Scenic Rim Agricultural Industrial Precinct Project



Appendix A.6 - SDAP Code Responses



STATE CODE 1: DEVELOPMENT IN A STATE-CONTROLLED ROAD ENVIRONMENT

Table 1.1 Development in general

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response	
Buildings, structures, infrastructure, services and utilities			
PO1 The location of the development does not create a safety hazard for users of the state - controlled road .	 AO1.1 Development is not located in a state-controlled road. AND AO1.2 Development can be maintained without requiring access to a state-controlled road. 	Complies with AO1.1 & AO1.2 The development is not located within a state-controlled road. The legal point of entry to the SRAIP development is located off the Cunningham Highway via an existing access point. Maintenance to relevant infrastructure or the proposed 16 agri-industrial lots do not require additional access off the highway for maintenance purposes.	
PO2 The design and construction of the development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO2 Appendix B.7 of the Revised Draft Impact Assessment Report (RDIAR) contains the SRAIP Road Impact Assessment Report. As part of the report, it was determined that the development will not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of Cunningham Highway. A turn warrant assessment of the access form for Cunningham Highway / New Access intersection results in an AUL and a CHR. The proposed form is a seagull which will provide for these turn treatments.	
PO3 The location of the development does not obstruct road transport infrastructure or adversely impact the operating performance of the state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO3 As per the above response the Road Impact Assessment Report will not obstruct road transport infrastructure or	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
		adversely impact the operating performance of the state- controlled road.
PO4 The location, placement, design and operation of advertising devices, visible from the state- controlled road , do not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO4 The SRAIP proposed estate sign has been located to ensure a safety hazard is not created along Cunningham Highway. Any future advertising signs for the proposed lots along the Cunningham Highway will be required to lodge operational works applications with Scenic Rim Regional Council under the SRAIP Codes with referral to State Government, where applicable under the <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i> .
PO5 The design and construction of buildings and structures does not create a safety hazard by distracting users of the state-controlled road .	 AO5.1 Facades of buildings and structures fronting the state-controlled road are made of non-reflective materials. AND AO5.2 Facades of buildings and structures do not direct or reflect point light sources into the face of oncoming traffic on the state-controlled road. AND AO5.3 External lighting of buildings and structures is not directed into the face of oncoming traffic on the state-controlled road. AND AO5.3 External lighting of buildings and structures is not directed into the face of oncoming traffic on the state-controlled road. AND AO5.4 External lighting of buildings and structures 	Complies with AO5.1, AO5.2, AO5.3 and AO5.4 The proposed structures that form part of this application which front on to the Cunningham Highway are part of Kalfresh's extension to their existing site on proposed lot 8, and their proposed onion shed on proposed lot 8. Structures will be made of non-reflective material, will not direct or reflect light sources into the face of oncoming traffic on the Cunningham Highway. External lighting will not be directed into the face of oncoming traffic and will not involve flashing or laser lights. Any future developments located within the SRAIP will be required to be assessed against the SRAIP Development Plan and require referral to State Government where applicable under the <i>Planning Regulation 2017</i> .



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO6 Road, pedestrian and bikeway bridges over a state-controlled road are designed and constructed to prevent projectiles from being thrown onto the state-controlled road. Landscaping PO7 The location of landscaping does not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road.	Acceptable outcomes AO6.1 Road, pedestrian and bikeway bridges over the state-controlled road include throw protection screens in accordance with section 4.11 of the Design Criteria for Bridges and Other Structures Manual, Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2020. AO7.1 Landscaping is not located in a state- controlled road. AND AO7.2 Landscaping can be maintained without requiring access to a state-controlled road. AND	N/A. There will be no construction of road, pedestrian or bikeway bridges over state-controlled roads as part of this project. N/A Landscaping is not proposed within the State-controlled Road. Within the SRAIP Development Plan and Plan of Development, any boundary located along the Cunningham Highway is required to contain a 3m wide landscaping strip that acts as screening landscaping. This will be able to be maintained from the site and will not block or obscure sight lines for vehicles on, or accessing, the Cunningham Highway.
Chammenton and eventored flow.	AO7.3 Landscaping does not block or obscure the sight lines for vehicular access to a state-controlled road.	
Stormwater and overland flow PO8 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not create or exacerbate a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO8 The stormwater management strategy for the site is to detain the runoff generated from the developed site in the proposed flood conveyance channel running along the western site boundary. This conveyance channel will act as a detention basin and has largely been split into two (2) sub-basins (See Appendix B.4 - Integrated Water Management Plan).
PO9 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not result in a material worsening of the operating performance of the	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO9



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.		As above the proposal will not result in a material worsening of the operating performance of Cunningham Highway.
PO10 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO10 The SRAIP will not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of the Cunningham Highway.
P011 Development ensures that stormwater is lawfully discharged.	 AO11.1 Development does not create any new points of discharge to a state-controlled road. AND AO11.2 Development does not concentrate flows to a state-controlled road. AND AO11.3 Stormwater run-off is discharged to a lawful point of discharge. AND AO11.4 Development does not worsen the condition of an existing lawful point of discharge 	Complies A011.1 to A011.4 The SRAIP does not create any new points of discharge, concentrate flows to a state-controlled road. The ultimate legal point of discharge for the site is the existing drainage channel to the north of the site and this will not worsen the condition of the lawful point of discharge to the state controlled road.
Flooding	to the state-controlled road.	
PO12 Development does not result in a material worsening of flooding impacts within a state - controlled road .	AO12.1 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development results in	Complies PO12



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	negligible impacts (within +/- 10mm) to existing	The pre-development and post-development flood
	flood levels within a state-controlled road.	modelling including impacts on the Cunningham Highway
		are assessed in Appendix B.4.
	AND	
		In existing flooding scenarios greater than the 5% AEP
	AO12.2 For all flood events up to 1% annual	floodwaters cross the highway from East to West, onto the
	exceedance probability, development results in	proposed development site.
	negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing	
	peak velocities within a state-controlled road .	Post-development, in the 10% and 5% AEP events,
		increases in flood levels are localised to the north of the
	AND	subject site (Figure A.13-A.14 of Attachment B.4). The
		impacts are up to 60mm in magnitude and do not appear
	AO12.3 For all flood events up to 1% annual	encroach on the highway. Flooding adjacent to the highway
	exceedance probability, development results in	has decreased in the 5% AEP event by up to 40mm. There
	negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing	are also decreases of up to 20mm upstream of the
	time of submergence of a state-controlled road .	proposed development.
	time of submergence of a state-controlled road.	
		Impacts in the swale drains adjacent to the highway are
		also noted during the 2% AEP event (refer Figure A.15 of
		Attachment A). These increases occur in locations where
		the existing 2% AEP flood depth is greater than 500mm
		deep.
		During the 400 AFD CC suggest more bigging of any set to
		During the 1% AEP CC event, peak increases shown on the
		Eastern side of the highway (Attachment A.17) are
		approximately 60 mm adjacent to the Eastern swale drain
		Water depths at this location are up to 700 mm deep
		during the existing case events with extensive flooded are
		surrounding it. No noticeable changes to flood extents are
		noted as a result of the increases shown.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
		While there are increased impacts on the Highway (50 mm during 2%AEP event), the road will not be trafficable in existing conditions in those design events as depths in excess of 1m are predicted.
Drainage Infrastructure		
PO13 Drainage infrastructure does not create a safety hazard for users in the state-controlled road .	 AO13.1 Drainage infrastructure is wholly contained within the development site, except at the lawful point of discharge. AND AO13.2 Drainage infrastructure can be maintained without requiring access to a state-controlled road. 	Complies AO13.1 and AO13.2 The drainage infrastructure is wholly contained within the development site and the ultimate lawful point of discharge for the site is the existing drainage channel to the north of the site.
PO14 Drainage infrastructure associated with, or within, a state-controlled road is constructed, and designed to ensure the structural integrity and physical condition of existing drainage infrastructure and the surrounding drainage network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A. The project drainage infrastructure is not associated with, or within, a state-controlled road.

Table 1.2 Vehicular access, road layout and local roads

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response	
Vehicular access to a state-controlled road or within 10	Vehicular access to a state-controlled road or within 100 metres of a state-controlled road intersection		
PO15 The location, design and operation of a new or	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO15	
changed access to a state-controlled road does not		In accordance with Appendix B.2 SRAIP Preliminary	
compromise the safety of users of the state-		Engineering Report and B.7 Road Impact Assessment	
controlled road.		Report the proposed access to the development off the	
		Cunningham Highway will not compromise the safety	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
		of users or the state-controlled road. Additionally, the project will enhance outcomes for the State Controlled road network by reducing 3 access points to 1,
PO16 The location, design and operation of a new or changed access does not adversely impact the functional requirements of the state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO16 In accordance with <i>Appendix B.2 SRAIP Preliminary</i> <i>Engineering Report</i> and <i>B.7 Road Impact Assessment</i> <i>Report</i> the proposed access will not adversely impact the functional requirements of the state- controlled road.
PO17 The location, design and operation of a new or changed access is consistent with the future intent of the state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO17 The location of the access is consistent with the future intent of the state-controlled road and the proposed access off the Cunningham Highway will be consolidated from the existing 3 access points to the proposed 1 access point to the SRAIP.
 PO18 New or changed access is consistent with the access for the relevant limited access road policy: 1. LAR 1 where direct access is prohibited; or 2. LAR 2 where access may be permitted, subject to assessment. 	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO18 Changed access to the Cunningham HWY will facilitate shared access to the SRAIP project tenants and Frazerview Quarry with a single intersection to be constructed on the Cunningham HWY to facilitate the heavy vehicle transport tasks. This approach maximises the safety and efficiency of the state- controlled road network as the existing accesses to the subject site will be closed.
PO19 New or changed access to a local road within 100 metres of an intersection with a state-controlled road does not compromise the safety of users of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A. No changes to local roads are proposed.
PO20 New or changed access to a local road within 100 metres of an intersection with a state-controlled road does not adversely impact on the operating performance of the intersection.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A. No changes to local roads are proposed



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response	
Public passenger transport and active transport	Public passenger transport and active transport		
PO21 Development does not compromise the safety	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A	
of users of public passenger transport infrastructure ,		The location of the development does not contain any	
public passenger services and active transport		of public passenger transport infrastructure, public	
infrastructure.		passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	
PO22 Development maintains the ability for people to	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A	
access public passenger transport infrastructure,		The location of the development does not contain any	
public passenger services and active transport		of public passenger transport infrastructure, public	
infrastructure.		passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	
PO23 Development does not adversely impact the	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A	
operating performance of public passenger transport		The location of the development does not contain any	
infrastructure, public passenger services and active		of public passenger transport infrastructure, public	
transport infrastructure.		passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	
PO24 Development does not adversely impact the	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A	
structural integrity or physical condition of public		The location of the development does not contain any	
passenger transport infrastructure and active		of public passenger transport infrastructure, public	
transport infrastructure.		passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	

Table 1.3 Network impacts

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO25 Development does not compromise the safety	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO25
of users of the state-controlled road network.		Appendix B.7 Road Impact Assessment Report determined the proposed development will not compromise the safety of users of the state-controlled road.
PO26 Development ensures no net worsening of the operating performance of the state-controlled road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO26 Appendix B.7 Road Impact Assessment Report determined the relevant standards for the access



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
		upgrades to ensure no net worsening of the operating
		performance.
PO27 Traffic movements are not directed onto a	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO27.
state-controlled road where they can be		Project traffic will be restricted to site roads where
accommodated on the local road network.		possible, however it's location adjacent to the
		Cunningham HWY results in traffic being directed to
		the State Controlled network. It is proposed a service
		station and transport depot is included within the
		project site to service tenants and primary
		agricultural-industrial uses within the precinct. This
		will reduce trips on the SCR by ensuring heavy vehicles
		can refuel in the precinct and not have to drive to
		Aratula.
PO28 Development involving haulage exceeding	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO28
10,000 tonnes per year does not adversely impact the		Appendix B.7 Pavement Impact Assessment Report
pavement of a state-controlled road.		has assessed the proposed development and provided
		relevant pavement contribution amounts in
		accordance with GTIA.
PO29 Development does not impede delivery of	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO29
planned upgrades of state-controlled roads.		The development will not impede delivery of planned
		upgrades of the state-controlled road.
PO30 Development does not impede delivery of	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO30
corridor improvements located entirely within the		The development will not impede delivery of corridor
state-controlled road corridor.		improvements located entirely within the state-
		controlled road corridor.



Table 1.4 Filling, excavation, building foundations and retaining structures

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO31 Development does not create a safety hazard	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO31
for users of the state-controlled road or road		The proposed development and relevant earthworks
transport infrastructure.		required for the proposal will not impact the state-
		controlled road or road transport infrastructure.
PO32 Development does not adversely impact the	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO32.
operating performance of the state-controlled road.		The proposed development and relevant earthworks
		required for the proposal will not impact the state-
		controlled road or road transport infrastructure
PO33 Development does not undermine, damage or	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO33.
cause subsidence of a state-controlled road.		Earthworks will not undermine, damage or cause
		subsidence of the SCR.
PO34 Development does not cause ground water	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO34.
disturbance in a state-controlled road.		Construction of the project does not intersect
		groundwater.
PO35 Excavation, boring, piling, blasting and fill	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO35.
compaction do not adversely impact the physical		Appendix B.7 of the Revised Draft Impact Assessment
condition or structural integrity of a state-controlled		Report (RDIAR) contains the SRAIP Road Impact
road or road transport infrastructure.		Assessment Report. As part of the report, it was
		determined that the development will not adversely
		impact the structural integrity or physical condition of
		Cunningham Highway.
PO36 Filling and excavation associated with the	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO36.
construction of new or changed access do not		Appendix B.7 of the Revised Draft Impact Assessment
compromise the operation or capacity of existing		Report (RDIAR) contains the SRAIP Road Impact
drainage infrastructure for a state-controlled road.		Assessment Report. As part of the report, it was
		determined that the development will not adversely
		impact the structural integrity or physical condition of
		Cunningham Highway.



STATE CODE 6: PROTECTION OF STATE TRANSPORT NETWORKS

Table 6.2 Development in general

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Network impacts		
PO1 Development does not compromise the safety	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO1
of users of the state-controlled road network.		In accordance with Appendix B.17 Road Impact Assessment and Pavement Impact Assessment the proposed development will not compromise the safety of users of the state-controlled road.
PO2 Development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of a state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO2Appendix B.7 of the Revised Draft Impact AssessmentReport (RDIAR) contains the SRAIP Road ImpactAssessment Report. As part of the report, it wasdetermined that the development will not adverselyimpact the structural integrity or physical conditionof Cunningham Highway.
PO3 Development ensures no net worsening of the operating performance the state-controlled road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO3 Appendix B.17 Road Impact Assessment Report has determined the required upgrades for the proposed intersection to ensure no net worsening of the operating performance of the state-controlled road.
PO4 Traffic movements are not directed onto a state-controlled road where they can be accommodated on the local road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO4 The proposal is not located in close proximity to a local road.
PO5 Development involving haulage exceeding 10,000 tonnes per year does not damage the pavement of a state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO5 Appendix B.7 Pavement Impact Assessment Report has assessed the proposed development and provided relevant pavement contribution amounts in accordance with GTIA.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO6 Development does not require a new railway	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
level crossing.		No railway level crossing is required as part of the
		development.
PO7 Development does not adversely impact the	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
operating performance of an existing railway		There are no railway crossings near or close to the
crossing.		project area.
PO8 Development does not adversely impact on the	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
safety of an existing railway crossing.		There are no railway crossings near or close to the
		project area.
PO9 Development is designed and constructed to	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
allow for on-site circulation to ensure vehicles do not		There are no railway crossings near or close to the
queue in a railway crossing .		project area.
PO10 Development does not create a safety hazard	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
within the railway corridor .		There are no railway corridors near or close to the
		project area.
PO11 Development does not adversely impact the	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
operating performance of the railway corridor .		There are no railway corridors near or close to the
		project area.
PO12 Development does not interfere with or	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
obstruct the railway transport infrastructure or		There is no rail infrastructure near or close to the
other rail infrastructure.		project area.
PO13 Development does not adversely impact the	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
structural integrity or physical condition of a railway		There is no rail infrastructure near or close to the
corridor or rail transport infrastructure.		project area.
Stormwater and overland flow		
PO14 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO14
development site does not create or exacerbate a		Appendix B.4 Integrated Water Management Plan
safety hazard for users of a state transport corridor		provides the stormwater management strategy
or state transport infrastructure.		which does not create or exacerbate a safety hazard
		for users of a state transport corridor or state
		transport infrastructure.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO15 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO15
development site does not result in a material		Appendix B.4 Integrated Water Management Plan
worsening of operating performance of a state		provides the stormwater management strategy
transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.		which does not create or exacerbate a safety hazard
		for users of a state transport corridor or state
		transport infrastructure.
PO16 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies PO16
development site does not interfere with the		Appendix B.4 Integrated Water Management Plan
structural integrity or physical condition of the state		provides the stormwater management strategy
transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.		which does not create or exacerbate a safety hazard
		for users of a state transport corridor or state
		transport infrastructure.
PO17 Development associated with a state-	AO17.1 Development does not create any new	Complies A017.1, A017.2, A017.3 and A017.4
controlled road or road transport infrastructure	points of discharge to a state transport corridor or	Appendix B.4 Integrated Water Management Plan
ensures that stormwater is lawfully discharged.	state transport infrastructure.	provides the stormwater management strategy for
		the site, which is to detain the runoff generated from
	AND	the developed site in the proposed flood conveyance
		channel running along the western site boundary.
	AO17.2 Development does not concentrate flows to	The ultimate lawful point of discharge for the site is
	a state transport corridor.	the existing drainage channel to the north of the site.
	AND	
	AO17.3 Stormwater run-off is discharged to a lawful	
	point of discharge.	
	AND	
	A017.4 Development does not worsen the condition	
	of an existing lawful point of discharge to a state	
	transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Flooding		
PO18 Development does not result in a material worsening of flooding impacts within a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure	For a state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure , all of the following apply:	Complies PO12 The pre-development and post-development flood modelling including impacts on the Cunningham
	AO18.1 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development ensures there are negligible impacts (within +/- 10mm) to existing flood levels within a state transport corridor.	Highway are assessed in Appendix B.4. In existing flooding scenarios greater than the 5% AEP floodwaters cross the highway from East to West,
	AND	onto the proposed development site.
	AO18.2 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development ensures there are negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing peak velocities within a state transport corridor. AND	Post-development, in the 10% and 5% AEP events, increases in flood levels are localised to the north of the subject site (Figure A.13-A.14 of Attachment B.4). The impacts are up to 60mm in magnitude and do not appear to encroach on the highway. Flooding adjacent to the highway has decreased in the 5% AEP event by up to 40mm. There are also decreases of up to 20mm upstream of the proposed development.
	AO18.3 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development ensures there are negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing time of submergence of a state transport corridor. No acceptable outcome is prescribed for a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure.	Impacts in the swale drains adjacent to the highway are also noted during the 2% AEP event (refer Figure A.15 of Attachment A). These increases occur in locations where the existing 2% AEP flood depth is greater than 500mm deep. During the 1% AEP CC event, peak increases shown
		on the Eastern side of the highway (Attachment A.17) are approximately 60 mm adjacent to the Eastern swale drain. Water depths at this location are up to 700 mm deep during the existing case events with



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
		extensive flooded areas surrounding it. No noticeable
		changes to flood extents are noted as a result of the
		increases shown.
		While there are increased impacts on the Highway
		(50 mm during 2%AEP event), the road will not be
		trafficable in existing conditions in those design
		events as depths in excess of 1m are predicted.
Drainage infrastructure	1	1
PO19 Drainage infrastructure does not create a	For a state-controlled road environment, both of the	Complies
safety hazard in a state transport corridor.	following apply:	The proposal does not contain drainage
		infrastructure within the state-controlled road and
	AO19.1 Drainage infrastructure associated with, or in	will not require access to the state-controlled road
	a state-controlled road is wholly contained within	for access to the drainage infrastructure.
	the development site, except at the lawful point of	
	discharge.	
	AND	
	AO19.2 Drainage infrastructure can be maintained	
	without requiring access to a state transport	
	corridor.	
	For a railway environment both of the following	
	apply:	
	AO19.3 Drainage infrastructure associated with a	
	railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure is	
	wholly contained within the development site.	
	AND	





Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	AO19.4 Drainage infrastructure can be maintained	
	without requiring access to a state transport	
	corridor.	
PO20 Drainage infrastructure associated with, or in a	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A
state-controlled road or road transport		The proposal does not contain drainage
infrastructure is constructed and designed to ensure		infrastructure within the state-controlled road and
the structural integrity and physical condition of		will not require access to the state-controlled road
existing drainage infrastructure and the surrounding		for access to the drainage infrastructure.
drainage network is maintained.		
Planned upgrades		
PO21 Development does not impede delivery of	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies
planned upgrades of state transport infrastructure.		The proposal will not impede delivery of planned
		upgrades of state transport infrastructure.

Table 6.3 Public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO22 Development does not damage or interfere with public passenger transport infrastructure , active transport infrastructure or public passenger services .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no surrounding public passenger transport infrastructure or public passenger services.
PO23 Development does not compromise the safety of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no surrounding public passenger transport infrastructure or public passenger services.
PO24 Development does not adversely impact the operating performance of public passenger transport infrastructure , public passenger services and active transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no surrounding public passenger transport infrastructure or public passenger services.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO25 Development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no surrounding public passenger transport infrastructure or public passenger services.
PO26 Upgraded or new public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure is provided to accommodate the demand for public passenger transport and active transport generated by the development.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no surrounding public passenger transport infrastructure or public passenger services.
PO27 Development is designed to ensure the location of public passenger transport infrastructure prioritises and enables efficient public passenger services.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no surrounding public passenger transport infrastructure or public passenger services.
PO28 Development enables the provision or extension of public passenger services, public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure to the development and avoids creating indirect or inefficient routes for public passenger services.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no surrounding public passenger transport infrastructure or public passenger services.
PO29 New or modified road networks are designed to enable development to be serviced by public passenger services .	 AO29.1 Roads catering for buses are arterial or sub- arterial roads, collector or their equivalent. AND AO29.2 Roads intended to accommodate buses are designed and constructed in accordance with: 1. Road Planning and Design Manual, 2nd Edition, Volume 3 – Guide to Road Design; Department of Transport and Main Roads; 	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no surrounding public passenger transport infrastructure or public passenger services.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	 Supplement to Austroads Guide to Road Design (Parts 3, 4-4C and 6), Department of Transport and Main Roads; Austroads Guide to Road Design (Parts 3, 4-4C and 6); Austroads Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates; Queensland Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices, Part 13: Local Area Traffic Management and AS 1742.13-2009 Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices – Local Area Traffic Management; AND A029.3 Traffic calming devices are not installed on 	
	roads used for buses in accordance with section 2.3.2 Bus Route Infrastructure, Public Transport Infrastructure Manual, Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2015.	
PO30 Development provides safe, direct and convenient access to existing and future public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no surrounding public passenger transport infrastructure or public passenger services.
PO31 On-site vehicular circulation ensures the safety of both public passenger transport services and pedestrians.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no surrounding public passenger transport infrastructure or public passenger services.
PO32 Taxi facilities are provided to accommodate the demand generated by the development.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
		Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no
		surrounding public passenger services that would be impacted requiring additional taxi services.
PO33 Facilities are provided to accommodate the demand generated by the development for community transport services, courtesy transport services, and booked hire services other than taxis.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no surrounding public passenger services that would be impacted requiring additional booked hire services.
PO34 Taxi facilities are located and designed to provide convenient, safe and equitable access for passengers.	AO34.1 A taxi facility is provided parallel to the kerb and adjacent to the main entrance. AND	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there will be no demand for taxi services.
	 AO34.2 Taxi facilities are designed in accordance with: 1. AS2890.5–1993 Parking facilities – on-street parking and AS1428.1–2009 Design for access and mobility – general requirements for access – new building work; 2. AS1742.11–1999 Parking controls – manual of uniform traffic control devices 3. AS/NZS 2890.6–2009 Parking facilities –off street parking for people with disabilities; 4. Disability standards for accessible public 5. transport 2002 made under section 31(1) of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992; 6. AS/NZS 1158.3.1 – Lighting for roads and public spaces, Part 3.1: Pedestrian area (category P) lighting – Performance and design requirements; 	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	 Chapter 7 Taxi Facilities, Public Transport Infrastructure Manual, Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2015. 	
PO35 Educational establishments are designed to ensure the safe and efficient operation of public passenger services , pedestrian and cyclist access and active transport infrastructure .	AO35.1 Educational establishments are designed in accordance with the provisions of the Planning for Safe Transport Infrastructure at Schools, Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2011.	N/A Due to the rural location of the SRAIP there are no surrounding public passenger transport infrastructure or public passenger services.



STATE CODE 16: NATIVE VEGETATION CLEARING

Table 16.2: General

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO1 Clearing of vegetation is consistent with any notice requiring compliance on the land subject to the development application, unless a better environmental outcome can be achieved.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NA There are no existing notices requiring compliance.
PO2 Clearing of vegetation is consistent with vegetation management requirements for particular regulated areas unless a better environmental outcome can be achieved.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO2 The proposed development involves clearing of native vegetation being the removal of 20 non-juvenile habitat koala trees. This clearing is does not occur within a particular regulated area and is consistent with the associated vegetation management requirements.
 PO3 Clearing of vegetation in a legally secured offset area: 1. is consistent with the offset delivery plan; or 2. is consistent with an agreement for the offset area on the land subject to the development application; or 3. only occurs if an additional offset is provided. 	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO3 The proposed development does not involve any clearing of vegetation in a legally secured offset area.

Table 16.7: Coordinated project (all other purposes)

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Clearing avoids and minimises impacts		
PO64 Clearing of vegetation and adverse impacts of	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO64
clearing vegetation do not occur unless the application		The application has demonstrated that the clearing and the
has demonstrated that the clearing and the adverse		adverse impacts of clearing have been reasonably avoided and
impacts of clearing have been:		minimised. Refer to Section 7 of Appendix E.1.

Appendix A.6 SDAP Code Responses



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
1. reasonably avoided; or		
2. reasonably minimised where it cannot be		
reasonably avoided.		
Clearing associated with wetlands		
PO65 Clearing of vegetation within a natural wetland	AO65.1 Clearing does not occur in a natural	NA
and/or within 100 metres of the defining bank of a	wetland or within 100 metres of the defining	No clearing of vegetation is proposed within 100 m of the
natural wetland maintains the composition, structure	bank of any natural wetland.	defining bank of a natural wetland.
and function of any regional ecosystem associated		
with any natural wetland to protect all of the	OR	
following:		
1. bank stability by protecting against bank erosion;	AO65.2 Clearing within 100 metres of the	
2. water quality by filtering sediments, nutrients and	defining bank of any natural wetland:	
other pollutants;	1. does not occur within 10 metres of the	
3. aquatic habitat;	defining bank of any natural wetland;	
4. terrestrial habitat.	and	
	2. does not exceed widths in table	
	reference table 1 in this code.	
PO66 Where clearing of vegetation in a regional	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NA
ecosystem associated with a natural wetland does not		No clearing of vegetation is proposed in a regional ecosystem
maintain the composition, structure and function of		associated with a natural wetland.
the regional ecosystem, and cannot be avoided and		
has been mitigated, an offset is provided for any		
acceptable significant residual impact.		
Clearing associated with watercourses and drainage feat	tures	•
PO67 Clearing of vegetation within a watercourse	AO67.1 Clearing does not occur in any of the	Complies PO67
and/or drainage feature and/or within the relevant	following areas:	Construction of the Overland Flow Path is proposed which
distance (listed in reference table 2) of a watercourse	1. inside the defining bank of a	occurs within an existing drainage feature / watercourse on
and/or drainage feature, maintains the composition,	watercourse or drainage feature; and	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
structure and function of the regional ecosystem	2. within the relevant distance of the	the project site in accordance with Appendix B.8 and the
associated with the watercourse and/or drainage	defining bank of any watercourse or	operational works plan at Appendix B.1.4.
feature to protect all of the following:	drainage feature in reference table 2 of	
1. bank stability by protecting against bank erosion;	this code.	As outlined in the RDIAR, these works will enhance the
2. water quality by filtering sediments, nutrients and		waterway features and are necessary to increase capacity
other pollutants;	OR	associated with regional flood events and stormwater runoff
3. aquatic habitat;		from the Industry Precinct. Stormwater will be managed in
4. terrestrial habitat.	AO67.2 Clearing within any watercourse or	accordance with the Integrated Water Management Plan
	drainage feature, or within the relevant	provided at Appendix B.4.
	distance of the defining bank of any	
	watercourse or drainage feature in	
	reference table 2 of this code:	
	1. does not exceed the widths in table	
	reference table 1 of this code; and	
	2. does not occur within 10 metres of the	
	defining bank, unless clearing is	
	required into or across the watercourse	
	or drainage feature.	
PO68 Where clearing of vegetation in a regional	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NA
ecosystem associated with a watercourse and/or		No clearing of vegetation in a regional ecosystem associated
drainage feature does not maintain the composition,		with a watercourse is proposed.
structure and function of the regional ecosystem, and		
cannot be avoided and has been mitigated, an offset is		
provided for any acceptable significant residual		
impact.		
Connectivity		
PO69 Regional ecosystems on the subject land and any	AO69.1 Clearing occurs in accordance with	NA
adjacent land retain sufficient vegetation to:	reference table 3 of this code.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
1. maintain ecological processes; and		No clearing of regional ecosystems is proposed. The removal
2. ensure the regional ecosystem remains in the		of 20 NJHKT's are not associated with an RE and are
landscape despite threatening processes.		fragmented individual specimens.
PO70 Where:	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NA
1. clearing of vegetation in a regional ecosystem		No clearing of regional ecosystems is proposed. The removal
does not maintain ecological processes; and		of 20 NJHKT's are not associated with an RE and are
2. the regional ecosystem ; and		fragmented individual specimens.
3. the clearing cannot be avoided; and		
4. the clearing has been mitigated		
an offset is provided for any acceptable significant		
residual impact.		
Soil erosion if the local government is not the assessme	ent manager for the development application	
PO71 Clearing does not result in accelerated soil	A071.1 Clearing only occurs if an erosion	NA
erosion within or outside the land the subject of the	and sediment control plan is developed and	The local government will be assessment manager for the
development application.	implemented to prevent soil erosion and	development application.
	instability resulting from the clearing.	
Salinity		
PO72 Clearing within 100 metres of a salinity	A072.1 Clearing does not occur within 100	NA
expression area does not contribute to or accelerate	metres of a salinity expression area.	Salinity expression areas do not occur on site.
land degradation through either of the following:		
1. waterlogging;		
2. the salinisation of groundwater , surface water or		
soil.		
Conserving least concern regional ecosystems - Minimi	sing clearing of areas temporarily required to en	nable construction of the infrastructure
PO73 Clearing of vegetation for temporary use areas	A073.1 Clearing for temporary use areas to	NA
to construct necessary infrastructure, such as	construct necessary infrastructure does not	Clearing proposed is not for temporary purposes.
temporary use roads or access tracks, maintains the	occur in a least concern regional ecosystem.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
composition, structure and function of least concern		
regional ecosystems.	OR	
	AO73.2 Total clearing for temporary use	
	areas to construct necessary infrastructure in	
	any regional ecosystem combined does not	
	exceed the widths prescribed in table	
	reference table 1 of this code.	
	OR	
	AO73.3 Total clearing for temporary use	
	areas to construct necessary infrastructure in	
	any regional ecosystem combined does not	
	exceed areas prescribed in table reference	
	table 1 of this code.	
PO74 Where clearing of vegetation in a regional	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NA
ecosystem for temporary use areas to construct		Clearing proposed is not for temporary purposes
necessary infrastructure does not maintain the		
composition, structure and function of the regional		
ecosystem, and cannot be avoided and has been		
mitigated, the cleared area is rehabilitated .		
Conserving endangered and of concern regional ecosys	tems	
PO75 Clearing of vegetation maintains the	AO75.1 Clearing does not occur in an	Complies AO75.1
composition, structure and function of endangered	endangered regional ecosystem or an of	Clearing does not occur in an endangered regional ecosystem
regional ecosystems and/or of concern regional	concern regional ecosystem.	of an of concern regional ecosystem.
ecosystems.		
	OR	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	AO75.2 Total clearing of endangered	
	regional ecosystems and of concern regional	
	ecosystems combined does not exceed the	
	widths prescribed in table reference table 1	
	of this code.	
	OR	
	AO75.3 Total clearing of endangered	
	regional ecosystems and of concern regional	
	ecosystems combined does not exceed areas	
	prescribed in reference table 1 of this code.	
PO76 Where clearing of vegetation in an endangered	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NA
regional ecosystem or an of concern regional		Clearing does not occur in an endangered regional ecosystem
ecosystems does not maintain the composition,		of an of concern regional ecosystem.
structure and function of the regional ecosystem, and		
cannot be avoided and has been mitigated, the cleared		
area:		
1. is rehabilitated ; or		
2. where the cleared area cannot be rehabilitated ,		
an offset is provided for any acceptable significant		
residual impact.		
Essential habitat excluding essential habitat for Phascol	arctos cinereus (koalas) if development is asses	sable under Schedule 10, Part 10 of the Planning Regulation
2017		
PO77 Clearing of vegetation in a regional ecosystem	AO77.1 Clearing does not occur in essential	Complies AO77.1
that is an area of essential habitat maintains the	habitat.	Clearing does not occur in essential habitat.
composition, structure and function of the regional		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
ecosystem for each protected wildlife species	OR	Although this is the case, removal of 20 NJKHT's is considered
individually.		to be a SRI under the QEOP. To this end a financial
	AO77.2 Clearing in essential habitat does	contribution will be paid in accordance with the offset
	not exceed the widths prescribed in	calculator.
	reference table 1 of this code.	
	OR	
	AO77.3 Clearing in essential habitat does	
	not exceed the areas prescribed in reference	
	table 1 of this code.	
PO78 Where clearing of vegetation in a regional	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	NA
ecosystem that is an area of essential habitat does not		Clearing does not occur in an endangered regional ecosystem
maintain the composition, structure and function of		of an of concern regional ecosystem.
the regional ecosystem, and cannot be avoided and		Although this is the case, removal of 20 NJKHT's is considered
has been mitigated, an offset is provided for any		to be an SRI under the QEOP. To this end a financial contribution will be paid in accordance with the offset
acceptable significant residual impact for each		calculator.
protected wildlife species individually.		
Acid sulfate soils if the local government is not the asse	ssment manager for the development application	on
PO79 Clearing does not result in, or accelerate,	AO79.1 Clearing does not occur in land zone	NA
disturbance of acid sulfate soils or changes to the	1, land zone 2 or land zone 3.	The local government is intended to be assessment manager
hydrology of the location that will result in either of the		for the development application.
following:	OR	
1. aeration of horizons containing iron sulphides		
2. mobilisation of acid or metals.	AO79.2 Clearing in land zone 1, land zone 2	
	or land zone 3 in areas below the five metre	
	Australian Height Datum only occurs where:	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	1. mechanical clearing does not disturb	
	the soil to a depth greater than 30	
	centimetres; and	
	2. acid sulfate soils are managed consistent	
	with the soil management guidelines in	
	the Queensland Acid Sulfate Soil	
	Technical Manual.	



STATE CODE 18: CONSTRUCTING OR RAISING WATERWAY BARRIER WORKS IN FISH HABITATS

Table 18.1 Operational work

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
All development - Impacts on waterway		
PO1 Waterway barrier works do not result in adverse impacts on waterways .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO1. As per appendix B8, the construction of culverts, roads, and the development of an overland flow path are not expected to have any significant residual impacts. The proposed waterway barrier is expected to improve biodiversity by enhancing fish passage connectivity.
PO2 Development is designed, constructed and maintained to avoid and minimise impacts on matters of state environmental significance .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO2. The SRAIP has been designed to avoid impacts to MSES where possible. Additionally, the activity does not involve disturbance to MSES vegetation. An MSES high ecological significance wetland is located ~ 2 km downstream. No other declared high ecological value waters (watercourses or wetlands) are located within a 5 km radius.
 PO3 Where development impacts on matters of state environmental significance, development mitigates impacts and provides an offset for any acceptable significant residual impact on matters of state environmental significance. Statutory note: For Brisbane core port land, an offset may only be applied to development on land identified as E1 Conservation/Buffer, E2 Open Space or Buffer/Investigation in the Brisbane Port LUP precinct plan. 	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A. There will be no impact on any MSES associated with waterways that requires an offset. As per appendix E.1, the project is not within 100 m of an area identified as High Ecological Value Waters (watercourse or Wetland) or High Ecological Significance Wetlands.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
All development in general		
 PO4 Aspects of development are only permitted within a waterway where there is a functional requirement and the development cannot be feasibly located elsewhere. Ancillary elements are to be located outside of the waterway. PO5 For the life of the barrier, adequate fish passage 	No acceptable outcome is prescribed. For all crossings:	Complies with PO4. All proposed development within a waterway is required, and includes construction of the floodway, culverts to establish access roads Complies with PO5.
 must be provided and maintained at all waterway barrier works through: 1. fish way(s) that adequately provide for the movement of fish; or the movement of fish is adequately provided for in another way. 	 AO5.1 Hydraulic conditions (depth, velocities and turbulence) from the downstream to the upstream limit of the structure allow for fish passage of all fish attempting to move through the crossing at all flows up to the drownout of the structure. AND AO5.2 For the life of the crossing, the relative levels of: a bed level crossing or a culvert invert; bed erosion protection; apron scour protection; and the waterway bed AND AO5.3 The crossing and associated erosion protection structures are installed at no steeper gradient than the waterway bed gradient. AND	As per Appendix B.8, proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed and maintained in compliance with the relevant accepted development requirement (ADR) for operational work that is the construction or raising of waterway barrier works. Operational works will be carried out in accordance with the drawings provided Appendix B.1.4. Drawings will be updated during detailed design to factor in any conditions of approval advised by the Coordinator- General through the Coordinator-General's Evaluation Report in conjunction with the Department of Agriculture and Fisheries .



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	AO5.4 The crossing and associated erosion protection structures are roughened throughout to approximately simulate natural bed conditions.	
	AND	
	AO5.5 Design and maintenance measures are in place for the life of the crossing to keep crossings clear of blockages through a regular inspection program in order to retain fish passage through the crossing.	
	AND	
	For waterway crossings other than bridges and culverts:	
	AO5.6 The crossing is built at or below bed level so that the surface of the crossing is no higher than the stream bed at the site.	
	AND	
	AO5.7 The lowest point of the crossing is installed at the level of the lowest point of the natural waterway bed (pre-construction), within the footprint of the proposed crossing.	
	AND	
	AO5.8 There is a height difference between the lowest point of the crossing and the edges of the low flow section of the crossing so that water is channelled into the low flow section of the crossing.	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	AND	
	AO5.9 The level of the remainder of the crossing is no higher than the lowest point of the natural waterway bed outside of the low flow channel.	
	AND	
	For bridges:	
	AO5.10 Bridge support piles are not constructed within the low-flow channel and do not constrict the edges of the low-flow channel, and the number of piles within the waterway are minimised.	
	AND	
	AO5.11 Bridge abutments and bank revetment works do not extend into the <i>waterway</i> beyond the toes of the banks.	
	AND	
	AO5.12 Suitable fish habitats are maintained within the low-flow channel.	
	AND	
	For culverts:	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	AO5.13 Culverts are only installed where the site conditions do not allow for a bridge.	
	AO5.14 The combined width of the culvert cell apertures is equal to 100 percent of the <u>main channel</u> width.	
	 AO5.15 The base of the culvert incorporates a low flow channel consistent with the natural low flow channel and: 1. is buried a minimum of 300 millimetres to allow bed material to deposit and reform the natural bed on top of the culvert base; or 2. the base of the culvert is the waterway bed; or 3. the base of the culvert cell and any instream scour protection within the waterway is roughened throughout to approximately simulate natural bed conditions. 	
	AND AO5.16 The outermost culvert cells incorporate roughening elements such as baffles on their bankside sidewalls. AND	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	AO5.17 Roughening elements are installed on the upstream wingwalls on both banks to the height of the	
	upstream obvert or the full height of the wingwall.	
	AND	
	AO5.18 Roughening elements provide a contiguous lower velocity zone (no greater than 0.3 metres/second) for at least 100 millimetres width from the wall through the length of the culvert and wingwalls.	
	AND	
	AO5.19 Culvert alignment to the waterway flow minimises water turbulence.	
	AND	
	AO5.20 There is sufficient light at the entrance to and through the culvert so that <u>fish</u> are not discouraged by a sudden darkness.	
	AND	
	AO5.21 The depth of cover above the culvert is as low as structurally possible, except where culverts have an average recurrence interval (ARI) greater than 50 years.	
	AND	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	A05.22 For culvert crossings designed with a flood	
	immunity ARI greater than 50 years, <u>fish</u> passage is	
	provided up to culvert capacity.	
	For all other development no acceptable outcome is	
	prescribed.	
PO6	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO6.
W <u>aterway</u> barrier works are designed, constructed,		All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed
operated and maintained to provide lateral and		and maintained in compliance with the relevant
longitudinal <u>fish</u> passage for all members of the fish		accepted development requirement (ADR) for
community.		operational work that is the construction or raising of
		waterway barrier works.
PO7	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO7.
The development is designed and operated so that all		All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed
components of waterway barrier works and pathways of		and maintained in compliance with the relevant
potential fish movement provide for safe <i>fish</i> passage.		accepted development requirement (ADR) for
Stepped spillways are not acceptable.		operational work that is the construction or raising of
		waterway barrier works.
PO8	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO8.
The drownout characteristics of the waterway barrier		All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed
works are designed and constructed to not result in		and maintained in compliance with the relevant
adverse impacts to fish passage.		accepted development requirement (ADR) for
		operational work that is the construction or raising of
		waterway barrier works.
PO9	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO9.
Development does not result in adverse impacts to		All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed
fisheries resources.		and maintained in compliance with the relevant
		accepted development requirement (ADR) for
		operational work that is the construction or raising of
		waterway barrier works.
PO10	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO10.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
The design, construction and maintenance of the development does not result in non-essential hardening or unnatural modification of the main channel of the waterway.		The development will not result in any unnatural modification of the main waterway channel. All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed and maintained in compliance with the relevant accepted development requirement (ADR) for operational work that is the construction or raising of waterway barrier works.
PO11 The development retains natural fish habitat and features such as shade, pools, riffles, rock outcrops and boulders, wherever possible.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO11. Natural fish habitat will be retained where possible. All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed and maintained in compliance with the relevant accepted development requirement (ADR) for operational work that is the construction or raising of waterway barrier works.
PO12 The design, construction and maintenance of the development does not result in straightening of meandering waterways.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO12. The development will not result in the straightening of meandering waterways. All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed and maintained in compliance with the relevant accepted development requirement (ADR) for operational work that is the construction or raising of waterway barrier works.
PO13 Where channels are to be significantly modified, the design and construction of the development replicates natural waterways and habitat features.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO13. The design and construction of the overland flow path will enhance the current irrigation diversion channel by replicating more natural waterway and including habit features. Refer to Appendix B.8
PO14 Where waterway barrier works will modify water levels or flow characteristics of the waterway, existing up and downstream structures are upgraded to provide	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A. Waterway barrier works will not modify water levels or flow characteristics of the waterway.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
adequate fish passage in accordance with the new levels or flow characteristics.		
PO15 The development is designed, constructed and maintained to provide water exchange sufficient to maintain or improve water quality and flow conditions on which fisheries resources depend.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO15. Historic culverts that were acting as a barrier will be removed or replaced. The construction of new culverts will improve biodiversity outcomes by creating more permanent water features in the existing diversion channel, providing greater connectivity of fish passage and establishing more suitable aquatic habitat for fish.
PO16 Development likely to cause drainage or disturbance to acid sulfate soils, prevents the release of contaminants and impacts on fisheries resources and fish habitats.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A. Development is not likely to cause drainage disturbance or disturbance to acid sulfate soils.
PO17 The development is designed, constructed and maintained to not result in adverse impacts to beds, banks and vegetation adjacent to the permanent development footprint.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO17. Where possible, construction works will occur greater than 50 m distance from the banks of mapped waterways. All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed and maintained in compliance with the relevant accepted development requirement (ADR) for operational work that is the construction or raising of waterway barrier works. Construction of the overland flow path will enhance the bed, banks and vegetation associated with the existing irrigation diversion channel.
PO18 After completion of works, disturbed areas of the bed and banks of the waterway outside the permanent development footprint are returned to their original profile and stabilised to promote regeneration of natural <i>fish habitats</i> .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO18. Disturbed areas near waterways will be stabilized following completion of works including enhanced habitat for natural fish.
PO19	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO19. The natural substrate of the waterway bed will be maintained where possible.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
The development is designed and constructed to		
maintain or restore the natural substrate of the		
waterway bed.		
PO20	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
Development does not adversely impact on community		The project is located on privately owned land.
access to tidal land and waterways.		
P021	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
Development does not adversely impact on community		The project is located on privately owned land and the
access to fisheries resources and fish habitats including		waterways do not support fish species suitable for
recreational and indigenous fishing access.		fishing.
PO22	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
Development does not adversely impact on commercial		The project is located on privately owned land and the
fishing access and linkages between a commercial fishery		waterways do not support fish species suitable for
and infrastructure, services and facilities.		fishing
Development involving fish ways	-	
PO23 Having regard to the hydrology of the site and fish	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO23.
movement characteristics, the fish way is capable of		All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed
operating, and will operate:		and maintained in compliance with the relevant
1. for as long as the waterway barrier work is in		accepted development requirement (ADR) for
position; and		operational work that is the construction or raising of
2. whenever there are inflows into the		waterway barrier works.
impoundment or waterway , release out of the		
impoundment and during overtopping events;		
and		
3. when the impoundment is above dead storage		
level.		
PO24 The development is designed, constructed and	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO24.
maintained to ensure the hydrology allows for fish		All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed
movement for the life of the waterway barrier works .		and maintained in compliance with the relevant
		accepted development requirement (ADR) for
		operational work that is the construction or raising of
		waterway barrier works.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO25 Fish ways are designed, constructed and maintained to not adversely impact on fish and fish movement.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO25. All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed and maintained in compliance with the relevant accepted development requirement (ADR) for operational work that is the construction or raising of waterway barrier works.
PO26 Fish ways are designed, constructed and operated to direct release water through the fish way as a priority over the outlet works.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO26. All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed and maintained in compliance with the relevant accepted development requirement (ADR) for operational work that is the construction or raising of waterway barrier works.
PO27 Fish ways are designed, constructed and operated to ensure flows and releases of water do not result in adverse impacts to fish or fish passage .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO27. All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed and maintained in compliance with the relevant accepted development requirement (ADR) for operational work that is the construction or raising of waterway barrier works.
 PO28 The development is designed, constructed and operated to ensure fishway operational issues are promptly rectified for the life of the fishway including: all components are designed to be durable, reliable and adequately protected from damage during high flow and flood events all components can be replaced; and a contingency plan ensures provision of alternate adequate fish passage during the fish way reinstatement process. 	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO28. All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed and maintained in compliance with the relevant accepted development requirement (ADR) for operational work that is the construction or raising of waterway barrier works.
PO29 The development is designed to allow for installation of monitoring equipment and to allow access for monitoring and maintenance.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO29. Access to water for monitoring and maintenance will be allowed where possible.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO30	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO30.
Fish ways are designed, constructed and operated to		All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed
source water supply from surface water or equivalent		and maintained in compliance with the relevant
water quality.		accepted development requirement (ADR) for
		operational work that is the construction or raising of
		waterway barrier works.
PO31	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO31.
Tailwater control structures are designed, constructed		All proposed waterway barrier works will be constructed
and maintained to allow for fish passage .		and maintained in compliance with the relevant
		accepted development requirement (ADR) for
		operational work that is the construction or raising of
		waterway barrier works.
Development involving floodgates		T
PO32 The design, construction and operation of a	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
floodgate does not result in adverse impacts on <i>fish, fish</i>		No floodgates are proposed as part of the development.
passage or <u>fish habitat</u> .		
PO33 Floodgates are designed, constructed and	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	N/A.
maintained to ensure the invert is at bed level.		No floodgates are proposed as part of the development.
Temporary waterway barrier works		
PO34 The temporary <u>waterway barrier works</u> will exist	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO34.
only for a specified temporary period.		Temporary waterway barriers will be removed in
DO25 The termination was been in a series of the	No coortable outcome is preservited	accordance with timeframes specified in the ADR.
PO35 The temporary waterway barrier works provides	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO35.
adequate fish movement		All proposed temporary waterway barrier works will be constructed and maintained in compliance with the
PO36 The development is designed, constructed and	No accontable outcome is prescribed	relevant accepted development requirement (ADR). Complies with PO36.
maintained to ensure temporary barriers are removed	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	All proposed temporary waterway barrier works will be
and the bed and banks are returned to their original		constructed and maintained in compliance with the
profile and stability.		relevant accepted development requirement (ADR) for
prome and stability.		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
		operational work that is the construction or raising of
		temporary waterway barrier works.
PO37 Temporary waterway barrier works are designed,	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO37.
constructed and maintained to allow for downstream		All proposed temporary waterway barrier works will be
movement during works, where required by species		constructed and maintained in compliance with the
present.		relevant accepted development requirement (ADR) for
		operational work that is the construction or raising of
		temporary waterway barrier works.
PO38 The condition and value of aquatic macrophytes	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Complies with PO38.
and other fish habitats is maintained.		All proposed temporary waterway barrier works will be
		constructed and maintained in compliance with the
		relevant accepted development requirement (ADR) for
		operational work that is the construction or raising of
		temporary waterway barrier works. No impact to the
		condition and value of aquatic macrophytes and other
		fish habitats is expected.



STATE CODE 22: ENVIRONMENTALLY RELEVANT ACTIVITIES

Table 22.1: All development

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response		
All ERAs		ERA53(a) – Composting	ERA53(b) – Anaerobic	ERA63(b) – Sewage
			Digester	Treatment Plant
PO1 Development is suitably	AO1.1 Development meets the	'On the basis of the noise impa	act assessment conducted,	The STP will be fully enclosed
located and designed to avoid or	acoustic quality objectives for	the proposed SRAIP industrial	development, anaerobic	and has been appropriately
mitigate environmental harm to	sensitive receptors identified in the	digester / biogas plant and cor	mposting facility can	distanced from potential
the acoustic environment .	Environmental Protection (Noise)	comply with appropriate noise	e criteria at surrounding	sensitive receptors. The
	Policy 2019.	sensitive land uses. ¹		irrigation system will
		It is noted that the assessmen	t undertaken is based upon	distribute effluent above
		certain assumptions that warr	ant review through the	ground via coarse droplet
		application phase and for futu	re development	irrigation methods that
		applications as per section 2.5	Air and Noise Emissions in	minimise aerosols.
		ERA 53(b) Anerobic Digestate	Report.	Discussion on the above and
PO2 Development is suitably	AO2.1 Development meets the air	1 1 5		other measures to mitigate air
located and designed to avoid or	quality objectives of the			quality and noise impacts is
mitigate environmental harm to	Environmental Protection (Air)	5		provided in OWMR - Section 5
the air environment .	Policy 2019.	the relevant air quality guidelines can be achieved at		and Attachment D. ²
		sensitive receptors with the in	nplementation of	
		appropriate controls and man	agement measures'. ³	
PO4 Development is suitably	AO4.1 Development meets the	The composting area is	The AD is located a	The irrigation area is located
located and designed to avoid or	management intent, water quality	located at the top of the	sufficient distance from	100 m east of an ephemeral
mitigate environmental harm to	guidelines and objectives of the	sub-catchment. The facility	dams and surface waters	gully, 75 m southeast of the
the receiving waters environment.	Environmental Protection (Water	incorporates a feedstock	(refer section 5.4	closest dam and 1.2 km
	and Wetland Biodiversity) Policy	and windrow leachate	Geology and Hydrology	northwest of Warrill Creek as
	2019.	containment system, and	Table 5 – Hydrology	

 ¹ Draft Noise Impact Assessment SRAIP 6200 Cunningham Highway Kalbar (prepared by MWA Environmental, dated March 2020).
 ² Onsite Wastewater Management Report 6200 – 6206 Cunningham Highway, Kalbar, Queensland (prepared by Precise Environmental, dated 6 April 2020).

³ Draft Air Quality Impact Assessment SRAIP 6200 Cunningham Highway Kalbar (prepared by MWA Environmental, dated March 2020).



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response		
		stormwater management system designed for a 1 in 10 year rain event as per model condition requirements. Discussion on the above and other measures to mitigate environmental harm to receiving waters is provided in section 5.4 Geology and Hydrology Table 5 – Hydrology details of the site and surrounds). ⁴	details of the site and surrounds). ⁴ Discussion on the above and other measures to mitigate receiving water impacts potentially associated with the AD plant, and digestate liquid applications is provided in section 8.17 Environmental Monitoring and review. ⁴	shown in OWMR - Attachment A, Figures 4 and 5. ² The irrigation area has been specifically designed using MEDLI to maximise evapotranspiration in order to prevent ponding and runoff of effluent to surface waters. Discussion on the above and other measures to mitigate receiving water impacts is provided in OWMR - Section 5 and Attachment D ^{.2} This includes an Irrigation Area Management Plan.

⁴ Proposed Environmentally Relevant Activity 53(b) - organic material processing by anaerobic digestion: Proposed SRAIP 6200 – 6206 Cunningham Highway, Kalbar, Qld (prepared by Precise Environmental, dated 6 April 2020).



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response		
PO5 Development is designed to	No acceptable outcome is	Design and management	Design and management	Design and management
include elements which:	prescribed.	measures to mitigate	measures to mitigate	measures to mitigate
1. prevent or minimise the		potential impacts from	potential impacts from	potential impacts from
production of hazardous		hazardous contaminants are	hazardous contaminants	hazardous contaminants are
contaminants and waste as by-		discussed in discussed in	are discussed in	discussed in OWMR - Section
products; or		management measures	management measures	4, Section 5 and Attachment
2. contain and treat hazardous		Section 6.2.1 Feed Stock and	sections 8.21 to 8.7 ⁴	D. ²
contaminants on-site rather		Compost to 6.1 Emergency	These includes, yet are	These includes, yet are not
than releasing them into the		preparedness and response.	not limited to	limited to:
environment; and		These include, yet are not	implementation of:	- Rejection of trade waste
3. provide secondary		limited to implementation	- Feedstock acceptance	- Wet weather storage, or
containment to prevent the		of:	criteria and rejection of	licensed disposal of effluent,
accidental release of		- Feedstock acceptance	non-compliant materials	when irrigation is not possible
hazardous contaminants to		criteria and rejection of non-	- Undercover feedstock	(e.g. during / following rain
the environment from spillage		compliant materials	and digestate solids	events), and high level alarm
or leaks.		- A feedstock and windrow	storage leachate	warning of potential
		leachate containment	containment system	overflows
		system designed for a 1 in	- In process and end-	- Desludging and wash-down
		10 year rain event.	product quality	within a containment system
		- Quality assurance	assurance monitoring of	- Removal of sludge and solid
		monitoring of compost in	liquid digestate	waste by licensed contractor
		accordance with AS 4454-	- Quality assurance	- Storage of HAZMAT within
		2012: Composts, soil	monitoring of digestate	spill containment devices
		conditioners and mulches	solids in accordance with	- Emergency response
		- Storage of the limited, if	AS 4454-2012: Composts,	including spills shall be
		any, HAZMAT within spill	soil conditioners and	incorporated in SOPs.
		containment devices	mulches.	
		- Appropriate waste	- Storage of HAZMAT	
		management receptacles	within spill containment	
		and licensed disposal	devices	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response	
		- Emergency response including spills shall be incorporated in SOPs.	- Appropriate waste management receptacles and licensed disposal - Emergency response including spills shall be incorporated in SOPs.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO6 Environmentally hazardous materials located on-site are stored to avoid or minimise their release into the environment due to inundation during flood events.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Qld Globe contour layer indicates site elevations of the operational areas are 90 – 120 m AHD. The developed flood level (6/12 hr critical duration) nearest to subject area has been modelled at 80 – 83 m AHD (Q10 and Q100). ⁵
All development – matters of state e	environmental significance	

⁵ Integrated Water Management Plan – Scenic Rim Agricultural Industrial Precinct (Draft) (prepared Cardno, dated 13 December 2019).



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO7 Development is designed and	No acceptable outcome is	The activity does not involve disturbance to MSES vegetation.
sited to:	prescribed.	An MSES high ecological significance wetland is located ~ 2 km downstream.
1. avoid impacts on matters of		No other declared high ecological value waters (watercourses or wetlands) are located
state environmental		within a 5 km radius.
significance; or		Measures mitigating impacts to any receiving waters including MSES are discussed in PO4.
2. minimise and mitigate impacts		
on matters of state		
environmental significance		
after demonstrating avoidance		
is not reasonably possible; and		
3. provide an offset if, after		
demonstrating all reasonable		
avoidance, minimisation and		
mitigation measures are		
undertaken, the development		
results in an acceptable		
significant residual impact on		
a matter of state		
environmental significance.		
Statutory note: For Brisbane core		
port land, an offset may only be		
applied to development on land		
identified as E1		
Conservation/Buffer, E2 Open		
Space or Buffer/Investigation in the		
Brisbane Port LUP precinct plan.		



STATE CODE 25: DEVELOPMENT IN SOUTH EAST QUEENSLAND KOALA HABITAT AREAS

Table 25.2 Material change of use, operational work, building work and plumbing or drainage work.	

Performance outcomes	Response
PO1 Development supports connectivity between highly connected patches of	Complies with PO1.
mapped koala habitat areas.	The developable footprint of the Project is not within a Koala Assessable
	Development Area (KADA) mapping under the Planning Act 2016. The Project Site
	is also not mapped within a Koala Priority Area (KPA) or mapped under any Core
	Koala Habitat Area (CKHA). The removal of 20 individual NJKHT's is needed within
	the development footprint to establish the Project. These trees are highly
	fragmented and occur amongst the existing agricultural uses of cropping and
	grazing. The project will result in a financial offset contribution as well as voluntary
	plantings of Queensland Blue Gums across the project site (particularly within the
	proposed Overland Flow Path). This will enhance Koala movement around the
	outside of the industrial precinct.
PO2 Development supports safe koala movement by preventing fragmentation of	Complies with PO2.
patches of mapped koala habitat areas.	The developable footprint of the Project is not within a Koala Assessable
	Development Area (KADA) mapping under the Planning Act 2016. The Project Site
	is also not mapped within a Koala Priority Area (KPA) or mapped under any Core Koala Habitat Area (CKHA). The removal of 20 individual NJKHT's is needed within
	the development footprint to establish the Project. These trees are highly
	fragmented and occur amongst the existing agricultural uses of cropping and
	grazing. The project will result in a financial offset contribution as well as voluntary
	plantings of Queensland Blue Gums across the project site (particularly within the
	proposed Overland Flow Path). This will enhance Koala movement around the
	outside of the industrial precinct.
PO3 Development within a mapped koala habitat area is undertaken in a way that	NA.
prevents the risk of injury or death of koalas.	The developable footprint of the Project is not located within a Koala Assessable
	Development Area, or a Koala Priority Area. Further the Proposed Development
	does not occur within any mapped Core Koala Habitat Area. Notwithstanding, all
	clearing works will be undertaken generally in accordance with Schedule 11, Part 3
	of the Planning Regulation 2017 and general best practice for clearing.



PO4 Development does not compromise safe koala movement through	Complies with PO4.
impediments that restrict movements between highly connected patches of	developable footprint of the Project is not located within a Koala Assessable
mapped koala habitat areas.	Development Area, or a Koala Priority Area. Further the Proposed Development
	does not occur within any mapped Core Koala Habitat Area. Notwithstanding,
	movement opportunities for the Koala will remain along the western boundary of
	Lot 9, through the central portion of the study area along the lower slopes of the
	undulated low hill, and through the south-western corner of Lot 9 into Lot 2.
PO5 Development is designed and sited to:	Complies with PO5.
1. avoid impacts on matters of state environmental significance; or	The SRAIP has avoided impacts to MSES where possible and will result removal of
2. minimise and mitigate impacts on matters of state environmental significance	20 NJKHTs which constitutes a significant residual impact under the QEOP. The
after demonstrating avoidance is not reasonably possible; and	Applicant is committed to the provision of a financial offset to acquit the minor
3. provide an offset if, after demonstrating all reasonable avoidance,	significant residual impact for Koala in accordance with the QEOP. The avoidance,
minimisation and mitigation measures are undertaken, the development	minimisation and offset proposal is detailed in Appendix E.1 . Generally, avoidance
results in an acceptable significant residual impact on a matter of state	is demonstrated by siting the project away from the established Koala habitat
environmental significance.	areas located to the northwest of the subject property. The chosen development
	footprint is proposed due to topography constraints and maintaining direct access
Statutory note : For Brisbane core port land, an offset may only be applied to	to the Cunningham HWY. Where possible, the development footprint minimises
development on land identified as E1 Conservation/Buffer, E2 Open Space or	impacts to NJKHT's by changing the earthworks cut areas to avoid these trees.
Buffer/Investigation in the Brisbane Port LUP precinct plan.	

Table 25.3 Reconfiguring a lot

Performance outcomes	Response
PO6 Development supports connectivity between highly connected patches of	Complies with PO6.
mapped koala habitat areas.	The Project Site is not within a Koala Assessable Development Area (KADA)
	mapping under the Planning Act 2016. The Project Site is also not mapped within a
	Koala Priority Area (KPA) or mapped under any Core Koala Habitat Area (CKHA).
	The removal of 20 individual NJKHT's is needed within the development footprint
	to establish the Project. These trees are highly fragmented and occur amongst the
	existing agricultural uses of cropping and grazing. The project will result in an
	financial offset contribution as well as voluntary plantings of Queensland Blue
	Gums across the project site (particularly within the proposed Overland Flow



Performance outcomes	Response
	Path). This will enhance Koala movement around the outside of the industrial
	precinct.
PO7 Interfering with koala habitat as a result of the development does not	Complies with PO7.
compromise safe koala movement by preventing fragmentation of patches of	The Project Site is not within a Koala Assessable Development Area (KADA)
mapped koala habitat areas.	mapping under the Planning Act 2016. The Project Site is also not mapped within a
	Koala Priority Area (KPA) or mapped under any Core Koala Habitat Area (CKHA).
	The removal of 20 individual NJKHT's is needed within the development footprint
	to establish the Project. These trees are highly fragmented and occur amongst the
	existing agricultural uses of cropping and grazing. The project will result in an
	financial offset contribution as well as voluntary plantings of Queensland Blue
	Gums across the project site (particularly within the proposed Overland Flow
	Path). This will enhance Koala movement around the outside of the industrial
	precinct.
PO8 Interfering with koala habitat as a result of the development supports	Complies with PO8.
connectivity between highly connected patches of mapped koala habitat areas.	The Site is not located within a Koala Assessable Development Area, or a Koala
	Priority Area. Further the Proposed Development does not occur within any
	mapped Core Koala Habitat Area. Notwithstanding, movement opportunities for
	the Koala will remain along the western boundary of Lot 9, through the central
	portion of the study area along the lower slopes of the undulated low hill, and
	through the south-western corner of Lot 9 into Lot 2. The project will result in an
	financial offset contribution as well as voluntary plantings of Queensland Blue Gums across the project site (particularly within the proposed Overland Flow
	Path). This will enhance Koala movement around the outside of the industrial
	precinct.
PO9 Development supports safe koala movement by preventing fragmentation of	Complies with PO9.
patches of mapped koala habitat areas.	Movement opportunities for the Koala will remain along the western boundary of
	Lot 9, through the central portion of the study area along the lower slopes of the
	undulated low hill, and through the south-western corner of Lot 9 into Lot 2. The
	project will result in a financial offset contribution as well as voluntary plantings of
	Queensland Blue Gums across the project site (particularly within the proposed
	Overland Flow Path). This will enhance Koala movement around the outside of the
	industrial precinct. This outcome will further support the safe movement of Koalas



Performance outcomes	Response
	by preventing fragmentation of mapped koala habitats on site and ensuring Koalas
	are not attracted to within the SRAIP Industrial Precinct.
PO10 Development within a mapped koala habitat area is undertaken in a way	Complies with P10.
that prevents the risk of injury or death of koalas.	The Site is not located within a Koala Assessable Development Area, or a Koala
	Priority Area. Further the Proposed Development does not occur within any
	mapped Core Koala Habitat Area. Notwithstanding, all clearing works should be
	undertaken generally in accordance with Schedule 11, Part 3 of the Planning
	Regulation 2017 and general best practice for clearing.
PO11 Development is designed and sited to:	Complies with P11.
1. avoid impacts on matters of state environmental significance; or	The SRAIP has avoided impacts to MSES where possible and will result removal of
2. minimise and mitigate impacts on matters of state environmental significance	20 NJKHTs which constitutes a significant residual impact under the QEOP. The
after demonstrating avoidance is not reasonably possible; and	Applicant is committed to the provision of a financial offset to acquit the minor
3. provide an offset if, after demonstrating all reasonable avoidance,	significant residual impact for Koala in accordance with the QEOP. The avoidance,
minimisation and mitigation measures are undertaken, the development	minimisation and offset proposal is detailed in Appendix E.1. Generally, avoidance
results in an acceptable significant residual impact on a matter of state	is demonstrated by siting the project away from the established Koala habitat
environmental significance.	areas located to the northwest of the subject property. The chosen development
	footprint is proposed due to topography constraints and maintaining direct access
Statutory note: For Brisbane core port land, an offset may only be applied to	to the Cunningham HWY. Where possible, the development footprint minimises
development on land identified as E1 Conservation/Buffer, E2 Open Space or	impacts to NJKHT's by changing the earthworks cut areas to avoid these trees.
Buffer/Investigation in the Brisbane Port LUP precinct plan.	