Acceptable Outcome AO14.3 does not reduce or eliminate the need to comply with other Performance Outcomes that may require a higher or specific standard of road.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Development has access to the road network via the proposed private access easement and internal SRAIP road held in common property.
Reverse Amenity			



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
PO15	AO15	N/A	Not Applicable
Development involving a	No Acceptable Outcome is prescribed.	.,,	The development is not for a sensitive land use.
sensitive land use in close			
proximity to existing lawful			
land uses that generate noise,			
dust, odour and other			
emissions, are located and			
designed to not impede the			
operation of the existing			
lawful use.			
Editor's note - Development			
design principles may include;			
(1) locating open space and			
roadways to increase			
separation distances;			
(2) use of dense landscaping			
as a visual and particulate			
barrier;			
(3) reducing residential			
densities adjacent			
impacting sites;			
(4) building design, including			
air conditioning; and			
(5) providing barriers to			
impacting sites.			
Stormwater - Quantity			
PO16	AO16.1	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome
Stormwater quantity	A site based stormwater quantity management plan		A site based stormwater quantity management
management outcomes	(SQMP) is prepared by a suitably qualified person and		plan (SQMP) will be finalized for the site and will
demonstrate no adverse	demonstrates achievable stormwater quantity control		demonstrate achievable stormwater quantity
impact on stormwater	measures for discharge during operational phases of		control measures. The composting site will function separately to the SRAIP Integrated Water



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
flooding or the drainage of properties external to the subject site.	development designed in accordance with the Queensland Urban Drainage Manual (QUDM).		Management Plan with the site having its own stormwater and leachate management containment systems. Refer to Appendix C.3.3 and Appendix A.3.4 in the RDIAR for details.
	AO16.2 Stormwater flows discharged from development are either within the capacity of the downstream drainage system such that non-worsening occurs, or are mitigated to pre-development characteristics.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Stormwater flows discharged from development will be outlined in the site specific SQMP and will aim to ensure current capacity of downstream drainage is not worsened. Preliminary details are provided in Appendix C.3.3 and C.3.4 in the RDIAR.
On-site Wastewater Disposal			
PO17 Where located outside a wastewater connection area, development is provided with sufficient on-site wastewater disposal, that is determined by a suitably qualified person, to meet the needs of residents and users.	AO17 No Acceptable Outcome is Prescribed.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome The requirements for wastewater associated with the Composting Activity are yet to be confirmed and limited to toilets which may be needed to be provide for onsite. A small scale septic system may be proposed for the use.  Leachate collected during operations is proposed to be reused in the composting activity and or the AD Facility if quality is acceptable. Leachate wastewater would be tanked to a licensed waste facility in the event of significant rainfall or its quality does not permit reuse. Refer to appendices C.1.3, C.3.3 and C.3.4.
On-site Water Supply			
PO18 Where reticulated water supply is unavailable, the development is provided with sufficient on-site water supply to meet the needs of residents and users.	AO18  No Acceptable Outcome is Prescribed.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome Water supply on site will be developed to provide the site with a sufficient water supply by way of pipelines from the SRAIP precinct. This could be a mixture of potable, recycled or raw water depending on facility requirements.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments



## 2 EARTHWORKS, CONSTRUCTION AND WATER QUALITY CODE

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
Table 9.4.2.3.1—Criteria for Ass	essable Development	1	
Earthworks			
PO1 Earthworks do not result in increased instability of the subject or adjoining lands.	AO1.1 Retaining walls: (1) are designed and certified by a suitably qualified person; and (2) do not include timber products where located or proposed to be: (a) located on public land; or (b) set back form a boundary adjoining public land a distance less than the height of the retaining wall.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable outcome  The development requires earthworks which may include retaining walls and or batters (to be confirmed during detailed design). All works will be designed and certified by suitably qualified persons and will ensure earthworks do not result in increased instability of the subject land.
	AO1.2 All areas of fill are compacted in accordance with: (1) Australian Standard 3798:1996 - Guidelines on Earthworks for Commercial and Residential Developments; and (2) Australian Standard 2870:1996 - Residential Slabs and Footings - Construction.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  All areas of fill associated with the development on the composting lot will be compacted in accordance with the associated Australian Standards as per AO1.2 and any requirements to achieve the impervious barrier for the composting activity in accordance with the ERA Standard Operating Conditions.
PO2 Development undertaken in areas of existing traffic flow provides for traffic to continue to be able to reach its	AO2 Development ensures that where the temporary diversion of traffic is necessary: (1) permission for a temporary road closure is obtainable from the	N/A	Not Applicable The development is part of SRAIP and well separated from the public road networks. A temporary diversion for traffic will not be necessary for construction.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
destination without significant delay.	Police, and a detour is provided via existing roads; or (2) a temporary detour is provided within or adjoining the site; or (3) if no detour is available, traffic flows are managed to ensure minimum disturbance to road users.		
Damage to Existing Infrastructur	re		
PO3 Earthworks do not result in an unnecessary disturbance to existing infrastructure.	(1) Development is designed to maintain the location of existing infrastructure, including depth of cover to underground infrastructure; or  (2) Where disturbance to existing infrastructure is unavoidable:  (a) underground infrastructure that is covered to a greater depth is provided with access for maintenance and inspection purposes; or  (b) underground infrastructure that is uncovered, or has cover reduced to less than the applicable standard, is relocated or otherwise protected from damage; or  (c) above ground infrastructure is repositioned to a location that complies with the applicable standards.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Proposed earthworks do not intersect or cause disturbance to existing infrastructure.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
Removal of Vegetation, Stumps	and Dumped Waste		
PO4 Disposal of waste generated from construction activities: (1) is managed in a manner not to cause environmental harm; (2) complies with relevant legislation; and (3) does not to occur on site.	AO4.1 Vegetation waste involving development sites of more than 5 hectares is chipped or burnt in an approved pit burner.  Editor's Note - Chipping is the preferred method of vegetation disposal. Chipped vegetation can be used as soil cover for exposed areas to assist sediment control.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The proposed development will comply with all vegetation waste removal processes.
	AO4.2 Small quantities of waste are taken to an appropriate landfill facility.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Construction waste will be disposed of appropriately.
	AO4.3  Development involving contaminated waste is disposed of in an approved manner under the Environmental Protection Act 1994.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Should removal of the existing leachate dams be proposed, potential contamination would be investigated prior to earthworks occurring.
	AO4.4 All unconsolidated fill, builder's rubble, or other waste is removed from the site prior to the completion of works.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome All construction waste will be removed from site prior to the completion of works.
Siting and Removal of Dams			
PO5 Existing dams: (1) do not create a safety hazard;	AO5.1  Development in urban areas results in the removal of all dams.	N/A	Not Applicable  The subject site is not located in an urban area.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
<ul><li>(2) are located on a single lot; and</li><li>(3) where removed, the land is shaped and compacted back to its natural state.</li></ul>	AO5.2  Development in the Rural Zone or Rural Residential Zone only retains dams where they are fully contained within one lot.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  The proposed development of the composting facility involves the construction of three leachate collection ponds, and potentially retaining a single existing leachate dam associated with the existing use. All dams will be contained to the composting site (lot 19).
	AO5.3  The land affected by a dewatered dam shall be returned to its natural state by: (1) shaping the land to its natural form or in accordance with a development approval; and (2) compaction of the soil.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Should the development require the removal of the leachate dam, the dam would be dewatered and returned to its natural state.
Amenity			
PO6 Earthworks are conducted in a manner which minimises disruption to nearby sensitive receivers having regard to: (1) hours of operation; (2) traffic movement on access roads and within the site; (3) minimising timeframes for earthworks.	AO6 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome The subject site is not located in proximity to any sensitive receivers. Hours of operation, traffic movement and timeframes for earthworks will be adhered to as per Council's conditions.
PO7 Earthworks are conducted in a manner which reduces their visual impact.	AO7 Earthwork areas are grassed or landscaped immediately upon completion to a standard commensurate with their surrounds.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  All earthwork areas requiring landscaping will be grassed or landscaped upon completion of works. Further information on the proposed landscaping to occur on site including the composting lot can be found in Appendix B.11 – Landscape Design Intent in the RDIAR.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
PO8 Dust from development does not create environmental harm and minimises impacts on sensitive receivers.	AO8.1  Development provides for the suppression of dust during construction or earthworks.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  Development will provide appropriate dust suppression during construction. This is further explained in both Appendix E.3.1 — Addendum Air Quality Impact Assessment and Appendix E.3.2 Air Quality Assessment in the RDIAR, a more in depth approach to dust suppression on site will be formed during the detailed design process.
	AO8.2 Haul routes for bulk earthworks are located as far as practical from sensitive receivers.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  Any haul routes for bulk earthworks will be located as far as practical from sensitive receivers as possible. Existing access tracks will be used where possible.
PO9 Spoil piles, stockpiles and borrow pits are located and managed to not create a dust nuisance and to minimise	AO9.1 Spoil piles, stockpiles and borrow pits are located as far as practical from sensitive receivers.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Stockpiles, spoil piles and burrow pits will be located as far from sensitive receivers as practical.
impacts on sensitive receivers.	AO9.2 Spoil piles, stockpiles and borrow pits, operating for greater than one week, are covered.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Stockpiles, spoil piles, borrow pits operating for greater than one week will be covered.
Stormwater Management – Prot	tecting Water Quality and Hydrological Pro	cesses	
PO10 Development is planned and designed considering site landuse constraints to allow the provision of stormwater management systems that avoid or minimise adverse impacts on environmental values of receiving waters.	AO10.1 Development demonstrates it has minimised disturbance to: (1) natural drainage; (2) areas with erosive, dispersive, sodic and/or saline soils; (3) acid sulfate soils; (4) groundwater levels; and (5) landscape features and vegetation.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Stormwater and leachate management systems for the site will be in accordance with the details provided in Appendix C.3.3 and C.3.4 in the RDIAR.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
Editor's Note - A site stormwater quality management plan prepared by a suitably qualified person is required to inform the layout of the development and to demonstrate compliance with	AO10.2 A stormwater management system has sufficient site area to service the requirements of the development.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The stormwater management system proposed for the composting facility is included in Appendix C.3.3 - ERA53(a) Composting Environmental Assessment Report in the RDIAR. This report outlines the capacity for stormwater management systems proposed for the composting facility.
the requirement	AO10.3 Stormwater management systems: (1) are located outside of wetlands, waterways and riparian areas; and (2) prevent increased channel bed and bank erosion.  Editor's Note - The approximate location of wetlands and waterways can be found on Environmental Significance Overlay Map — Wetlands and Waterways OM-04-D and Environmental Significance Overlay Map — Local Watercourses OM-04-E	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome All stormwater systems on site will be located outside of wetlands, waterways and riparian areas and will not increase channel bed and bank erosion. Appendix C.3.3 - ERA53(a) Composting Environmental Assessment Report outlines the stormwater management systems proposed for the composting facility.
PO11 Construction activities for the development avoid or minimise adverse impacts on sediment mobilisation, stormwater quality and hydrological processes.	AO11.1  An erosion and sediment control program (ESCP) demonstrates that release of sediment-laden stormwater is avoided or minimised by achieving the design objectives listed in Table 9.4.2.3.2 - Construction Phase — Stormwater Management Design Objectives.  OR	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome An Erosion and Sediment Control Program (ESCP) will be developed for the SRAIP and will demonstrate that release of sediment-laden stormwater is avoided or minimised as much as possible. Refer to Appendix E.4 in the RDIAR for preliminary CEMP.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
PO12 Development manages stormwater to avoid or minimise the environmental	AO11.2  The ESCP demonstrates how stormwater quality will be managed so that target contaminants are treated to a design objective at least equivalent to Table 9.4.2.3.2 - Construction Phase – Stormwater Management Design Objectives.  AO12  Development is managed so that it meets the objectives in Table 9.4.2.3.4 - Post Construction Phase – Stormwater	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Development will be managed so that it meets the required objectives.
impacts of stormwater discharge on the quality and waterway hydrology of receiving waters.	Management Design Objectives.		
Editor's Note - A site stormwater management plan prepared by a suitably qualified person is provided that demonstrates development can be managed to achieve compliance with the stormwater management design objectives.			
PO13  Development prevents increased bed and bank erosion in receiving waterways by limiting changes in run-off volume and peak flows.	AO13 The development is designed to: (1) minimise impervious areas; (2) maximise opportunities for capture and reuse of stormwater;	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Earthworks will be designed and constructed to minimise impervious areas where practicable. Opportunities for capture and resource of stormwater and leachate is proposed. Engineering will incorporate natural channel design principles where possible and achieve the waterway stability objectives in Table 9.4.2.3.4.



(3) incorporate natural channel design principles; and (4) achieve the waterway stability objectives listed in Table 9.4.2.3.4 - Post Construction Phase – Stormwater Management Design Objectives.		
Note - The waterway stability objective listed in Table 9.4.2.3.4 applies if development drains to an unlined waterway within or downstream of the site where there is an increased risk of erosion due to changes in hydrology.		
AO14 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome The intent of the development is to maintain pre-development loflow discharge regimes. Surface water and leachate will be captured from the composting activity. Engineering of earthworks will seek to maintain pre-development low-flow discharge regimes.
AO15 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome The development will ensure that the entry and transport of contaminants is avoided as much as possible.
A(	raterway within or downstream of the te where there is an increased risk of rosion due to changes in hydrology.  O14 o acceptable outcome is prescribed.	raterway within or downstream of the te where there is an increased risk of rosion due to changes in hydrology.  O14 o acceptable outcome is prescribed.  Performance outcome  Performance



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
PO16 Development involving wastewater discharge (other than contaminated stormwater and sewage) to a waterway avoids or minimises adverse impacts to ecological processes, riparian vegetation, waterway integrity, and downstream ecosystem health.	Acceptable Outcomes  AO16.1  Where the development involves the discharge of wastewater (other than contaminated stormwater and sewage), a wastewater management plan (WWMP) is prepared by a suitably qualified person and addresses: (1) wastewater type; (2) climatic conditions; (3) water quality objectives; (4) soil conditions and natural hydrology; and (5) best practice environmental management.  Note - Development is designed to achieve the prescribed water quality objectives for Waterways in accordance	N/A	Not applicable Wastewater discharge to a waterway is not proposed.
	with the Environmental Protection (Water) Policy 2009.  AO16.2  The WWMP prepared in AO16.1 provides that wastewater is managed in accordance with a waste-management hierarchy that: (1) avoids wastewater discharges to waterways; or (2) if wastewater discharge to waterways cannot practicably be avoided, minimises wastewater discharge to waterways by reuse, recycling, recovery and treatment	N/A	Not applicable Wastewater discharge to a waterway is not proposed.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	for disposal to sewer, surface water and groundwater.		
Non-tidal artificial waterways		I.	
PO17 The location of artificial waterways: (1) avoids groundwater-recharge areas; (2) incorporates low lying areas of a catchment connected to an existing waterway; (3) does not disturb natural wetlands and any associated buffer areas; (4) minimises disturbing soils or sediments; and (5) avoids altering the natural hydrologic regime in nutrient hazardous areas.	AO17 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome Three leachate ponds and a stormwater containment dam are proposed for the composting facility. Refer to Appendix C.3.3 ERA53(a) – Composting Environmental Assessment Report for further details on the development of these waterways.
PO18 Stormwater is treated before discharge into a non-tidal artificial waterway.	AO18 Before being discharged into an artificial waterway, stormwater is treated to achieve the applicable stormwater management design objectives outlined in: (1) Table 9.4.2.3.2- Construction Phase — Stormwater Management Design Objectives; (2) Table 9.4.2.3.3 - Construction phase — Stormwater Management Design	Performance outcome	Complies with performance Outcome In the first instance, stormwater is proposed to be reused on the site (AD facility or compost wetting). In the event of significant rainfall events, stormwater from the composting activity will be collected and treated to the required standards before being discharge into the artificial waterway.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	Objectives for Temporary Drainage Works; and (3) Table 9.4.2.3.4 - Post Construction Phase – Stormwater Management Design Objectives.		
Any artificial waterway is designed, constructed and managed in a way that avoids or minimises adverse impacts on ecological processes, water quality, flood capacity, waterway integrity, and ecosystem and human health.  Editor's Note - A suitably qualified registered professional engineer, Queensland (RPEQ) with specific experience in establishing artificial waterways is required to demonstrate compliance with the requirement.	AO19 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome The three leachate and single stormwater containment ponds will be designed, constructed, and managed in a way that will avoid and minimise as much as possible adverse impacts. Further information can be found in Appendix C.3.3 ERA53(a) — Composting Environmental Assessment Report for details on the development of these waterways.



Table 9.4.2.3.2- Construction Phase – Stormwater Management Design Objectives				
Issue	Desired Outcomes			
Drainage control  Note - Refer to IECA 2008 Best	<ul> <li>(1) Manage stormwater flows around or through areas of exposed soil to avoid contamination.</li> <li>(2) Manage sheet flows in order to avoid or minimise the generation of rill or gully erosion.</li> <li>(3) Provide stable concentrated flow paths to achieve the construction phase stormwater management design objectives for</li> </ul>			
Practice Erosion and Sediment Control (as amended) for details on	temporary drainage works as specified in Table 9.4.2.3.2 - Construction phase – stormwater management design objectives for temporary drainage works.			
the application of the Construction Phase requirements.	(4) Provide emergency spillways for sediment basins to achieve the construction phase stormwater management design objectives of:			
	<ul><li>(a) 10% AEP where the design life is less than 3 months;</li><li>(b) 5% AEP where the design life is 3-12 months;</li></ul>			
	(c) 2% AEP where the design life is greater than 12 months.			
Erosion control	(1) Stage clearing and construction works to minimise the area of exposed soil at any one time. (2) Effectively cover or stabilise exposed soils prior to predicted rainfall.			
Note - Refer to IECA 2008 Best Practice Erosion and Sediment Control (as amended) for details on the application of the Construction Phase requirements.	<ul><li>(3) Prior to completion of works for the development, and prior to removal of sediment controls, all site surfaces must be effectively stabilised using methods which will achieve effective short-term stabilisation.</li></ul>			
Sediment control	(1) Direct runoff from exposed site soils to sediment controls that are appropriate to the extent of disturbance and level of erosion risk.			
	(2) All exposed areas greater than 2500 metres <sup>2</sup> must be provided with sediment controls which are designed, implemented and maintained to a standard which would achieve at least 80% of the average annual runoff volume of the contributing catchment treated (i.e. 80% hydrological effectiveness) to 50mg/L Total Suspended Solids (TSS) or less, and pH in the range (6.5–8.5).			
Litter, hydrocarbons and other	(1) Remove gross pollutants and litter.			
contaminants	<ul><li>(2) Avoid the release of oil or visible sheen to released waters.</li><li>(3) Dispose of waste containing contaminants at authorised facilities.</li></ul>			
Waterway stability and flood flow management	(1) Measures are either installed prior to land disturbance and are integrated with erosion and sediment controls, or equivalent alternative measures are implemented during construction.			



Table 9.4.2.3.2- Construction Phase – Stormwater Management Design Objectives			
Issue Desired Outcomes			
	(2) Earthworks and the implementation of erosion and sediment controls are undertaken in ways which ensure flooding characteristics (including stormwater quantity characteristics) external to the development site are not worsened during construction.		

**Note** - Drainage, erosion and sediment controls should be appropriate to the risk posed by the activity for the relevant climatic region e.g. considering the potential soil loss rate, monthly erosivity or average monthly rainfall.

**Note** - An effectively stabilised surface is defined as one that does not, or is not likely to result in visible evidence of soil loss caused by sheet, rill or gully erosion or lead to sedimentation water contamination.

Table 9.4.2.3.3 - Construction phase – Stormw	ater Management Design Obj	ectives for Temporary Drainage Wo	orks
Tanananan duainana madu	Anticipated ope	ration design life and minimum des	sign storm event
Temporary drainage works	< 12 months	12–24 months	> 24 months
Drainage structure	1 in 2 year ARI	1 in 5 year ARI	1 in 10 year ARI
	39% AEP	18% AEP	10% AEP
Where located immediately up-slope of an occupied property that	at 1 in 10 year ARI		
would be adversely affected by the failure or overtopping of the		10% AEP	
structure			
Culvert crossing	1 in 1 year ARI		
	63% AEP		

	Table 9.4.2.3.4 - Post Construction Phase – Stormwater Management Design Objectives				
	Reductions in mean annual load from unmitigated development (%)				
Total Suspended	Total Phosphorus	Total Nitrogen	Gross Pollutants	Matanuay Stability Managament	
Solids (TSS)	(TP)	(TN)	>5mm	Waterway Stability Management	
80	60	45	90	Limit the 63% AEP event discharge within the receiving waterway to the	
				pre-development 63% AEP event discharge	



## 3 LANDSCAPING CODE

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
Table 9.4.4.3.1— Criteria for Assessable Deve	lopment		
Retention of Trees			
PO1 Landscaping: (1) is sensitive to existing site conditions, topography and scenic and landscape characteristics; (2) as far as practicable, retains existing vegetation of ecological value; and (3) protects and enhances the existing character and amenity of the site, street and surrounding area.	AO1 Development; (1) ensures the retention of existing trees where practicable; and (2) ensures: (a) retained planting is protected in accordance with AS 4970 2009 - Protection of Trees on Development sites; or (b) that where significant trees and vegetation cannot practicably be retained, mature vegetation of the same or similar species is provided elsewhere on the development site.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The subject site is located over land that is currently cleared of naturally occurring vegetation and used for agricultural purposes. Accordingly, the development is not required to retain any existing vegetation.
Preferred Species			
PO2 Landscaping: (1) predominately uses native species suitable to the location of the development; and (2) avoids the introduction or spread of weed species and pests.	AO2 Development ensures that: (1) at least 50% of trees are species selected from Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design - Part 4 Preferred Landscape Species; and (2) plants listed in the Biosecurity Act 2014 are not used.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The development will utilize at least 50% of tree species as specified within Part 4 of PSP2 and not utilize any species in the Biosecurity Act 2014. Further information on specific species to be used throughout the development can be found in Appendix B.11 Landscape Design Intent in the RDIAR.
Landscaping - where not otherwise specified	·		, ,



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
PO3  Development, where no specific landscape requirements are stated in this Code, incorporates landscaping designed to: (1) enhance and soften the visual and built form attributes of a development; (2) complement the existing design and character of landscaping on adjacent sites; (3) integrate the development with its surroundings; and (4) reflect the landscape character of the locality.	AO3 Development incorporates aesthetic landscaping which meets the standards in Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome  Landscaping for the development will enhance and compliment site design and be integrated into the surroundings. The landscaping will aim to reflect the landscape characteristics of the rural Precinct of the SRAIP Development Area which adjoins industrial buildings.
Climate Control and Energy Efficiency			
PO4 Development provides landscaping that assists in passive solar access, the provision of shade, microclimate management and energy conservation.	AO4 Climate control and energy efficiency design meets the standards in Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design.	Performance Outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome The development occurs in the Rural Precinct of the SRAIP Plan Area. Siting of trees (such as Queensland blue gums) will be in accordance with operational needs.
Protection of Buildings and Infrastructure			
PO5 Development ensures that the location and type of planting does not have an adverse effect on building foundations or electricity infrastructure such as overhead and	AO5.1 Planting is not undertaken within a public utility easement or within 3 metres of overhead or underground utility services.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  No planting will occur within any public utility easements or within 3m of any overhead or underground utility services.
underground utility services.	AO5.2 Plant species will not damage building foundations or overhead and underground utility services.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome No intrusive plant species which may cause damage to the composting activity, or its foundations will be used. Further information of plant species intended to be used throughout the SRAIP can be



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
			found in Appendix B.11 – Landscape Design Intent in the RDIAR.
	AO5.3  Vegetation used in landscaping adjacent to substations, or adjacent to an electricity easement uses species which will be less than 4 metres in height at maturity, and will not encroach within 3 metres of a substation boundary.	N/A	Not Applicable Landscaping is not adjacent to a substation or an electricity easement.
Landscape Bonds			
PO6 Development ensures the timely and proper performance and maintenance of landscape works.	AO6 Development provides a bond equivalent to: (1) the cost of proposed landscape works; and (2) maintenance works required until landscape plantings are established.  Note - A bond may be provided in stages in line with identified stages of development.  Note - Bonding would not generally be required for minor landscaping.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome Landscaping works will be delivered in a timely manner and maintained appropriately. As landscaping is internal to the subject site and held as common property, no landscaping bonds are required. Further information on proposed landscape works can be found in Appendix B.11 Landscape Design Intent in the RDIAR.
Aesthetic Landscaping		<u>'</u>	
PO7 Development in the: (1) Community Facilities Zone; (2) District Centre Zone; (3) Industry Zone; (4) Local Centre Zone; (5) Major Centre Zone; (6) Minor Tourism Zone; (7) Mixed Use Zone (Commercial/Industrial Precinct); and (8) Township Zone (Where no precinct applies), provide aesthetic landscaping to:	An aesthetic landscape strip is provided being:  (1) a minimum width of:  (a) 2 metres where located in the Industry Zone,     Mixed Use Zone (Commercial/Industrial     Precinct) or Community Facilities Zone; and  (b) 1 metre where located in any other listed     Zone; and  (2) within the site boundaries adjacent to all street     and public place boundaries; and  (3) designed and constructed in accordance with     Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design.	N/A	Not Applicable The composting activity occurs within the Rural Precinct of the SRAIPDP Area and the underlying Rural Zone of the Planning Scheme.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
(a) enhance and soften the built form;			
<ul><li>(b) enhance the streetscape character;</li></ul>			
(c) contribute to attractive streets; and			
(d) be consistent with the local character			
having regard to the zone in which the			
site is located.			
Note - this outcome does not apply where			
buildings are not set back from the street or			
a public space boundary			
Buffer Landscaping			
PO8	AO8	N/A	Not Applicable
Buffer landscaping within the following zones	On all common boundaries with land in a residential		The subject site has no common
is designed to minimise impacts on land in an	zone, development provides:		boundaries with land in a residential
adjoining residential zone having regard to	(1) buffer landscaping with a minimum width of 2		zone category.
visual amenity and privacy:	metres designed and constructed in accordance		
(1) Community Facilities Zone;	with Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design;		
(2) District Centre Zone;	or		
(3) Local Centre Zone;	(2) a solid screen fence 1.8m high.		
(4) Major Centre Zone; and			
(5) Minor Tourism Zone.	<b>Note</b> : In areas of MLES or MSES, fencing or buffer		
	landscaping is designed to be wildlife-friendly.		
Screen Landscaping			



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
Screen landscaping that screens the development from a residential zone, and maintains visual amenity and privacy, is provided to all development within the following zones:  (1) Industry Zone; (2) Low Density Residential Zone; (3) Low-Medium Density Residential Zone; and (4) Mixed Use Zone (Commercial/Industrial Precinct).	On all common boundaries with land in a residential zone, development provides:  (1) screen landscaping with a minimum width of:  (a) 3 metres if located in the Industry Zone or Mixed Use Zone (Commercial/Industrial Precinct); or  (b) 2 metres if located in any other listed Zone; or  (2) a solid screen fence 1.8 metres high.  Screen landscaping shall be designed and constructed in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design.  Note - In areas of MLES or MSES, fencing or buffer landscaping is designed to be wildlife-friendly.	N/A	Not Applicable The composting activity occurs within the Rural Precinct of the SRAIPDP Area and the underlying Rural Zone of the Planning Scheme.
Street Landscaping			
PO10  Development includes street landscaping that enhances the character of the local area and:  (1) incorporates shade trees; (2) contributes to the continuity, character and form of existing and proposed streetscapes in the locality, including streetscape works; (3) incorporates landscape design (including planting, pavements, furniture, structures, etc.) that reflect and enhance the character of the streetscape; (4) incorporates landscape design that is consistent with and complementary to	AO10 Development: (1) provides street trees along each road frontage of the site at whichever is the greater of: (a) 1 tree per 10 metres of road frontage; or (b) 1 tree per 400m² of site area; and (2) uses trees selected from Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design - Part 4 Preferred Landscape Species; and (3) provides streetscape in accordance with standards in Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design.	N/A	Not Applicable The composting activity occurs within the Rural Precinct of the SRAIPDP Area and the underlying Rural Zone of the Planning Scheme. No traditional streets are being proposed in the precinct.



Acceptable outcomes	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Outdoor storage areas will be screened by an appropriate width landscaping buffer and constructed in accordance with PSP2. Further information on landscaping applying to the whole SRAIP can be found in Appendix B.11 — Landscape Design Intent in the RDIAR.
Acceptable outcomes	Complies with Acceptable Outcome A landscaping strip is provided to visually screen the car parking areas from the streetscape that will meet the standards of PSP2. Further information on landscaping applying to the whole SRAIP can be found in Appendix B.11 – Landscape Design Intent in the RDIAR.
	outcomes  Acceptable



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
PO13 Animal keeping provides for: (1) landscaping: (a) that enhances and softens the visual and built form attributes of a development; and (b) integrates the development with its surroundings; and (2) landscaping that buffers the development and any incompatible uses and provides privacy for sensitive receivers.	AO13 Where visible from an adjoining road or sensitive receiver not associated with the development, development provides: (1) buffer landscaping designed and constructed in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design; or (2) a solid 1.8 metre high screen fence.	N/A	Not Applicable Development is not for Animal keeping
PO14 A Tourist park, Relocatable home park or a Retirement facility mitigates potential visual impacts of the development by including appropriate screening and separation from	AO14.1 A solid 1.8 metre high screen fence is provided for the full length of any common property boundary adjoining a sensitive receiver.	N/A	Not Applicable The proposed development is for a composting facility.
the street and sensitive receivers.	AO14.2  A 3 metre wide screen landscape is provided to the front, side and rear property boundaries of the site designed and constructed in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design.	N/A	Not Applicable The proposed development is for a composting facility.
PO15 An Extractive industry is screened from roads, public areas and neighbouring	AO15.1  No existing vegetation is cleared within buffer areas.	N/A	Not Applicable The proposed development is for a composting facility.
properties for the life of the activity, having regard to: (1) the characteristics of the site and surrounding area; (2) the resource being extracted; and (3) the landscape character of the locality.	AO15.2 Shrubs and trees are either retained or planted to: (1) screen the activities on the site from any public area; and (2) provide a screen landscape at least 30 metres wide along all boundaries.	N/A	Not Applicable The proposed development is for a composting facility.



<b>Performance Outcomes</b>	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	AO15.3  Where there is no existing vegetation to form an adequate screen, planted mounds are erected within 10 metres of the property boundary: (1) with a maximum slope of 1 in 3; and (2) a minimum height of 1.2 metres such as to impede the line of site from adjoining residences and public places.	N/A	Not Applicable The proposed development is for a composting facility.
	AO15.4  A Landscape Plan, prepared by a suitably qualified person, will be submitted to Council which provides for:  (1) an overall concept plan for screen landscaping; (2) for screen landscaping to be planted in advance of stages; (3) maintenance of vegetation; and (4) proposed criteria and staging for the submission of the landscape bond for the establishment and maintenance of landscaping.	N/A	Not Applicable The proposed development is for a composting facility.
	AO15.5 Landscaping meets the standards in Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design.	N/A	Not Applicable The proposed development is for a composting facility.
PO16 A medium density residential activity provides for: (1) landscaping: (a) that enhances and softens the visual and built form attributes of a development; and (b) integrates the development with its	setback, which comprises a minimum of 70% soft landscaping.	N/A	Not Applicable The proposed development is for a composting facility.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
surroundings; (2) landscaping that screens the development from incompatible uses and provides privacy for sensitive receivers; (3) landscaping that ensures vehicle parking, public areas and common areas enhance the amenity of the site and mitigate impacts associated with expanses of hardstand area.			
PO17 Large scale structures associated with: (1) Intensive animal industry (not being a poultry farm); (2) Intensive horticulture; (3) Renewable energy facility; (4) Wholesale nursery; and do not present an appearance of bulk to a residential zone, sensitive land uses, roads or public places adjacent to the development through buffer landscaping, design or distance.	AO17  Development: (1) provides buffer landscaping where the development is visible from a residential zone, existing sensitive receivers, roads or public places; and (2) ensures that landscaping is designed and constructed in accordance with Planning Scheme Policy 2 - Landscape Design.	Performance Outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome The siting of the composting activity is such that it is shielded by the industrial buildings of the SRAIP precinct from prominent viewsheds. No residential zones are located in proximity to the subject site of the composting activity (lot 19).

**Note** - Where a development is subject to more than one landscape outcome, the following applies:

- (1) where differing standards apply, the higher standard and greater width of landscaping applies;
- (2) landscaping can be combined to achieve multiple outcomes, e.g. a car park buffer can also provide aesthetic landscaping where designed appropriately



## 4 PARKING AND ACCESS CODE

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments		
able 9.4.5.3.1— Criteria for Accepted Development and Assessable Development					
Parking Provision Rates					
PO1 Development provides for sufficient vehicle and service vehicle parking on site to satisfy the expected demand for the number and type of vehicles likely to be generated by a use having regard to the particular circumstances of the premises including the:  (1) nature, intensity and hours of operation of the use; and  (2) the existing and expected future traffic conditions in the surrounding area.	AO1 Development provides the number of vehicle and service vehicle parking spaces on site identified in Table 9.4.5.3.3 - Car and Service Vehicle Parking.  Note - Car parking for people with disabilities must be addressed in accordance with the provisions of the National Construction Code, Volume 1, Part D3.5 Accessible Carparking.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome The number of car parks proposed for this facility is 10.  The composting activity will only require a maximum of 5 personnel to operate during the day. Any visitors will be limited to landscape suppliers and farmers (customers) viewing the material, and soil quality testers associated with those sales. Visitors will only be there for short periods and will be under Kalfresh's escort.		
Vehicle Access and Manoeuvring					
PO2 Vehicle parking areas are designed to: (1) provide for safe and efficient vehicle movements throughout the site; (2) minimise conflict between vehicles and pedestrians; and (3) provide for safe and efficient ingress and egress points.	AO2 All vehicles are able to enter and exit the site in a forward direction.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  Vehicle manoeuvring will be checked during detailed design to ensure adequate turning areas are provided to ensure all design vehicles can enter and exit in a forward direction.		



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments			
Table 9.4.5.3.2—Criteria for Assessable Development						
Car Park Design and Layout						
PO1 Vehicle parking areas are located and designed to: (1) provide for safe and efficient movement of vehicles and	AO1.1 Each car space provided has a minimum width of 2.4 metres and a minimum length of 5.4 metres.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Car park design and layout will comply with the minimum dimension requirements.			
pedestrians throughout the site; (2) minimise conflict between vehicles and pedestrians; (3) clearly delineate safe pedestrian movement; (4) provide for safe and efficient ingress and egress points; (5) provide for safety and security of users and pedestrians; (6) incorporate on-site landscaping; and (7) minimise the impact of vehicle parking on adjacent uses.	AO1.2 Each parking bay provided for a heavy vehicle has the minimum dimensions specified below: (1) Articulated vehicle (AV): minimum width of 3.5 metres and a minimum length of 17.5 metres; (2) Heavy rigid vehicle (HRV): minimum width of 3.5 metres and a minimum length of 11 metres; and (3) Small rigid vehicle (SRV): minimum width of 3.5 metres and a minimum length of 6.7 metres.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Heavy vehicle parking spaces will comply with minimum dimension requirements.			
parking on adjacent ases.	AO1.3 All internal car park aisles have a minimum width of 6.2 metres.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Internal car park aisles will have a minimum width sufficient with the requirements.			
	AO1.4 All vehicles are able to enter and exit the site in a forward direction.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Sufficient manoeuvring space will be provided on-site for all vehicles to enter and exit the site in a forward gear.			



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	AO1.5 Carpark and internal road pavements are constructed: (1) in the Rural and Rural Residential Zones, to at least 100mm of gravel pavement with cross drainage; or (2) in any other zone: (a) to at least 100mm of gravel pavement with a bitumen or asphaltic seal and cross drainage; or (b) of concrete.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  The car parking area and hardstand will be constructed of either gravel pavement or concrete.
Driveway Access		l .	
PO2 Vehicle access to a development: (1) responds to the needs of the use having regard to volume, frequency and type of vehicle generation; (2) provides for the safety of drivers and pedestrians; (3) provides unimpeded access for emergency and essential service vehicles; and (4) does not impact on the efficiency or safety of the external road network.	AO2.1 Driveway access is designed and constructed in accordance with the standards in Planning Scheme Policy 1: Infrastructure Design.  AND  AO2.2 The minimum driveway access dimensions for a heavy vehicle complies with Table 3.1, Section 3 of AS2890.1:2004 Parking Facilities - Part 1: Off-street Car Parking.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome Driveway access will be designed and constructed in accordance with the QFES Fire Hydrant and Vehicle Access Guidelines for Residential, Commercial and Industrial lots dated 03/2019 in conjunction with the relevant DTMR road manual.
PO3 The parking spaces are designed to be: (1) useable by the occupants and	AO3.1 Entry and exit points to the car park are clearly signposted.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Wayfinding signage will be provided on site.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
visitors including disabled persons; (2) easily accessible from the building; (3) located to encourage off-street	AO3.2 All parking spaces are freely available for use by a development's employees and visitors during the business hours of the use.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome All parking spaces will be freely available for use by employees and visitors.
parking; (4) located and designed to maintain or improve the character of the surrounding area; and (5) located within the development site.	AO3.3  Above ground or multi-level parking areas are designed, articulated and use finishes of a quality equal to or better than adjoining development.	N/A	Not Applicable  No above ground or multi-level parking is proposed.
PO4 The parking area provides: (1) clearly marked parking spaces of adequate dimensions;	AO4.1 The parking area is designed in accordance with AS2890.1:2004 - Parking Facilities — Part 1: Off-street Car Parking.3	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  The parking areas will consider all relevant Australian Standards in its design.
(2) adequate difficulties and expectage (3) a clear, safe, and effective circulation system; and (4) sufficient queuing area for vehicles entering or leaving the site.	AO4.2 Small car parking is: (1) limited to a maximum of 10% of the total spaces provided; (2) physically separated from standard sized spaces; and (3) signposted as small car parking.	N/A	Not Applicable Separated small car parking is not proposed at the composting facility.
	AO4.3  The layout of the parking area assists in controlling traffic circulation and parking movements, and in limiting vehicle speeds.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  The layout of the parking area will be appropriately designed to control traffic circulation and parking movements, and in limit vehicle speeds.
	AO4.4 Parking, turning movements or intersection aisles are not located in a queuing area.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Proposed parking, turning movements or intersection aisles will not be located in a queuing area.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes		Solution	Comments
	AO4.5  Queuing spaces are proviet with the table below.		Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  Queuing spaces are provided throughout the car park as required in the relevant standards.
	Static capacity of car park	Queue spaces		
	1 to 60 spaces	2		
	61 to 100 spaces	3		
	Greater than 100 spaces	As per table 3.3, AS 2890.1		
	AO4.6  Development, which is larged, provides one queue minimum length of 6 methods the property boundary.	ing space with a	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Development is accessed from an internal road. It provides one queuing space with a minimum length of 6 metres measured from the property boundary.
PO5 Parking areas are constructed to a standard: (1) suitable for the vehicles and frequency of use associated with development; and (2) that does not to cause environment nuisance.	AO5 The standard of construction including parking areas, driveway accesses: (1) reflects the type of vothe use; (2) reflects the frequence (3) reflects the nature of and (4) minimises noise and adjacent sensitive land	internal roads and ehicles associated with ey of use; f the development; dust impacts on	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  The standard of constructed surfaces, including parking areas, internal roads and driveway access will be considerate of the land use, proposed buildings, and types of vehicles associated with the use.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
PO6 Safe and segregated pedestrian paths are provided within the parking area that provide access to the use.	AO6 No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome Pedestrian paths are provided at the end of car parking areas and provides safe direct access from the car parking to infrastructure.
PO7 A bus pick up and set down area is provided on site where the development involves: (1) a Community use; or (2) an Educational establishment; or (3) a Hospital; or (4) a Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility; or (5) a Short term accommodation or Hotel with more than 20 units or rooms; or (6) a major Residential care facility; or (7) a Shopping centre with a GFA in excess of 5,000m².	AO7 A bus pick up and set down area is provided that allows: (1) a bus to manoeuvre in accordance with Austroads Standards for a long rigid bus; (2) passengers to safely board and alight from the bus; and (3) buses to avoid obstructing access for circulating traffic within the site or on the street.	N/A	Not Applicable The development does not propose a bus pick up and set down area.
PO8 A car pick up and set down area is provided on site where the development involves: (1) a Cemetery or Crematorium; or (2) a Child care centre; or (3) a Community use; or (4) an Educational establishment; or (5) a Hospital; or (6) a Major sport, recreation and entertainment facility; or (7) a licensed Club or Hotel; or	AO8 A car pick up and set down area is provided within the site that allows: (1) several cars at one time to manoeuvre in accordance with Austroads standards; (2) passengers to safely board and alight from the vehicle; and (3) cars to avoid obstructing access for circulating traffic within the site.	N/A	Not Applicable The development does not propose a car pick up and set down area. A car parking area has been proposed.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
<ul> <li>(8) a Place of worship; or</li> <li>(9) a Shopping centre with a gross floor area in excess of 5,000m².</li> </ul>			
Service Vehicle Provision			
PO9 Development provides for the loading, unloading, manoeuvring, and access by service vehicles on-site	AO9.1 Service vehicle parking is provided in accordance with Table 9.4.5.3.3 - Car and Service Vehicle Parking.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The development will consider the rates in Table 9.4.5.3.3.
in a manner that: (1) is sufficient for the service vehicles to gain ready access to loading or unloading facilities associated with the uses on site; (2) is safe and efficient;	AO9.2 Service areas and driveway accesses are provided in accordance with the provisions of AS2890.2 2002 –Parking Facilities – Off-street Commercial Vehicle Facilities.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Service areas and driveway accesses will consider all relevant provisions.
<ul><li>(3) does not impede vehicular and pedestrian circulation within or external to the site; and</li><li>(4) does not detract from the amenity of the locality and in particular adjoining properties.</li></ul>	AO9.3 Service vehicle loading and unloading areas are screened from view from adjacent incompatible uses.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Ample landscaping will be provided on the site which will provide visual screening.
PO10 Refuse collection vehicles are able to readily access on-site refuse storage facilities.	AO10.1 Access, pavement design and manoeuvring areas for an on-site refuse storage facility to enable access by a refuse collection vehicle are provided in accordance with Austroads standards, HB72 Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome  The access pavement design and manoeuvring areas for refuse storage will be designed to provide services to a heavy rigid vehicle in accordance with Austroads standards.  Detailed design will ensure manoeuvrability of heavy vehicles occur safely and efficiently on site.
	AO10.2 Extra pavement depth is provided on the route the refuse collection vehicle will take through the car park.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome  The access pavement design and manoeuvring areas for refuse storage is designed appropriately to be serviced with a heavy rigid vehicle in accordance with Austroads standards.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
Parking for Motorcycles			
PO11 Development provides parking spaces for motorcycles in a manner sufficient to meet user needs.	AO11 Parking spaces for motorcycles are provided in accordance with Section 2.4.7 of AS2890.1:2004 Parking Facilities - Part 1: Off-Street Car Parking.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The development will consider all relevant standards in relation to motorcycle parking.
Parking for Bicycles			
PO12 Development provides for bicycle parking and end-of-trip facilities in an adequate manner to meet user needs where the development	AO12.1  Bicycle parking is provided in accordance with AS2890.3:2015 - Parking Facilities - Bicycle Parking.	N/A	Not Applicable Bicycle parking is inconsistent with the intended use of the site and would cause conflicts.
<ul> <li>involves:</li> <li>(1) a Community use; or</li> <li>(2) a Sport, leisure or entertainment centre; or</li> <li>(3) a library or other public building; or</li> <li>(4) an Educational establishment; or</li> <li>(5) a Hospital or Health care service;</li> </ul>	AO12.2  Development provides for long term bicycle parking space together with the following endof-trip facilities:  (1) 1 locker per 2 bicycle parking spaces; and (2) 1 shower cubicle and change room per 10 bicycle parking spaces.	N/A	Not Applicable The development is for large-scale composting activities. End-of-trip facilities are not proposed.
or (6) a major park or recreation area; or (7) a Shopping centre.	AO12.3 Short-term, bicycle parking areas are located within 15 metres of the main entry to the building or facility they serve.	N/A	Not Applicable Bicycle parking is inconsistent with the intended use of the site and would cause conflicts.
Lighting	·		·
PO13 Development provides lighting for safety and security in and around parking areas.	AO13.1 Lighting is appropriately placed to avoid shadows and glare which might put pedestrians or vehicles at risk, including	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Lighting on the development will be appropriately placed to avoid shadows and glare which may put those using the site at risk.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	shielding lighting sources at eye level.		
	AO13.2 Night lighting is controlled by photoelectric cells rather than time switches.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  All lighting on site will be controlled by photoelectric cells rather than switches to ensure appropriate safety and security. Lighting will be designed in accordance with the relevant standards.
	AO13.3  Areas not intended for night use are closed off from public access.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome All areas which are not intended for night use will be closed to public access.
	AO13.4 Light spillage onto adjoining land and roadways is avoided and illumination levels outside the boundary of the site do not exceed 8 lux when measured 1.5 metres outside the boundary of the site at any level upwards from the ground.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Sufficient lighting will be provided to ensure safety and security in and around parking areas without causing spillage or nuisance to adjoining properties. Lighting will be designed to consider all relevant standards.
	AO13.5 Lighting within parking structures complies with AS/NZS 1680.1:2006 – Interior and Workplace Lighting - General Principles and Recommendations.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome All lighting installed within parking structures and parking lots will consider all relevant Australian standards.
PO14 Outdoor public spaces and car parking areas, which are used after dark, are appropriately and consistently lit to reduce the contrast between shadows and illuminated areas.	AO14.1  Areas intended for night-time use (including principal pedestrian and bicycle movement routes, car park walkways and public spaces) are lit in accordance with AS/NZS 1158 - Lighting for Roads and Public Spaces.	N/A	Not Applicable Public access to the composting facility will be limited to hours of daytime operation. Security lighting will be allowed for.
	AO14.2	N/A	Not Applicable



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	Areas that are heavily used by pedestrians, including main entries, walkways, and toilets are well lit to 50-110 lux.		The composting activity will not be heavily used by pedestrians – and the composting facility will be limited to hours of daytime operation
Public Safety			
PO15 Development enhances the public safety of a parking area by ensuring that a parking area: (1) optimises informal surveillance and controls inappropriate access; (2) is well-lit to enable surveillance of	AO15.1 A parking area: (1) is located where it can be monitored by passers-by and occupants of the development; and (2) with more than 100 spaces, is supervised during operating hours to provide surveillance and manage emergencies.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  The carparking facility on site will be located where it can be monitored by passers-by and those working in the facility. A supervisor is not required for less than 100 spaces.
all of the parking area and driveway accesses; (3) is well-signed and provided with emergency facilities; and (4) incorporates features which	AO15.2 A parking area is well lit, with vandal-proof lighting, to enable visibility of all parts of the parking area.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  The parking area will be well lit with vandal proof security lighting.
control vehicle speeds.	AO15.3 A parking area promotes public safety through open design and prevention of concealment areas.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  The car parking area does not propose any concealed areas and will be visible.
	AO15.4 A parking area is provided with signage identifying exits, destinations, and the location of emergency facilities including fire extinguishers, telephones, or emergency buttons.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The parking area will be provided with appropriate signage to identify exits and other important locations.
	AO15.5  Speed humps are designed in accordance with AS2890.1:2004 - Parking Facilities - Part 1: Offstreet Car Parking and in a manner that	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Any speed bumps will be designed and constructed to consider all relevant standards and located to ensure effectively managed vehicle speeds.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	reduces vehicle speeds, avoids damage to vehicles, and enables the bumps to be easily seen by both drivers and pedestrians.		
Parking Structures			
PO16 Parking structures have adequate clearance from walls, columns, roofs, and other obstructions, to facilitate ease and safety of use.	AO16.1 Parking structures comply with AS2890.1:2004 -Parking Facilities - Part 1: Off-street Car Parking.	N/A	Not Applicable The carpark will be an open-air ground level carpark. No parking structures are proposed.
, ,	AO16.2  Development does not incorporate tandem or stacked parking.	N/A	Not Applicable The carpark will be an open-air ground level carpark. No parking structures are proposed.
PO17  Parking structures are designed to minimise the visual impact of the structure on the streetscape and adjacent uses.	AO17.1 Parking structures complement the visual amenity of the streetscape in terms of building bulk, height, materials, colours, and façade articulation.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Where visible to the public, parking is separated from the internal roads through the use of landscaping. Car parking complements the visual amenity of the streetscape.
	AO17.2 Where structures adjoin residential uses the shadows cast by the structure, and the nature of the facade does not detrimentally impact on the residential use.	N/A	Not Applicable Development does not adjoin residential uses.
	AO17.3  Development provides that parking structures are an integral part of the building they serve.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  Car Parking is essential to the employees and visitors and the RS vehicle parking and parking bays are essential to the operation of the composting use.
	AO17.4  Development provides that a free-standing, parking area building is compatible with other nearby buildings.	N/A	Not Applicable Development does not involve a free-standing parking area building.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
	AO17.5  Development provides that where a parking area façade fronts directly on to a commercial or retail street, the street level incorporates retail or commercial uses in a manner that contributes to a pedestrian environment.	N/A	Not Applicable  Development fronts an internal road that does not involve any commercial or retail component.
Parcel Pick Up and Trolley Bay Areas			
PO18 Parcel pick up areas: (1) do not interrupt the flow of vehicles in circulation driveways; and (2) enable pedestrians to move freely and safely around vehicles in the pick-up area without being put at risk by traffic.	AO18  No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A	Not Applicable The development does not propose parcel pick up or trolley bay areas.
PO19 Development provides for trolley bays in parking areas associated with retail development to enable the orderly storage of shopping trolleys.	AO19 Trolley bays are provided in accordance with AS2890.1:2004 - Parking Facilities - Part 1: Offstreet Car Parking.	N/A	Not Applicable The development does not propose parcel pick up or trolley bay areas.
Signage			
PO20 Development provides for signage within parking areas to: (1) direct and inform drivers entering and circulating within parking areas about vehicle entry points, exits, and the location of parking	AO20.1 Signage is provided in accordance with: (1) AS2890.1:2004 Parking Facilities - Part 1: Off-street Car Parking; and (2) AS 1742: Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices.	Performance outcome	Complies with Performance Outcome  Being a private facility with internal access, signage in the parking area will consider all relevant Australian standards.
for disabled persons; (2) warn against hazards to safety or potential damage to vehicles;	AO20.2 Signage intended for night use is illuminated.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Signage for night use (security reasons) will be illuminated.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
<ul> <li>(3) identify rows of parking to enable users to locate their vehicles;</li> <li>(4) direct users to lifts, stairs, amenities, exits and other destinations; and</li> <li>(5) inform users about security measures.</li> </ul>	AO20.3  Parking spaces are clearly marked, and their location clearly signed to identify parking for site occupants, visitors, disabled persons, motorcyclists and cyclists.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome Parking spaces that are dedicated to specific individuals such as visitors or motorcyclists or caretakers will be clearly marked.
Landscaping		I	
PO21 Development provides for landscaping in parking areas to: (1) enhance the amenity of the site; (2) reduce the heat reflection, glare and the harsh visual effect of large expanses of concrete or asphalt; (3) provide shade for vehicles and pedestrian walkways; (4) separate and define different use areas in the parking area; (5) reduce light spill-over; and	AO21.1  Development provides for landscaping throughout parking areas, which:  (1) incorporates shade trees at the rate of one shade tree for every fourth car space;  (2) provides a minimum 1.2 metres square planting area for each shade tree;  (3) incorporates ground covers around the base of each shade tree; and  (4) uses shade tree species that are robust, provide an appropriate canopy, and do not create a nuisance from fruit or sap.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The development will comply with AO21.1 as per the SRAIP landscaping plan.
<ul><li>(5) reduce light spill-over; and</li><li>(6) separate incompatible uses.</li></ul>	AO21.2 A buffer landscaped strip 3 metres in width along all street frontages to the parking area is provided, and a 2 metre screen landscape is provided along all boundaries with residential or other sensitive land uses.	N/A	Not Applicable There are no street frontage with the composting activity as it is accessed via an internal formalised access road to be held in private easement.
	AO21.3  Development protects landscaping areas from vehicular traffic by barrier kerb, bollards, or similar devices.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome The development will comply with AO21.3 as per the SRAIP landscaping plan.



Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Solution	Comments
Parking Area Usage			
PO22 All parking areas are operated solely for the use of the tenants, customers and employees of the development.	AO22 The parking area is to be used solely by the users of the development site on which it is located and no parking spaces are to be used by, leased to, or sold to other persons.	Acceptable outcome	Complies with Acceptable Outcome  The parking areas will be for the sole usage of the employees and visitors related to the composting operations. The parking areas on site will not be sold or leased to external persons.

### Table 9.4.5.3.3 - Car and Service Vehicle Parking

#### Note:

- (1) Parking provisions for proposals that incorporate more than one use, is calculated on each use within the development.
- (2) Where the number of parking spaces calculated is not a whole number, then the number of spaces to be provided is to be the whole number next above the calculated number.
- (3) Where an existing building, occupied by an existing use, is extended, or the area of land occupied by an existing use is increased, the provision levels apply only to the extension of the building, or to the use of the additional land.
- (4) Where an existing building or land is occupied by a new use (not being an existing use), and the parking demand of the new use is greater than the existing use, the parking solution is the difference between the parking demand for the new use less the parking demand for the existing use. This difference in parking demand is required to be accommodated on-site.
- (5) For uses requiring less than 10 car parking spaces, the provision levels are in addition to any disabled parking requirements stipulated in the Building Code of Australia.

Land Use	No. of Car Parking Spaces	No. of Service Vehicle Parking Spaces	Additional Requirements for Assessable Development
Adult store	1 space per 20m <sup>2</sup> GFA.	1 SRV space where the GFA is less than 500m <sup>2</sup> . 1 SRV space and 1 HRV space where the GFA is 500m <sup>2</sup> or more.	
Agricultural supplies store	1 space per 50m <sup>2</sup> GFA.	1 SRV space.	1 customer loading area, suitable for at least 1 car towing a trailer is to be located within 20 metres of the building entrance. This could be in



			the form of a dedicated loading dock or drive-through loading or unloading area.
Animal husbandry	1 space per 2 employees; and 1 space per 10 animal enclosures.	Nil	
Animal keeping	1 space per 2 employees.	Nil	
Aquaculture	1 space per 2 employees; and 1 visitor space.	1 SRV space.	
Bar	1 space per 20m <sup>2</sup> of GFA	1 SRV space.	
Bulk landscape supplies	1 space per 200m <sup>2</sup> of use area with a minimum of 5 spaces.	1 SRV space.  1 customer loading area, suitable for at least 1 car towing a trailer is to be located within 20 metres of the building entrance. This could be in the form of a dedicated loading dock or drive-through loading or unloading area.	Provision is made for parking spaces and loading areas for larger vehicles, and cars with trailers.
Car wash	1 space per 20m <sup>2</sup> of GFA.	Nil	
Childcare centre	1 space per employee; and 1 space per 8 children	Nil	Pick up and set down spaces should be provided on the site adjacent to the main entrance to the premises.
Club	1 space per 20m² of GFA.	1 SRV space.	
Community care centre	1 space per 20m² of GFA and 1 space per 2 employees	1 SRV space.  Ambulance and bus spaces as determined upon submission of carparking assessment to Council.	Special attention should be given to the provision of wider car spaces for persons who are disabled or use walking frames.
Community use	Community centre/senior citizens centre/youth centre/neighbourhood centre 1 space per 10m² of GFA.	1 HRV space.	Special attention should be given to the provision of wider car spaces for persons who are disabled or use walking frames.  Provision is to be made for the parking of buses.



	Community hall/meeting rooms		
	1 space per 10m² of GFA.		
	<u>Cultural centre</u>		
	1 space per 30m <sup>2</sup> of GFA; and		
	1 space per 2 employees.		
	Art gallery/library/ museum		
	1 space per 50m <sup>2</sup> of display area; and		
	1 space per 2 employees.		
Crematorium	1 space per employee; and	1 SRV space; and	
	1 space per 5 crematorium seats or equivalent pew capacity.	1 space for each hearse.	
Cropping	Nil	Nil	N/A
Dwelling unit	1 space		
Educational	Primary and High schools	1 SRV space	
establishment	1 space per teacher; and		
	1 space per 2 other employees; and	Primary and High schools:	
	1 space per 10 students in Year 12; and	1 bus parking space per 120 students; and	
	1 visitor space per 100 students.	bicycle parking at the rate of 1 space per 25	
	Other facilities	students in year 3 and over; and	
		space for student pick-up and drop off.	
	1 space per 10m <sup>2</sup> of GFA; and		
	1 space per 2 employees.		
Environment facility	1 space per 30m² of TUA	1 SRV space.	
Extractive industry	1 space per 2 employees; and		
•	1 visitor space		
Food and drink outlet	Drive through facility	1 SRV space.	Parking provision may be reduced if the facility is incorporated in a shopping centre.



	1 space per 10m² of customer floor space up to 300m², thereafter 1 space per 20m²; and 1 space per 2 employees.  Café / restaurant 1 space per 10m² of customer floor space; and 1 space per 2 employees.		If including a drive-through serving facility, separate queuing is to be provided for 12 vehicles at the drive-through servery.  Bicycle parking facilities are desirable.
Function facility	1 space per 10m² of TUA	1 SRV space.	
Funeral parlour	1 space per employee; and 1 space per 5 funeral chapel seats or equivalent pew capacity.	1 SRV space; and 1 space for each hearse.	_
Garden centre	Nursery component  1 space per 100m² of display area with a minimum of 5 spaces; and 1 space per 20m² of indoor retail use area.  Landscaping materials component 1 space per 200m² of display area with a minimum of 5 spaces.	1 SRV space.  1 customer loading area, suitable for at least 1 car towing a trailer is to be located within 20 metres of the building entrance. This could be in the form of a dedicated loading dock or drive-through loading or unloading area.	If the use incorporates a café or restaurant, additional parking is to be provided at the rates for such uses.  Provision is made for parking spaces and loading areas for larger vehicles, and cars with trailers.
Hardware and trade supplies	1 space per 20m <sup>2</sup> of GFA.	1 SRV space.  1 customer loading area, suitable for at least 1 car towing a trailer is to be located within 20 metres of the building entrance. This could be in the form of a dedicated loading dock or drive-through loading or unloading area.	If the use incorporates a café or restaurant, additional parking is to be provided at the rates for such uses.  Provision is made for parking spaces and loading areas for larger vehicles, and cars with trailers.
Health care service	4 spaces per medical practitioner; and 1 space per 2 administrative and support employees.	1 SRV space.	An ambulance bay may be required depending on size of medical centre.  Bicycle parking facilities are desirable.



High impact	1 space per 50m <sup>2</sup> of GFA; or	1 SRV space; and	_
industry	1 space per employee, whichever is the greatest.	HRV and AV spaces as determined upon submission of carparking assessment to Council.	
Hotel	Hotel  1 space per guest room/resident manager; and  1 space per 10m² of bar, lounge, beer garden or other public area; and  1 space per 35m² of liquor sales area; and queuing for 12 vehicles for any drivethrough bottle shop.	1 SRV space plus 1HRV space	Parking spaces for guests and managers are to be specifically allocated for such use, and sign posted accordingly.
Indoor sport and recreation	General requirement  1 space per 10m²; or  0.4 spaces per participant.  Amusement arcade and gaming machines  1 space per 20m² of TLA.  Bowling centre  2 spaces per lane.  Club  1 space per 20m² up to 1,500m² of GFA;  Concert hall/dance hall  1 space per 5 seats.  Gymnasium  1 space per 20m² of GFA.  Indoor cricket  15 spaces per court.	1 SRV space. Bus and taxi pick up and set down areas, and service vehicle spaces for loading and unloading.	Bicycle parking facilities are desirable as appropriate.  Provision is also made for bus and taxi pick-up and set down as determined by the Local Government.



	4 20m² -f 654	I	T
	1 space per 20m <sup>2</sup> of GFA.		
	Tennis/squash/ badminton courts		
	2 spaces per court.		
	<u>Theatre/cinema</u>		
	1 space per 5 seats; and		
	1 space per 2 employees.		
	Volleyball/netball/ basketball courts		
	10 spaces per court.		
Intensive animal	1 space per employee; and	Nil	
industry	1 visitor space.		
Intensive	1 space per employee; and 1 visitor	1 SRV space.	_
horticulture	space.		
Low impact industry	1 space per 50m <sup>2</sup> of GFA; or	1 SRV space; and	
	1 space per employee; whichever is the	HRV and AV spaces as determined upon	
	greatest.	submission of carparking assessment to	
		Council.	
Medium impact	1 space per 50m <sup>2</sup> of GFA; or	1 SRV space; and	
industry	1 space per employee, whichever is the	HRV and AV spaces as determined upon	
	greatest.	submission of carparking assessment to	
		Council.	
Multiple dwelling	<u>General requirement</u>	1 SRV space where more than 10 units.	Student accommodation provision only applies
	1 space per 1 bedroom unit;		where student accommodation is located in
	otherwise 2 spaces per unit; and		close proximity to good public transport services. Standard medium density rates apply
	1 visitor space per 2 units; and		otherwise.
	Not less than 50% of visitor car parking		
	spaces are sited between the Building		
	and the street frontage, or on the main		
	approach side of the street.		
Nature-based tourism	1 space per 30m <sup>2</sup> of TUA	1 SRV space.	



entertainment facility	1 space per 2 employees.		
Office	1 space per 30m <sup>2</sup> of GFA.		
Outdoor sales	1 per 100m² of TUA		
Outdoor sport and recreation	Court games 2 spaces per court.  Golf course 4 spaces per hole; and 1 space per 10m² of bar, lounge and other entertainment areas.  Lawn bowls 20 spaces per green.  Swimming pool 15 spaces; and 1 space per 100m² of Development footprint excluding access and car parking areas.  Football field 50 spaces per field.  Equestrian and coursing sports 1 space per 5 persons able to be seated; and 1 space per 5m² of other spectator areas.  Other Outdoor Sports As a minimum requirement, 1 space per 5 spectator seats; and 1 space per 5m² of other spectator area.  Otherwise as determined by the Local	1 SRV space.  1 SRV space.  1 SRV space.  Provision to be made for trailer/horse float parking.  As determined upon submission of carparking assessment to Council.	Bicycle parking facilities are desirable.
	Otherwise as determined by the Local Government.		



Place of worship	1 space per employee; and	2 SRV spaces.	Bicycle parking facilities are desirable.
	1 space per 5 seats or equivalent pew capacity.	An on-site pickup and set-down area to be provided adjacent to main entry of the facility.	Where a hall or other buildings are provided in association with the place of worship, additional parking is to be provided having regard to the uses proposed.
Relocatable home park	1 space per resident manager; and 1 space per employee; and 1 space per site; and 1 visitor space per 5 sites (or part thereof); plus 1 vehicle washing space per 50 sites (or part thereof). Minimum of 4 visitor spaces.	1 HRV space.	1 space is provided on each permanent occupancy or short term occupancy site.
Research and technology industry	1 space per 50m <sup>2</sup> of GFA; or 1 space per employee, whichever is the greatest.	1 SRV space; and HRV and AV spaces as determined upon submission of carparking assessment to Council.	
Residential care facility	1 space per 2 employees; and 1 space per 5 nursing home beds; and 1 space per 4 hostel type units; and 1 space per self contained unit; and visitor parking at 1 space per 5 beds.	1 SRV space; and 1 ambulance space; and 1 bus space.	Consideration is to be given to providing for persons with disabilities or walking frames who require wider car parking spaces.  Bicycle parking facilities are desirable.
Retirement facility	1 space per 2 employees; and 1 space per dwelling unit; and visitor parking at 1 space per 5 dwelling units.	1 SRV space; and 1 ambulance space; and 1 bus space.	Consideration is to be given to providing for persons with disabilities or walking frames who require wider car parking spaces.  Bicycle parking facilities are desirable.
Rooming accommodation	1 visitor space per 2 units; and Not less than 50% of visitor car parking spaces are sited between the Building and the street frontage, or on the main approach side of the street.	Nil.	



	Student accommodation		
	0.5 spaces per dwelling or rented bedroom; and		
	0.5 bicycle spaces per dwelling or rented bedroom.		
	Boarding house		
	0.25 spaces per rented room or unit; and		
	0.5 bicycle spaces per rented room or unit.		
	General requirement:  1 visitor space per 2 units; and  Not less than 50% of visitor car parking spaces are sited between the Building and the street frontage, or on the main approach side of the street.		
Rural industry	1 per employee and 1 visitor space		
Sales office	1 per employee and 2 visitor spaces.	Nil.	All spaces to be provided at the 1 location in the curtilage of the sales office.
Service industry	1 space per 20m <sup>2</sup> of GFA.	1 SRV space where the GFA is less than 500m <sup>2</sup> .	
		1 SRV space and 1 HRV space where the GFA is 500m <sup>2</sup> or more, but less than 2000m <sup>2</sup> .	
		As determined upon submission of carparking assessment to Council, where the GFA is 2,000m <sup>2</sup> or more.	
Service station	1 space per 2 employees; and	1 AV space suitable for the parking of petrol	Tandem car parking may be acceptable for
	6 spaces per workshop service bay; and	tankers; and	serviced, repaired or employee vehicles.
	1 space per 20m <sup>2</sup> of retail space; and	1 SRV space.	



	queuing space for a minimum of 3 cars from the end of each petrol pump lane.		Where a carwash is ancillary to the service station, separate queuing space should be provided for 5 cars at the entrance of the car wash.
Shop	1 space per 20m <sup>2</sup> of GFA.	1 SRV space where the GFA is less than 500m <sup>2</sup> .  1 SRV space and 1 HRV space where the GFA is 500m <sup>2</sup> or more, but less than 2000m <sup>2</sup> .  As determined upon submission of carparking assessment to Council, where the GFA is	
Shopping centre	1 space per 20m <sup>2</sup> of total leasable area.	2,000m² or more.  1 SRV space where the gross floor area is less than 500m².  1 SRV space and 1 HRV space where the gross floor area is 500m² or more but less than 2,000m².  As determined upon submission of carparking assessment to Council, where the gross floor area is 2,000m² or more.	Where the shops comprise a single integrated complex in excess of 4,000m² gross floor area, provision is to be made for—  (a) on-site bus and taxi parking; and  (b) bicycle parking.
Short-term accommodation	1 space per unit; and 1 space per resident manager; and 1 space per employee	1 SRV space.	_
Showroom	1 space per 40m <sup>2</sup> of GFA.	1 HRV space where the gross floor area is less than 1,000m².  1 AV space where the gross floor area is between 1,000m² and 2,000m².  As determined upon submission of carparking assessment to Council, where the gross floor area is greater than 2,000m².  1 customer loading area, suitable for at least 1 car towing a trailer is to be located within 20	



		metres of the building entrance. This could be in the form of a dedicated loading dock or drive-through loading or unloading area.	
Tourist attraction	1 space per 30m <sup>2</sup> of TUA	1 SRV space.	
Tourist park	1 space per resident manager; and 1 space per camp site; and 1 space per 10 sites for visitor parking.	1 SRV space.	Where the camping grounds incorporate public use areas, additional car parking spaces will be required to accommodate the parking demand generated by such areas.
Transport depot	1 car parking space per heavy vehicle space; and 1 space per 2 employees.	Nil where Accepted development.	
Veterinary service	4 spaces per veterinary consulting room; and 1 space per 2 employees.	1 SRV space.	
Warehouse	1 space per 100m <sup>2</sup> of GFA.	1 AV space.	_
Wholesale nursery	1 space per employee.	1 SRV space.  1 customer loading area, suitable for at least 1 car towing a trailer is to be located within 20 metres of the building entrance. This could be in the form of a dedicated loading dock or drive-through loading or unloading area.	If the use incorporates a café or restaurant, additional parking is to be provided at the rates for such uses.  Provision is made for parking spaces and loading areas for larger vehicles, and cars with trailers.
Winery	1 space per employee and 1 space per 20m² of GFA used for retail, tourism or other commercial purposes.	1 SRV space.	If open to the public, additional parking is to be provided as per the relevant use space – e.g. shop or restaurant, bus parking and manoeuvring.
Any other land use not mentioned in this table	To be determined upon submission of a (	Car Parking Assessment to Council.	





# **CONTACT US**

• www.epicenvironmental.com.au

in https://www.linkedin.com/company/epic-environmental-pty-ltd/

**\** 1800 779 363

 $oxed{\square}$  enquiries@epicenvironmental.com.au